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The Irish Times

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1927. VOL. LXIX. No. 21,963.

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ROLL OF HONOUR.
In Memoriam.
(1914-1918.)

BLACK—In fond remembrance of our darling Desmond, youngest dearly-loved son of Mr. and Mrs. Gerard Black, who passed to eternal rest, from illness contracted on war service, September 9th, 1926, aged 27 years.
He was one of the bravest,
One of the best;
Now in God's keeping,
Safe at rest.

EATON—In proud and loving memory of Captain Guy Wellesley Eaton, M.C., 8th Battalion R.I.F., killed in action September 7th, 1916. Resurgam.

JAMES—In very loving memory of our dear son, Tom James, Lance-Corporal, R.D.F., who fell in action 9th September, 1916 (Ginchy), in his 21st year; also our nephew, William H. Lennon (Irish Guards), fell in action 9th September, 1917, in his 28th year, eldest son of late William Lennon, Birmingham. "Thy will be done."—J. and E. James

MURPHY—In loving memory of William J. Murphy (Bill), Captain, 9th Royal Dublin Fusiliers, killed in action at Ginchy, 9th September, 1916. R.I.P.

O'CONNELL—In loving memory of Donal C. O'Connell, second Lieutenant, Connaught Rangers, killed in action at Ginchy, 9th September, 1916; and Maurice J. O'Connell, Lieutenant, R.A., died of wounds in Mesopotamia, 30th July, 1918. R.I.P.

O'KEARNEY WHITE—In proud and loving memory of Ernest F., 9th Royal Dublin Fusiliers, missing, after the battle of Ginchy, 9th September, 1916.

STUDHOLME—Eleventh Anniversary—In everloving memory of Lance-Cpl. J. M. Studholme, Captain, 7th Leinsters, only surviving son of the late Joseph Studholme and of Mrs. Studholme, Ballyeighan, Birr, killed in action at Ginchy, September 9th, 1916.
Also in grateful memory of his brother officers—
Captain H. E. Downing,
Captain T. O. Purdon,
Captain J. Johnstone,
Lieutenant J. V. Foley,
Lieutenant H. A. H. Bren,
Lieutenant and Quartermaster P. J. Aherne,
Second lieutenant A. Bliss,
Second Lieutenant H. A. M. Oliphert,
Second Lieutenant W. McGowan,
And the Non-Commissioned Officers and Men of the 7th Leinsters, who bravely fought and fell at Guillemont and Ginchy, September 3rd to September 9th, 1916.

VIGORS—In honoured and very dear memory of Arthur Cecil Vigors, T.C.D., Second Lieutenant R.D. Fusiliers, killed in action at Ginchy, 9th September, 1916, aged 21 years; and Charles Henry Vigors, University College, Nottingham, Captain, M.C., Croix de Guerre, with Palm, 12th Cheshires, killed in action at "Pip" Alley, Ancre, 13th September, 1918, aged 28 years; only sons of the late Charles Henry Colman-Vigors and Mrs. Vigors, Blessington.
Undaunted by scathe of the battle flame and fire,
They offered their joyous youth and their manhood's crown;
Yielded the best in life, each hope, each dear desire,
And life itself laid down.
Thus they reached the eternal heights, and gained their guerdon. E. R.

WHITE BELL—In loving memory of John William White Bell, Captain, Royal Munster Fusiliers, killed in action at Ginchy, 9th September, 1916, only son of Archdeacon and Mrs. White Bell, and beloved husband of Mabel White Bell.

BIRTHS.

CAROLAN—September 2, 1927, at 23 Mount Eden road, Donnybrook, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Carolan, a daughter.

LADY—September 2, 1927, at 24 Strathearn road, Wimbledon Park, London, to Kathleen, wife of S. A. de Lacy, A.I.C., A.M.I., Chem.E., a daughter.

DUGGAN—September 7, 1927, at Lyndhurst, Vernon Gardens, Clontarf, to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Duggan, a daughter.

PAINE—September 3, 1927, at the Bevan Home, Sandgate, to Mamie (nee Barry), wife of Douglas Paine, The Willows, Lydd, Kent, a son.

WILSON—September 2, 1927, at 89 Lower Baggot street, Dublin, to Mr. and Mrs. Guy Moffat Wilson, Sydenham road, Dundrum, twin daughters.

MARRIAGE.

SWEET and GRIFFITH—August 20, 1927, at Christ Church Cathedral, Hamilton, Canada, by Rev. A. Thompson, Master of Ceremonies, Elizabeth (Bettye), daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Griffith, and grand-daughter of the late Dr. Richard Torney, of Dublin, Ireland, and Mrs. Torney, of Hamilton, Canada, to Theodore Allein Sweet, M.D., of Toronto, Canada.

SILVER WEDDING.

CATHCART and JAMES—September 9, 1902, at Donore Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Dr. Hamilton, Donald M., second son of Mr. and Mrs. James Cathcart, Dundrum, to Margaret Edith, third daughter of the late Mr. Thomas James and Mrs. James, of Dublin.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 8.

CZIZY—September 8, 1927, at Kingstown, Mrs. Elizabeth Czizy (nee Fosse, Gardiner), Lower George's street, late of Edgeworthstown. "He giveth His beloved sleep."

FLANAGAN—September 8, 1927, at a Private Nursing Home, Dun Laoghaire, Mary Florence, daughter of Mrs Flanagan, St. Patrick's terrace, Castlerea, County Roscommon, and sister of P. A. Flanagan, Clerk of District Council. Remains removed by motor to St. Patrick's Church, Castlerea, this (Friday) afternoon. Requiem Mass tomorrow (Saturday) morning at 11 o'clock. Funeral immediately afterwards to cemetery.

FOXALL—September 7, 1927, at Dublin, Astrea, dear daughter of the late William Foxall, and grand-daughter of the late Mrs. Cutler, 3 Mount Pleasant Villas, Bray. Funeral Service, at Christ's Church, Bray, to-morrow (Saturday), 10th inst., at 10 a.m. No flowers.

McCONNELL—September 6, 1927, at his residence, 66 Marlborough road, Donnybrook, George, dearly-beloved husband of Mary A. McConnell. Deeply mourned by his sorrowing wife and family. Funeral leaves St. Barnabas's Church at 9.30 a.m. to-day (Friday) for Mount Jerome. Canadian and Australian papers please copy.

McLARNON—September 8, 1927, suddenly, at Llandudno, William, dearly-loved husband of Marcon McLarnon. Funeral leaving 50 Eaton square, Terenure, at 9.30 to-morrow (Saturday) morning for Mount Jerome Cemetery.

McMAHON—September 1, 1927, at Nursing Home, London, Emily, beloved wife of George McMahon, R.I.P.

ROBERTSON—September 8, 1927, at the Adelaide Hospital, Frederick Thomas Robertson, dearly-beloved husband of Alice Robertson, 54 Raymond street, S.C.R., Dublin, and twin son of Florence and William Maclerie Robertson, Harold's Cross. Deeply mourned by his sorrowing wife, children, and family. "With Christ, which is far better." Funeral leaves hospital at 10 o'clock to-morrow (Saturday) morning for Mount Jerome.

WAKEFIELD—September 7, 1927, at his residence, 123 Rathgar road, William Wakefield. Funeral private. No flowers.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

The family of the late **Mr. Thomas Horbury** return sincere thanks to all who sympathised with them in the death of their father, also for floral tributes.

IN MEMORIAM.

ANDERSON—Second Anniversary—In memory of our dear father, Richard Louis Anderson, late of Prince William House, off Northumberland road and Hume street, Dublin, "whom God identified" and called Home unto Himself 9th September, 1925.
"There is a fountain filled with blood,
Drawn from Immanuel's veins;
And sinners plunged beneath that flood
Lose all their guilty stains."
Resting in peace. Inserted by family.

GLEESON—Eighth Anniversary—In ever-loving remembrance of our darling Christopher, who fell asleep September 9th, 1919, at his residence, 15 Mulgrave street, Limerick. "Asleep in Jesus." Inserted by his loving parents, sisters, and brothers.

O'CONNOR—Fourth Anniversary—In ever-loving memory of Mrs. Margaret O'Connor, Main street, Abbeyfeale, who died on September 9th, 1923. Sacred Heart of Jesus, have mercy on her soul. Masses will be offered to-day (Friday) for the repose of her soul at Roscrea, Limerick, Newcastle West, and Abbeyfeale. R.I.P. Inserted by her loving husband and children.

SWIFTE—September 9, First Anniversary—Sir Ernest and Lady Swifte. Sons Expectantes Quiescant.

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ALL MOTORISTS should read the Interesting Article, "The Last Word—The Road Yacht," by Captain W. G. Aston, which will appear in to-morrow's issue of "THE IRISH FIELD." On Sale at all Newsagents. Price 2d.

DIET AND THE TEETH.—Read the "Health Talks" by a Physician, in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" To-day. Price Twopence.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times," and the "Irish Field" can be had immediately after the arrival of the trains, from Mr. M. F. Gorry, Harbour street.

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LIMERICK—Advertisements for the "Irish Times" can be handed in at Hurley's Newsagency, Sarsfield street, Limerick.

DOUGLAS, Isle of Man—The "Irish Times" can be had at 2 Seamount, Queen's Prom., Mr. B. M. Keogh, and at Mr. B. Fielding's, Victoria street, and Walpole avenue.

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¶Nankin	7,000	Sep. 17		Colombo & C'cutta
Mooltan	21,000	Sept. 23	Sept. 30	A'tralia, via B'bay
¶Mongolia	16,500	Sept. 23	Sept. 30	Strts. China, Japan
¶Rawalpindi	16,500	Sept. 30	Oct. 7	Bombay & Karachi
China	8,000	Oct. 6	Oct. 13	Bombay & Karachi
¶Comorin	15,000	Oct. 7		Strts. China, Japan
¶Canton	11,000	Oct. 7	Oct. 14	Strts. China, Japan
Kaiser-i-Hind	7,500	Oct. 14		Bombay & Karachi
Khiva	9,000	Oct. 15		Strts. China, Japan
Ranchi	16,800	Oct. 14	Oct. 21	Bombay & Karachi
¶Nagova	9,000	Oct. 20		Colombo & C'cutta
¶Kashgar	9,000	Oct. 20		Strts. China, Japan
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Mandala	8,246	Sept. 17	Sept. 24	Madras & Calcutta
Mantola	8,963	Sept. 21	Sept. 30	East African Ports
Dumana	6,600	Sept. 17	Oct. 1	Bombay & Karachi
Morlais	6,238	Oct. 1	Oct. 8	Madras & Calcutta
Gambada	5,307	Oct. 8	Oct. 15	Bombay & Karachi
Madura	9,975	Oct. 15	Oct. 22	Madras & Calcutta
Modasa	9,007	Oct. 15	Oct. 22	East African Ports
Mandala	9,303	Oct. 22	Oct. 29	Madras & Calcutta
Matiana	9,066	Nov. 16	Nov. 28	East African Ports

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In any part of Ireland and Great Britain, to all respectable persons, on Note of Hand. Loans arranged by post without interview. No fees charged or beforehand charges.
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ROSS'S HOTEL, LTD., DUN LAOGHAIRE (KINGSTOWN).
R.I.A.C. and A.A. Appointments.
Free Garage. Moderate Rates. Excellent Cuisine.
Central Heating and Electric Lighting.
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Beautifully situated, facing Pier.
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Ideally situated centre of Promenade. Good Table. Moderate Terms.
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CHARMINGLY SITUATED ON SEA FRONT IN OWN GROUNDS.
A MODERN HOTEL WHICH PROVIDES EVERY COMFORT WITH REASONABLE CHARGES.
Saloon Car meets Visitors' Trains by arrangement. Excellent Train and Motor Bus Service every half hour to Dublin.
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13 MINUTES FROM DUBLIN.
A HOTEL OF CHARM AND COMFORT.
Facing South, with sea views from all rooms.
Extensive pleasure grounds and outdoor games. Sun Verandah.
Adjacent to Sutton and Portmarnock Links.
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NOTED FOR GOOD COOKING, QUICK SERVICE, MODERATE CHARGES. FAMOUS FOR OYSTERS.

LONDON—DEAN HOTEL, 87 Oxford st., W.1. Centre of Shops, Theatres; Room, Breakfast, Bath, Attendance, from 8/6; hot, cold water all rooms. Gerrard 7—Telegrams, Westecost, London.

LONDON.—TAVISTOCK HOTEL, Covent Garden (2 mins. Tube); bedroom, breakfast, bath, attendance, 9/6; Double Bedroom, 16/6.

SOUTHPORT.—"Clifton Hotel." Prom. (Largest Unlicensed); Orchestra; Garage. Splendid Golf and Tennis Centre. Tel. 641, Grams, "Resting."

BLACKPOOL—Queen's Hydro Hotel, South Promenade, fully licensed; A.A.; lift; garage; orchestra; near open air baths and golf links, from 14/-. F. G. Groenert, Manager (late Albion Hotel, Manchester). Telegrams "Progress, Blackpool. 'Phone 730.

LLANDUDNO—Ormeschiffe Hotel, sea front; accom. 300; orchestra; dances daily; garage.

LLANDUDNO—LLENORMES, cent. of Prom., entirely up-to-date; ex.cu. Terms mod. Tel. 643.

DOUGLAS, Isle of Man—The "Irish Times" can be had at 2 Seamount, Queen's Prom., Mr B. M. Keogh, and at Mr. B. Fielding's, Victoria street, and Walpole avenue.

ISLE OF MAN—Castletown Golf Links and Hotel, under new management. Premier 18-hole links on island. Excellent cuisine. Inclusive terms from 13/6. Apply THE SECRETARY.

BOARDING AND HOTELS.

AT Ray's, Fitzwilliam place, Dublin—High class Board Residence; moderate. 'Phone—61295. T

AT the Swiss Private Hotel, 54 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin. Select place. English and French Kitchen. Restaurant open to non-residents. Telephone 61653. T

AT Avoca House, 52 Harcourt street—Full or Partial Board, good catering, every convenience.—Miss Seymour. 7 A

BETTYSTOWN Hydro—ideal health and pleasure resort; golf, tennis, bathing; from 3 guineas. 'Phone 20. 8 3

BANGOR, Down—Mayfield Boardinghouse, 53 Princetown road; select, comfortable, central; moderate.

BLACKPOOL, N.—Southbourne Boarding Establishment, 17 Derby road; sea view; terms moderate; midday dinner.—Brookes. 24 19

DUBLIN Civic Week—Fitzwilliam Hotel, 11 Upper Fitzwilliam street; comfortable; moderate; central. Telephone, 62949. 12 6

DUBLIN Civic Week—Southern Hotel, 59 Lower Baggot street; select, quiet, comfortable.—Miss Sheehy, Proprietress. 5 7

DUBLIN—Wellington Hotel, 89 Harcourt street; quiet, select, very comfortable; excellent cooking; central; moderate.

DOUGLAS, Isle of Man—Comfortable Apartments, at 118 Buck's road; Tea, Bed and Breakfast, 5/6 each. 24 19

DOUGLAS, Isle of Man—The "Irish Times" can be had from Mr B. Fielding, Victoria street. T

HARROGATE—Cotsgarth House, Private Hotel, facing Stray; from 10/6 daily. 'Phone, 3402. 17 X

KINGSTOWN—Commercial Hotel, 36 Upper George's street. Homely and comfortable. Very moderate.

LLANDUDNO—Adelphi Boarding Est., Central Promenade; excellent table; close pier; amusements; special September and October terms.—Mrs. Martin. 8 2

LLANDUDNO—Homestead, Arvon avenue—Board Residence; central; moderate terms. Apply Miss Chapman. 8 X

OSBORNE House, 24 Loch Promenade, Douglas—Full Board 7/6 per day; board optional; personal supervision.—Proprietress, Mrs. Geoghegan. X

PORTRUSH—Oakdene, Golf Terrace; convenient golf station, etc.; excellent cuisine.—Mrs. Macfarlane. T

SKERRIES—Guest House, sea front—Board, Rooms; week, month; excellent cuisine, liberality of table; terms moderate.—McHugh. 17 6

TRIM—Railway Hotel, spacious, very comfortable, fully licensed; liberal table, piano, garage h. and c. bath; bus for Dublin, etc., passes twice daily; terms moderate; 'Phone 13.—James Brogan, Proprietor. 6 8

WOMBOURNE, Clarence Gardens, Llandudno—Board Residence; open views; 3 minutes sea, adjoining tennis; terms moderate.—Brown. 24 X

STAY AT THE NORLAND
Two Real Lesser Hotels For Gentlefolk.
200 Rooms.
Renowned Cuisine.
3 to 5 gns. weekly. Room & Breakfast, 7/6 to 9/6.
NORLAND HOTELS,
Granville Place, Oxford Street, London, W. 1.
'Phones: Mayfair 1468, 3938-9. Tariff on application.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.
JOHN BERMINGHAM, late of Killaderry, Daingean, in the County Offaly, Retired Farmer, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given that by his Will, dated the 11th day

Motor Matters, Cycles, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

A REPAIR Shop, second to none for efficiency and fair prices is maintained at 57 and 58 Lower Baggot street, Dublin, by Lincoln and Nolan, Ltd. Distributors for Sunbeam, Austin, and Clyno Cars. T

SUNBEAM AND ANSALDO CARS. Spare Parts and Service. T. J. ROGERS, 42-5 SOUTH KING ST., DUBLIN. T

FIAT CARS. "Authorised Dealers." L.S.E. MOTOR CO. LTD. 35 NORTH FREDERICK STREET. 'Phone 4030. DUBLIN. 'Grams, Elsenco. T

W. GREENHALGH. Magneto and Dynamo Repair Specialist, 18 HAWKINS ST., DUBLIN. 'Phone 1932. X

A MAXWELL Touring Car, late 1925, in good order, taxed end of year; reasonable price.—K 314, this office. 5 F

CARS to drive yourself. Inquire terms, O'Connell Bridge Garage, 2 Aston's place. 'Phone, 1251. 8 E

CITROEN 7.5 Two Seater for Sale, very good order, taxed, insured; £50; seen by appointment.—K 196, this office. 5 E

CALTHORPE 4 Seater, good running order, five good tyres, electric lights and self starter; £45; seen by appointment.—K 184, this office. 5 E

CITROEN (De Luxe) Tourer, 1926, taxed end month, practically new, owner driven; any trial.—Grogan, Fairview avenue. 6 E

DRIVE Yourself—A large selection of good Cars to choose from; charges moderate; 2 and 4/5 Seaters. Andrew J. Doyle, 53 South King street, Dublin. 'Phone, 2721.

DEMONSTRATION 1927 Galloway 2 Seater, maker's guarantee, £260.—The L.S.E. Motor Co., Ltd., 35 North Frederick street.

DRIVE Yourself—Reliable Cars, any period, reasonable terms; country, touring and evening parties catered for. Apply Briggs, 18 Fitzwilliam square. 6 F

ERSKINE Saloon 1927 Demonstration Model, 10/15 H.P. Fiat, 1926, taxed to 31st December; both in guaranteed condition; subject to any trial.—The Garage, Dawson lane, Dublin. 7 F

FIAT CARS. Authorised Dealers; JOHN O'NEILL, LTD. 25 ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN. X

FIAT Cars, all the newest models in stock, for immediate delivery.—Andrew J. Doyle, Fiat Depot, 51 South King street, Dublin. 'Phone, 2721. T

FORD Fordor Saloon, perfect condition, balloon tyres, as new, clock, speedometer, and numerous other accessories; bargain £150; taxed until 1928.—O'Neill and Sons, Ltd., 13 South King street. 5 E

FORD Sedan, Ton Truck, Touring Car; immediate delivery.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 5 E

FOR Sale, Ford Sedan, 1926; perfect order; any trial. Apply C. Hicker, Belgaddy, Clondalkin, Co. Dublin. 6 F

FORD Touring Car, £10 tax, perfect order; price £85 or best offer.—K 315, this office. 6 F

FOR Sale, 1925 Morris Oxford, perfect condition; £135; or would take larger Car in Part Payment. Address "Z 991, Motor," this office. 7 F

FOR Sale, Ford Car, with Bosch magneto. What offers?—Verschoyle, Dunkineely, Ireland.

GNOME Two Seater Car, Demonstration Model; to-day's price £140, our price £40.—42 Peolbeg street, Dublin. 8 F

HUMBER CARS.

Authorised Dealers; JOHN O'NEILL, LTD., 25 ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN. X

HUMBER 8 h.p. Two Seater, good condition, tax paid.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 5 E

IF you require a good Secondhand Morris Cowley, apply to Carton's Motor Works, The Square, Newtownbarry. 6 E

LATE 1926 Armstrong Siddeley 14 h.p. Saloon; owner buying larger Saloon, same make.—K 358, this office. 5 E

LIGHT Saloon Car, 1927 model, for immediate Sale, small mileage, new condition; owner going abroad. K 338, this office. 6 F

MORRIS Oxford 2/3 Seater, with Double Dicky rear wind screen, perfect condition, tax paid to 1928, cost about £300, little used; cash price £165.—Andrew Doyle, 51 South King street. 'Phone 2721. 5 F

MORRIS Cowley 1926 Model F.W.B. 2/3 Seater, with Double Dicker tax paid to 1928; cash price £115.—Andrew Doyle, 51 South King street. 'Phone, 2721. 5 F

MORRIS Oxford 5 Seater Tourer, 1925, F.W.B., mileage 11,000; carefully used and in very good order and condition; price £190; owner going abroad. Address "Z 966, Motor," this office. 6 F

MORRIS Cowley Touring Model; tax paid to 1928; new tyres, self starter, all weather side curtains; any trial or examination; cash price £100.—Andrew J. Doyle, Fiat Agent, 51 South King street. 'Phone 2721. 7 F

OVERLAND De Luxe, in perfect condition, recently overhauled; best offer accepted.—K 174, this office. 5 E

PEUGEOT Coupe, 7/12 h.p., tax paid to 1928 Irish Free, cost over £200, perfect cash price, £140.—Andrew Doyle, 51 South King street. 'Phone 2721. 5 F

RILEY 4 Seater; starter, lighting, two spare wheels; in perfect order; seen by appointment.—Scallan, 9 Lower Pembroke street. 6 F

RENAULT (1925) Four Seater for Sale; privately owned; as Factory Brand. 6 F

VULCAN Four Seater, in perfect order, driven by elergyman throughout; purchased Sedan; tax paid to end of year.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 5 E

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED.

EXPERIENCED Chauffeur Wanted for private car. Apply 45 Dawson and Co., Ltd., Stafford street, Dublin. 7 A

GROOM Chauffeur Wanted, County Dublin, care of motor, help in stables; good horseman essential. K 576, this office. 8 B

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR Mechanic wants situation, private or commercial; excellent references; all repairs.—Bolger, 108 Pembroke road, Ballsbridge. 6 F

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

TYPEWRITING AND COPYING SERVICES.

ALL Duplicating, Manuscript Copying, Confidential Correspondence, Technical Translations carried out rapidly.—Kinnerney Secretarial Service, 35 Dawson street. 'Phone, 4557. T

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS.

JUNIOR Clerk—Well educated Youth desires position in Solicitor's Office; highest references.—3579, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 5 E

LAW Clerk; 5 years' experience District, Circuit, Bankruptcy and High Court work, also general office routine, bookkeeping and typewriting, excellent references, desire change. Apply K 536, this office. 8 B

YOUTH for Solicitor's Office, Dublin; knowledge of Circuit and District Courts essential, general office routine. Apply, with particulars, and state salary expected, K 491, this office. 7 F

MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

ASSISTANT (Lady), thoroughly experienced, desires Part Time, October. Address "Z 929, Assistant," this office. 5 E

APPRENTICE, with Prelim., required Western Pharmacy, R.C.; indoor; fee; copy reference. Address "Z 976, Apprentice," this office. 6 F

APPRENTICE Wanted in high class Provincial Pharmacy, Midlands; fee required; indoor. Address "Z 979, Apprentice," this office. 6 F

ATTENDANT, Protestant, settled, for elderly or invalid lady; disengaged.—K 426, this office. 7 F

APPRENTICE—Young Lady with one year's experience, Prelim., desires to complete term in a Dublin Pharmacy, or district; good reference; well recommended. Address K 523, this office. 8 B

CHEMIST, 14 years' city and country experience, seeks position.—K 228, this office. 5 E

CHEMIST'S Assistant Wanted at once; state salary, experience, etc.—K 302, Irish Times Branch Office, Cork. 6 E

DENTAL Practice for Sale in Southern Ireland, established twenty-five years; no accounts, all cash; cheap to good reason for disposal. Address "Z 817, Practice," this office. 8 2

DENTAL Practice, Londonderry, for Sale, established 20 years, furniture complete; long lease. Address "Z 1060, Dental," this office. 8 B

HIGHLY respectable person desires situation as Nurse Attendant; R.C.; excellent paper.—K 508, this office. 8 B

INVALID Attendant seeks engagement; care old lady or gentleman; good references. Address "Z 926, Attendant," this office. 5 E

INVALID Bath Chair, perfect order, immediate Sale. Address "Z 1012, Chair," this office. 7 A

JUNIOR Assistant seeks position in city Pharmacy; moderate salary; good testimonials. Address "Z 967, Assistant," this office. 5 F

MATERNITY Patients received Nurse's Private House, 54 Shelbourne road, Dublin. 'Phone 886 Ballsbridge. 6 D

REST for the Dying, Camden row, Dublin—Wanted, Probationer Nurses (Protestant), age from 17 years; salary and indoor uniform given; no fee required. Apply by letter, Matron. 8 F

WANTED, Nurse for Home, in Southern city. Apply, stating salary required, to "Z 1028, Nurse," this office. 8 F

WANTED, position, Apprentice, in good Pharmacy, Boy, passed Preliminary; indoor; fee if required. Address "Z 1034, Boy," this office. 8 B

WANTED, Qualified Chemist, for fortnight's Locum, Dublin suburbs.—K 554, this office. 8 B

WANTED, Qualified Nurse Attendant and Housekeeper, for elderly single gentleman; R.C., active, but fully domesticated; give particulars of training and experience; state salary. Reply N 46, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 7 F

EDUCATIONAL.

TUITIONS AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

ALL Professional and University Prelims.; Oral and Correspondence Courses; list free.—McGUINE'S COLLEGE, Gardiner's row, Dublin. T

AT Emerson's College, 3 Eccles street, Dublin—Special Classes forming for Writing Assistants, Government Typists, and Railway Examinations, announced for 18th October, 13th December, 1927, respectively. Intending candidates write or call immediately. 7 A

A YOUNG Lady, of ten years' residence in Vienna, wishes to give Lessons in German.—K 600, this office. 8 B

ASSOCIATION Football—Notes by a Special Correspondent appear in the "Weekly Irish Times" today. Price twopence. 6 E

BRAY—Lady starting small Class (Beginners), would like to hear from parents interested; near station; Protestant; highest testimonials.—H 10, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

CERTIFICATED Lady Teacher, L.R.A.M., medallist in pianoforte, singing, and aural training. Royal Academy of Music, London, has vacancies for a few Pupils; terms above reproach.—K 325, this office. 7 F

CROSS-WORD Puzzler—Cash prizes are offered for Solutions in the "Weekly Irish Times." On sale to-day. Price twopence. 6 E

DIET and the Teeth—Read the "Health Talks," by a Physician, in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 6 E

ENTRANCE Exam. Dairies Examinations, Trinity and Queen's Colleges—Numerous successes.—Henry French, M.A., 5 Dartmouth square. 8 B

GOVERNESS required to teach two boys, morning hours; young children; excellent references.—K 587, this office. 8 B

LADY, Church of England, desires Tuitions; excellent testimonials; music, subjects, good music, French, elementary Latin.—K 563 this office. 8 B

LADY recommends her Visiting Governess; good musician; high references.—H 0 431, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

MEERSON—School for little children Re-opens September 15th.—K 544, this office. 6 B

TUITIONS CONTINUED

MISS F. Levenston, daughter late Professor Levenston, has vacancies for Pupils, Violin, Piano, Mandolin, etc. Pupils prepared and successfully passed, London College of Music.—79 Lower Leeson street. 6 F

MATRICULATED Student wishes post as Tutor Companion; games; would travel. Address "Z 980, Student," this office. 6 F

MISS Winifred Aykroyd, L.R.A.M., gives Piano Lessons at her own or pupil's residence. Term starts September 19th. Fees 3 guineas per term, beginners 2½ guineas. Address Newtown House, Intiragar. 8 F

NEEDLEWORK, Dressmaking, Embroidery Classes, private lessons.—Miss Smallman, 2 Victoria road, Rathgar.

NURSERY Governess, R.C., desires engagement; needlewoman; references. Address "Z 989, Governess," this office.

PIANOFORTE Teacher has vacancies for Pupils; beginners a speciality; all exams.—K 590, this office. 8 F

PUPIL of Vienna masters would give Lessons in Piano.—K 601, this office. 7 F

PIANOFORTE Teacher, qualified, has few Vacancies; well recommended.—G 99, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

RESIDENT Tutor disengaged; highest qualifications and references; very successful backward pupils; moderate.—K 476, this office. 7 A

REFINED young Lady, holding University Certificate, desires post as Governess; state terms. Address "Z 1022, Governess," this office. 7 B

SHORTHAND, Typewriting, in half usual time; personal tuition.—Murphy, 16 Appian Way. 12 6

VISITING Governess, R.C., desires Tuitions, school and private experience.—67 Richmond road, Drumcondra. 6 E

VIOLIN or Piano Lessons, Rathmines district—Qualified Teacher, R.I.A.M. system; special attention to beginners; pupils prepared for examinations if desired.—St. Anthony's, Chesmir road, Harold's Cross. 8 B

WEST End, London, experience, Higher Local Oxford-Cambridge trained Teacher, Linguists, Pianiste, Gentlewoman, experienced boys and girls, any age, seeks Visiting Tuitions, Dublin or suburbs. Address "Z 1004, Teacher," this office. 7 E

WIRELESS—A Five-Valve Circuit is illustrated in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 6 F

YOUR Character told from your Handwriting by an Expert. See the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 6 F

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

AGENT FOR GOVERNESSES AND SCHOOLS. Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton street, Dublin. Advises Parents and Managers. Tel. No. 5258. 7

BRIGHT, capable, R.C. Nursery Governess required, County Dublin. Address, with copies, stating age, salary expected, "Z 915, Governess," this office.

LADY wishes Lessons in the French language, evenings; native teacher preferred.—K 565, this office.

NURSERY Governess, experienced, for boy of six; hours 10.30 to 7 p.m. Apply by letter only, giving references, etc., to Mrs. E. G. Goodbody, Ardtalleu, Dalkey, Co. Dublin. 6 F

REGISTERED Secondary Teacher Wanted immediately for City School, Boys'; subjects optional.—K 615, this office. 8 F

TUITION required daily for boy of ten; Rathgar district.—K 608, this office.

WANTED, for Girl of 10 years, young Resident Governess (Protestant); French, music, drawing. Address "Z 934, Governess," this office. 6 F

WANTED, Nursery Governess, help in house; maid kept; one child; Protestant; country. Address "Z 1015, Governess," this office. 7 A

WANTED immediately, trained Protestant Assistant Substitute for National School, for 4 months.—1400 Irish Times Branch Office, Cork. 8 B

WANTED, second year Irish; moderate; Rathmines. W 0 428, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

A YOUNG Man wants position as Van Driver, horse or motor; £30 given cash security if position of trust and excellent references if required. Address "Z 1039, Man," this office.

ARCHITECT'S Tracer and General Clerk desires position in Architect's Office, Business or Timber Merchant's; five years in present post; good all round experience and bookkeeping. Address "Z 658, Tracer," this office.

BUILDER'S General Foreman, qualified draughtsman, quantity surveyor; references architects, builders.—K 265, this office.

BOY, 16, Protestant, wishes Apprenticeship, Gent.'s Tailoring. Address "Z 1006, Apprentice," this office.

BOOT Trade—Capable Charge Hand and Buyer, Protestant, desires change; first class references; expects liberal salary. Address "Z 990, Charge Hand," this office.

BOY, 16, leaving school, wishes to be apprenticed to Carpentry, high class trade.—536, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray.

DRESSMAKER wants work, ladies's houses; experienced, quick worker.—1211, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge. 7 A

GENTLEWOMAN, R.C., middle-aged, wishes post, Housekeeper; needlewoman, nursing certificate; excellent references.—K 462, this office. 7 A

LADY desires situation as Housekeeper, or would look after an Invalid; good references. Address "Z 909, Housekeeper," this office. 5 E

LADY Bookkeeper and Cashier desires position; at present engaged, 4 years' experience; excellent references.—K 335, this office. 6 F

LADY, R.C., about 48, desires post, Companion Help; kind, cheerful; moderate salary; highly recommended. Address "Z 1019, Help," this office. 7 A

LADY desires post, Housekeeper to gentleman, city or suburbs; highly recommended.—K 591, this office. 8 B

MOTOR CYCLES.

NORTONS. A FEW 1927 4.90 O.H.V. Models at Clearance Prices.—J. J. KELLY, 27 BACHELOR'S WALK, DUBLIN. X

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern street (opposite Four Courts), new garage. T

MATCHLESS Combination, 6 h.p., spring frame model, 1921), speedometer, fairing, sunshine wheel; good condition; what offers?—K 616, this office. 8 A

NORTONS—A few 1927 4.90 O.H.V. Models at clearance prices.—J. J. Kelly, 27 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. T

TRIUMPH Motor Cycles, all models, for cash and easy payments. Authorised Retail Depot: Andrew J. Doyle, 51 South King street, Dublin. 7 F

VELOCETTE Motor Cycles—Inspect New Models. Sole Agents: Henkil Motors, Molesworth place.

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

COMMER Cars can now be obtained on the Hire Purchase System. Apply Collier, Main street, Bray, Co. Wicklow.

FOR Sale, 30 Cwt. Berliet Van, O'Gorman body; seen by appointment.—Box 320, Eason's Advertising Service, Dublin. 8 B

OVERTIME General Purpose Farm Tractor, F.M.O., for trial or for sale; cost price, £350; most of cost. Full particulars 32 Havelock square, Sandymount, Dublin. 7 A

PEERLESS Lorry and Trailer, from 6-10 ton, ready for trial run; price moderate.—2 Marshalsea lane, Dublin. 6 X

SALOON 'Buses, 14 Seater, new condition, ready for service; very cheap to immediate purchaser.—42 Peolbeg street, Dublin. 8 F

WANTED.

WANTED immediately, Ton Motor Van or Lorry, good running order; state price (moderate), where seen.—Richardson, Ashbourne, Meath. 7 A

WANTED.

AUSTIN 7 or other Light Car Wanted; state year, condition, price, where seen.—K 493, this office. 7 A

MORRIS Oxford Two Seater Wanted, 1927 only; state price and mileage.—K 468, this office. 7 A

MOTOR Wanted for occasional days to Delgany or Portmarnock Golf Clubs; state price.—K 594, this office.

WANTED, Two Seater Car, late year, privately owned; no dealers; must be in perfect order. Address "Z 997, Motor," this office. 7 A

WANTED to Buy, Car suitable for taxi, cheap. Apply 542, Irish Times Branch Office, Ranelagh. 7 A

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ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

ALL Dominion Royal Cord Tyres are good Tyres; all sizes in stock.—H. Sinclair, 35 Westland Row. 'Phone, 62749. Telegrams, "Motostyres." Open until 6.30 Saturdays. Tyres fitted free. 5 X

GARAGE ACCOMMODATION AND REPAIRS.

GARAGE to Let, 1 Osmond road, off Palmerston road; electric light and water. Apply at above address. 5 E

GARAGE to Let, accommodate one or two cars; water, etc.; Booterstown.—K 417, this office. 7 A

MOTOR Car Repairs, Overhauls a speciality; new Hoods, Painting; high class work, reasonable terms.—18 Fitzwilliam square. 6 F

ROOM one car, private garage, Kilmainham.—K 175, this office. 5 E

BICYCLES.

AGENTS for all leading makes of Cycles; cash or easy payments.—Kelly, 27 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. T

LADY'S Bicycle, cost £6 6/-, Selling at £5; only three months in use.—K 542, this office.

SALE, Triumph Road Racer, in use two months, 12 months' guarantee, perfect condition; £6 10/-, delivered.—Hughes, Kimberley, Greystones. 7 A

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

DRIVER Mechanic wants commercial job; excellent references; all repairs.—K 276, this office.

EXPERIENCED Chauffeur, Protestant, disengaged; good, careful driver, 10 years' experience; do all repairs; can wait table, good plate cleaner; strict T.T., excellent testimonials. Address "Z 987, Chauffeur," this office. 7 F

FIRST class city Driver desires change, private or commercial; highly recommended.—K 317, this office. 6 F

YOUNG married Man seeks situation, Chauffeur Groom; generally useful; R.C.; good reference. Address "Z 918, Man," this office. 5 E

TUITIONS CONTINUED

MISS F. Levenston, daughter late Professor Levenston, has vacancies for Pupils, Violin, Piano, Mandolin, etc. Pupils prepared and successfully passed, London College of Music.—79 Lower Leeson street. 6 F

MATRICULATED Student wishes post as Tutor Companion; games; would travel. Address "Z 980, Student," this office. 6 F

MISS Winifred Aykroyd, L.R.A.M., gives Piano Lessons at her own or pupil's residence. Term starts September 19th. Fees 3 guineas per term, beginners 2½ guineas. Address Newtown House, Intiragar. 8 F

NEEDLEWORK, Dressmaking, Embroidery Classes, private lessons.—Miss Smallman, 2 Victoria road, Rathgar.

NURSERY Governess, R.C., desires engagement; needlewoman; references. Address "Z 989, Governess," this office.

PIANOFORTE Teacher has vacancies for Pupils; beginners a speciality; all exams.—K 590, this office. 8 F

PUPIL of Vienna masters would give Lessons in Piano.—K 601, this office. 7 F

PIANOFORTE Teacher, qualified, has few Vacancies; well recommended.—G 99, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

RESIDENT Tutor disengaged; highest qualifications and references; very successful backward pupils; moderate.—K 476, this office. 7 A

REFINED young Lady, holding University Certificate, desires post as Governess; state terms. Address "Z 1022, Governess," this office. 7 B

SHORTHAND, Typewriting, in half usual time; personal tuition.—Murphy, 16 Appian Way. 12 6

VISITING Governess, R.C., desires Tuitions, school and private experience.—67 Richmond road, Drumcondra. 6 E

VIOLIN or Piano Lessons, Rathmines district—Qualified Teacher, R.I.A.M. system; special attention to beginners; pupils prepared for examinations if desired.—St. Anthony's, Chesmir road, Harold's Cross. 8 B

WEST End, London, experience, Higher Local Oxford-Cambridge trained Teacher, Linguists, Pianiste, Gentlewoman, experienced boys and girls, any age, seeks Visiting Tuitions, Dublin or suburbs. Address "Z 1004, Teacher," this office. 7 E

WIRELESS—A Five-Valve Circuit is illustrated in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 6 F

YOUR Character told from your Handwriting by an Expert. See the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 6 F

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

AGENT FOR GOVERNESSES AND SCHOOLS. Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton street, Dublin. Advises Parents and Managers. Tel. No. 5258. 7

BRIGHT, capable, R.C. Nursery Governess required, County Dublin. Address, with copies, stating age, salary expected, "Z 915, Governess," this office.

LADY wishes Lessons in the French language, evenings; native teacher preferred.—K 565, this office.

NURSERY Governess, experienced, for boy of six; hours 10.30 to 7 p.m. Apply by letter only, giving references, etc., to Mrs. E. G. Goodbody, Ardtalleu, Dalkey, Co. Dublin. 6 F

REGISTERED Secondary Teacher Wanted immediately for City School, Boys'; subjects optional.—K 615, this office. 8 F

TUITION required daily for boy of ten; Rathgar district.—K 608, this office.

WANTED, for Girl of 10 years, young Resident Governess (Protestant); French, music, drawing. Address "Z 934, Governess," this office. 6 F

WANTED, Nursery Governess, help in house; maid kept; one child; Protestant; country. Address "Z 1015, Governess," this office. 7 A

WANTED immediately, trained Protestant Assistant Substitute for National School, for 4 months.—1400 Irish Times Branch Office, Cork. 8 B

WANTED, second year Irish; moderate; Rathmines. W 0 428, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

A YOUNG Man wants position as Van Driver, horse or motor; £30 given cash security if position of trust and excellent references if required. Address "Z 1039, Man," this office.

ARCHITECT'S Tracer and General Clerk desires position in Architect's Office, Business or Timber Merchant's; five years in present post; good all round experience and bookkeeping. Address "Z 658, Tracer," this office.

BUILDER'S General Foreman, qualified draughtsman, quantity surveyor; references architects, builders.—K 265, this office.

BOY, 16, Protestant, wishes Apprenticeship, Gent.'s Tailoring. Address "Z 1006, Apprentice," this office.

BOOT Trade—Capable Charge Hand and Buyer, Protestant, desires change; first class references; expects liberal salary. Address "Z 990, Charge Hand," this office.

BOY, 16, leaving school, wishes to be apprenticed to Carpentry, high class trade.—536, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray.

DRESSMAKER wants work, ladies's houses; experienced, quick worker.—1211, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge. 7 A

GENTLEWOMAN, R.C., middle-aged, wishes post, Housekeeper; needlewoman, nursing certificate; excellent references.—K 462, this office. 7 A

LADY desires situation as Housekeeper, or would look after an Invalid; good references. Address "Z 909, Housekeeper," this office. 5 E

LADY Bookkeeper and Cashier desires position; at present engaged, 4 years' experience; excellent references.—K 335, this office. 6 F

LADY, R.C., about 48, desires post, Companion Help; kind, cheerful; moderate salary; highly recommended. Address "Z 1019, Help," this office. 7 A

LADY desires post, Housekeeper to gentleman, city or suburbs; highly recommended.—K 591, this office. 8 B

The OLDSMOBILE

SILENT SIX SALOON

At £325 plus Carriage

Gives in extra measure all the advantages associated with comfortable motoring—ample power and speed, good springing and four wheel brakes—unusually well finished and completely equipped. Models on view in our showrooms.

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'Phone 61647. Wires: "Carmen."

EMPLOYMENT WANTED CONTINUED.

SHORTHAND Typist, Boy, 17 years; first class certificates; accurate at figures; well recommended.—K 254, this office. 5 E

SETTLED person seeks situation as Housekeeper or General; recommended.—K 528, this office.

TYPIST and Shorthand Writer, desires change; Lady, with some experience, seeks employment.—K 442, this office. 7 A

WANTED, by respectable Protestant, elderly Widow, Dairy Duties, or Plain.—No. 1227, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock. 6 F

YOUNG Lady, with three years' English experience, Matriculation, just in good Office; desires typewriting; excellent reference.—541, Irish Times Branch Office, Ranelagh. 7 A

YOUNG Lady desires position as Companion, willing to assist with cooking or housework. Apply "Z 1031, Lady," this office.

YOUNG Man, C.I., with 8 years' experience of high class Grocery Trade, wishes to hear of a vacancy in a good house. Address "Z 1047, Man," this office. 8 A

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

RABBIT Trappers—Wanted, good Men; state terms.—Lombard, Grange, Buttevant. 6 F

WANTED, Man, drive, general Farm work, cattle; temperate; wages £25 yearly. Address "Z 933, Man," this office. 6 F

WANTED for Ireland, good, smart Stable Boy, wages 30/- per week, light, firing, lodging found. Apply Hope-Johnstone, Raehills, Lockerbie, N.B. 7 A

WANTED, Gamekeeper, young married man preferred; must have experience of grouse moor and salmon fishing; Protestant. Address "Z 995, Gamekeeper," this office. 7 F

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS WANTED.

STEWARD, Working, for Meath; must have a practical knowledge of farming and machinery; free house, garden, coal, milk. Full particulars, wages, etc., Hanbury, Somerstown, Trim. 5 E

WANTED, good Working Gardener, single handed; state terms expected, with house, firing.—Minchin, Annagh, Borrisokane. 7 E

MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

AT present engaged—Young Man Servant desires change, college or housework.—R 0 425, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 7 A

CAPABLE Man wants situation, Groom, charge small stables; years last place, Groom, Working Steward; go England.—Will's Agency, Richfield, Clonmel. 7 A

GROOM, long experience Hunters, young Horses, good discharges; nine years last place. Address "Z 968, Groom," this office. 6 F

GOOD General Man, understands all housework; good references.—Minnitt, Jorstown, Killucan, Co. Westmeath.

MARRIED Man seeks a situation as Groom or second Horseman.—K 416, this office. 7 A

MRS. Woods, 18 Nassau street, recommends Protestant Butler (married); Northern Ireland preferred; 5 years present situation.

YOUNG Man, R.C., strict T.T., age 20, seeks situation as General Indoor Servant; valet, wait at table, also good plain cook; disengaged shortly; good references. Address "Z 1021, Man," this office. 7 E

YOUNG Man desires position as Cook in large house or college; disengaged 1st October; excellent references. Address "Z 1052, Man," this office.

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Gardener in all branches of gardening; Wife good Cook (immediate employment); wages 30/- combined.—K 505, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 7 F

GARDENER, single, Protestant, wishes situation; indoor; good milker.—K 150, this office. 4 F

GENTLEMAN seeks Outdoor employment; experienced Steward (Gardening), exceptional testimonials for past work. Address "Z 993, Gentleman," this office. 7 A

GARDENER, qualified in laying out and remodelling gardens, tennis courts, etc. Address Joseph Murphy, 18 Upper Pembroke street, Dublin. 8 B

GARDENER wants Daily Work; experienced all branches; highly recommended.—K 559, this office.

GARDENER, first class, working, all branches, marketing, take job work.—Beck Lodge, Loreto Convent, Bray.

WANTED, situation as Working Gardener; married, two in family; highly recommended.—K., c/o Drummond, Dawson street. 7 A

DOMESTICS WANTED.

A NUMBER of well recommended young Domestics, all capacities; good wages; placed immediately.—Matron, Registry, Irish Times. 7 F

BETWEENMAID Wanted, house and kitchen; £20 £22; three maids.—Morgan, Crosscone, Thurles. 7 A

IRISH Family want capable German Maid (Catholic), general housework, suburbs Dublin; no washing or cooking; second maid kept; knowledge English unnecessary.—K 571, this office. 8 B

RESPECTABLE Girl Wanted, 3 days weekly, from 9 to 4, washing and housework; must have good references; North city.—K 453, this office.

WANTED, respectable Maid for general Housework, Dublin, South suburbs; must be well recommended. K 154, this office. 5 E

WANTED at once, young country Girl, fond of children. Apply, with references, 4 Cullenswood terrace, Ranelagh.

WANTED, Protestant Servant, one lady.—The Grost Britain, Esplanade, Bray. 5 E

"IRISH TIMES" SERVANTS' REGISTRY, 27, Under New Management HOURS: {10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Servants. 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Ladies. Saturday, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. 31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN. The Matron has several vacancies on her books for well recommended Domestics, trained or untrained. No fees charged.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

A COOK General and House Parlourmaid Wanted; latter must sew neatly; country, near Dublin; small family; good wages; both young.—K 442, this office. 7 A

AT "Irish Times" Registry—Good situations for young Cook Generals and House Parlourmaids; £30-£40; placed immediately. 7 D

COOK (General or Help Wanted; experienced; references.—Mrs. Early, Essex Lawn, Roscommon. 5 F

COOK General Wanted, professional gentleman, small family, West Brighton; liberal wages to reliable person. Address "Z 985, Cook," this office. 6 E

COOK General Wanted, smart, respectable Girl; good cooking essential. Apply Wilton Nursing Home, Wilton place. 7 E

GOOD plain Cook Wanted, early October, for King's Co.; kitchenmaid kept; must be under 40 years and live on; well recommended; good wages. Address "Z 949, Cook," this office. 6 E

NOTICE. IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper great care should be taken to include the catch word, when same is given, after the Office Number, thus—"Z 20, Housemaid" should be carefully written upon the envelope.

RESPECTABLE Cook Housekeeper Wanted, professional man, country town; housemaid kept.—K 482, this office. 6 E

CONTINUED ON PAGE 12.

RHEUMATIC MUSCULAR ARTHRITIC OR JOINT PAINS

GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF

Supplied in tubes 2 3/- treble size 5/- Of all Chemists, or direct, post free, from Gales Works, 59, Dingwall Road, Croydon

DIET AND THE TEETH.

READ THE HEALTH TALKS By a Physician IN THE Weekly Irish Times TO-DAY

If we have been higher animals averaging ten generations a year for 1,000 million years, then some 10,000 million generations may have brought us from jellyfish to men.—Dr. G. P. Bidder.

Energy

Rich crops of golden wheat, ripened in generous sunlight and converted into crisp, palate-pleasing shreds, provide abundant vitamins and boundless energy for the day's tasks or the day's play.

Be sure you get Shredded Wheat if you want the pure whole wheat. A splendid food—better than porridge—and needs no cooking.

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INDIGESTION SPOILS YOUR LIFE.

HOW TO END STOMACH TROUBLES.

Although indigestion may not be chronic with many people, it is surprising how even slight pains or feelings of fullness after eating steal much of life's sparkle and happiness. Perhaps you scarcely notice it in the early stages, but remember indigestion never cures itself, and usually gets worse. Be on your guard then. The safest, surest and easiest way to end indigestion, heartburn or flatul

THE PUBLIC SAFETY ACT.

CONSPIRACY CHARGE DROPPED.

ORDER FOR SEVEN DAYS' DETENTION.

The first case under the Public Safety Act, 1927, came before District Justice Little in the Dublin District Court yesterday, when an order was made for the detention for seven days of Sean McBride, of Roebuck House, Co. Dublin, described on the charge sheet as managing director of the "Roebuck Jam Company, Ltd."

The charge was that of "being a person taken into custody on suspicion of having been engaged or concerned in the commission of an offence mentioned in Part I. of the schedule of the Public Safety Act, 1927, whose detention is necessary or desirable for the proper investigation of such offence—namely, the murder of Kevin O'Higgins, late Minister for Justice of Saorstat Eireann."

Mr. B. McGuckin (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) appeared in support of the charge. The prisoner was not professionally represented. His mother, Mrs Gonne McBride, his wife, Mrs. Despard and others identified with the Republican side of politics were in court.

ALTERNATIVES.

Mr. McGuckin said that he was instructed to apply for an order pursuant to Section 16, Sub-section 2, of the Public Safety Act, and in support of the application he proposed to call Superintendent Ennis. He would not go on with the second charge, that of conspiracy, which appeared on the book.

Mr. Little—That disposes of the charge sheet of the mornings of the 1st and the 2nd September. In respect of the other charge on the sheet an order of the High Court has been served on me, and it is that that it is proposed to take to-day. I see that in the charge there are two alternatives, and I want to be quite clear which you rely on—"concerned in" or "engaged in"

Mr. McGuckin—I will rely on the words "engaged in."

Mr. Little—Later on there are also two alternatives—"necessary" or desirable"; which do you rely on?

Mr. McGuckin—"Necessary."

Superintendent Ennis, in reply to Mr. McGuckin, stated on oath that he was the officer of the Garda Siochana in charge of the case. He arrested Sean McBride on the 25th August on suspicion of having been engaged in the commission of an offence.

Mr. McGuckin—What was that offence?

Superintendent Ennis—The murder of the late Minister for Justice.

Is, in your opinion, the detention of Sean McBride necessary for the proper investigation of such offence?—It is.

PRISONER AND SUPERINTENDENT.

The Prisoner—Have you information that makes you believe that I was connected with the murder of the late Minister for Justice?—Yes.

If you have information, why don't you produce it?—My answer is that investigations are still proceeding.

You don't wish to give the information that you have; is that so?—Not just yet.

How long are your investigations proceeding?—Since the murder on the 10th of July.

In six weeks you have not been able to secure further information?—The investigations are proceeding.

After six weeks' investigation you have got no evidence of any kind; is not that the fact?—I won't answer that question.

You arrested several other people in connection with the murder?—I did.

And you swore similar informations in their cases?—I did not.

Did you not swear that you had cause for believing that they were engaged in the actual murder?—I did not. I simply gave evidence of arrest and asked for a remand.

Mr. Little reminded the prisoner that the present was the first application under the Act.

The Prisoner—What I was trying to get at was that Mr. Ennis gave similar evidence in other cases—said that he had cause for suspecting others.

Superintendent Ennis—Mr. Lynn deliberately stated that I swore that, but there and then I denied that.

The Prisoner—You brought me up at different identification parades?

Superintendent Ennis—Yes.

And none of the people you brought there identified me?—Not so far.

That concluded the cross-examination.

A PROTEST.

The Prisoner—I wish to protest strongly against the arrest of Republicans and charging them with offences that the police know they had nothing to do with. It is an attempt to make political capital for one party. We are brought here because we do not acknowledge the law under which we are charged. It is a minority law passed by a minority of the representatives of the Irish people.

Mr. Little—On that point I can hardly hear you.

The order for detention—the first of its kind—was then made.

THE MASTER'S COURT.

ORDERS IN UNDEFENDED CASES.

The Master of the High Court held a short sitting in Dublin Castle yesterday. Owing to the controversy that has arisen regarding his jurisdiction, there were but few applications before him, and, exercising merely a ministerial function, he made some orders for final judgment in undefended cases, and made consents rules of court.

Mr. Justice Hanna, the vacation judge, having declined to give a judicial pronouncement on the subject of the Master's jurisdiction, stating that it was a matter for a full High Court, the matter will remain undecided until the Michaelmas Term.

CATTLE-DRIVING CHARGE.

At a Special Court held in Moynalty, Kells, County Meath, before Mr. Philip Reilly, Peace Commissioner, James Conlon, whose address was given as Carrickmacross, County Monaghan, was charged with driving three head of cattle (two bullocks and one heifer), value for £32, the property of one Patrick Reilly, Carrickspringan, from the lands at Carrickspringan.

The accused man was remanded in custody to the next District Sessions, to be held at Kells, County Meath.

IRISH SURGEON'S APPOINTMENT IN ENGLAND.

The appointment is notified in the *London Gazette* of Dr. T. J. Oakey, of Leys House, Darlaston, as certifying surgeon under the Factory and Workshop Acts, in succession to Dr. V. J. Magrane, for the district of Darlaston. Dr. Oakey is a son of Mr. T. Oakey, J.P., Limavady.

BY APPOINTMENT

"Familiar in his Mouth as Household Words"
Henry V.

Cerebos SALT

DUBLIN DISTRICT COURT.

THE SANDYFORD SHOOTING.

SOLDIER COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

(BEFORE MR. LITTLE.)

Thomas P. Sheehy, a corporal in the National Army, Portobello Barracks, was again before the Court, charged with the murder of Joseph Daly, at Sandyford on July 30 last, by shooting him with a revolver. He was also charged with wounding Vincent Quinn on the same occasion.

Mr. Finlay (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) prosecuted, and Mr. Sheehy (instructed by Mr. Lemass) defended.

Mrs. Mary McClean gave evidence that on the evening of July 30 her husband and the accused were in their house in Sandyford. Later on Daly came in and was introduced to Sheehy by her husband. All three left the house after some time. Next thing was the report of some shots, and she saw Daly lying in the yard outside the house.

"THREE DIE-HARDS."

Ambrose McAuley, Park Cottage, Sandyford, an employé of General McMahon, said that he was with the accused on the date of the occurrence, and they went to Flavin's public-house at about 8.30. McClean entered the public-house, and they got into conversation with him. McClean and Sheehy left together, and the witness followed them a few minutes later. They met again and went to McGrath's. Daly, Quinn and Keyes entered, and McClean introduced the three men to the accused. Daly and Quinn shook hands with Sheehy. When Daly was shaking hands with Sheehy he said: "To hell with the North of Ireland, and the Pope, too." There was no reply to that. Daly, Quinn and Keyes were under the influence of drink. Sheehy and the witness were quite sober.

The police evidence was that when the accused came to the police station he said:—"Three die-hards attacked me. They tried to take the gun off me, and said I was a —— C.I.D. man. Ring for an ambulance. Come immediately."

Other members of the Civic Guard gave evidence to the effect that when the clothes of Quinn and Daly were searched, nothing was found but some private letters. Daly had in his clothing some papers and 18s. 6d. in silver.

"I HAD TO DO IT."

Superintendent Reynolds, who arrived at the scene of the occurrence soon after the shooting, said that he examined McClean's yard and found four discharged bullet shells. Next morning he found three other discharged bullet cases, which made seven altogether. All the bullet cases were similar in make, and were the same as the undischarged bullet cases handed up by the accused. When charged and cautioned with causing the death of Daly, Sheehy said:—"I don't care, only for my wife. You know she is sick. I had to do it or I would be done myself."

On the 26th August, when charged with the murder of Joseph Daly, and the wounding of Quinn, he replied: "I have nothing to say beyond what I said to you before."

PRISONER'S WOUND.

For the defence, Captain McArdle, surgeon, St. Bricin's Hospital, stated that when Sheehy was brought to hospital he was suffering from a gunshot wound. From the nature of the wound the witness was of opinion that it was fired from some distance. He formed the opinion that the wound was not self-inflicted.

This concluded the evidence, and on the application of Mr. Finlay, the accused was returned for trial to the Central Criminal Court on all charges.

The accused was removed from the dock in custody, an application for bail being refused.

CHILD KILLED BY TRAMCAR.

DRIVER BLAMELESS.

(BEFORE MR. COLLINS.)

Informations were refused in the case of Denis Dempsey, a driver in the employment of the Dublin United Tramways Company, who was charged with knocking down and killing a child, Joseph Brasil, aged two years and four months, of 66 St. Joseph's place, while driving a tramcar through Blessington street.

The evidence went to show that the child went right in front of the tramcar just after it had started from the stopping place at the corner of Berkeley street, and that the accident was unavoidable. The driver applied the powerful emergency brakes the moment he saw the child and brought the tramcar, which was travelling at about three miles an hour, to a standstill virtually within its own length. The child was released from under the fender of the tram, and died half an hour after admission to the Mater Hospital from injuries received. In the opinion of the house surgeon, the wheel of the tramcar did not pass over the child.

Mr. Collins said that the evidence proved conclusively that the driver did everything possible in his power to avoid the accident, and refused informations against Dempsey, who was discharged.

AN ILLEGAL STILL.

THE WORST POTEEN-MAKING DISTRICT.

At Stranorlar District Court yesterday Joseph Gallen, of Lismullyduff, Killygordon, was fined £12 for the possession of illicit spirits, still, still-head and worm, a Guard stating that the district around Lismullyduff was the worst as far as poteen-making was concerned.

Arising out of the case William Gallen, a brother of the accused man, was fined £3 on a charge of obstructing and assaulting the Guards in the execution of their duty.

NATIONAL CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL, HARCOURT STREET, DUBLIN.
(Founded 1821.)

The Committee of Management of the National Children's Hospital held their monthly meeting in the Boardroom of the Hospital on Thursday, 8th September, 1927, R. Denne Bolton, Esq., in the chair. Also present—Dr. T. J. D. Lane, Dr. Trevor N. Smith, Major Arthur Whewell, Sir William Wheeler, Dr. T. Gillman Moorhead, and Sir William Taylor.

The usual routine business was transacted, and cheques drawn in payment of the August account.

The Committee return hearty thanks for the following contributions received during the month:—*Irish Times* Composing Staff (per F. W. Scully), £3; Mrs. Maud Freeland, Forrest and Sons, Ltd., W. Bannister, and Mrs. Athelstone R. Pryce, £1 1s. each; Miss F. W. Wolseley, Miss M. C. Pratt, Miss Grace Goff, 10/- each; Mrs. K. Brunker, 5/-.

The Matron gratefully acknowledges the following:—Flowers—Mrs. McCormick, Mrs. Campbell, Mr. Milner, Mrs. Vernon Drapes, Miss Reid, Mrs. Fairweather, Miss Johnston, Mrs. Kenny, Mrs. Roberts, Mrs. Cusack, Anonymous, Mrs. Haines, Rev. Orr, Mrs Mitchell. Fruit—Mrs. Campbell, F. W. Ellerker, Colonel Pepper, Mr. Rutherford. Vegetables—Mr. Leit, Mrs. Leeds. Books—Mrs. Phelan, Anonymous, Miss Isolda Howard. Papers—Anonymous, C. Pratt Whelan, Toys—Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Fairweather, Mrs. Bolingbrook, Mrs. H. Johnston. Eggs—Anonymous, Mrs. Cusack. Cod liver oil and malt—Anonymous. Medicine bottles—Anonymous. Clothing—Anonymous. Sweets—Miss Greany.

CROPS SAVED.

LIVE STOCK IN GOOD CONDITION.

POTATO CROP ABOVE THE AVERAGE.

Reviewing the state of the weather and the crops during the past month, the Free State Department of Agriculture, in their monthly report, say that corn crops stood well until the exceptionally heavy rains, which were general about the 15th August, came and caused lodging of the heavier crops, especially oats, and flooded some low-lying meadows. The saving of late crop hay continued at intervals throughout the month; and the harvesting of wheat and oats was commenced in the earlier districts after the middle of the month. The carting in and ricking of the hay, as well as carting of turf, received attention on the few favourable days available. Improved weather conditions, fortunately, set in towards the end of the month, and the harvesting of oats became general, but reaping of the lodged crops proved troublesome and tedious. The wet weather encouraged the development of weeds, the cleaning of which occupied much of the farmers' available time.

Pastures produced an abundance of herbage, the broken weather being favourable to the growth of grass, but it is considered that the pasture was of a "watery" nature, particularly on the low-lying fields. White clover, especially the wild variety, showed up well, and the aftermaths on early cut hay fields are fair. Live stock generally are in good health and condition; the discomfort which cattle may have suffered through lying on the water-soaked ground was compensated for by their comparative freedom from "fly" troubles. Conditions were favourable to the full seasonal production of milk.

HAY AND GRAIN CROPS.

The yield of first and second crop hay is under average, but most of the produce was saved in good condition, and the quality is satisfactory. The beginning of the season was not conducive to the growth of hay, so that some of the earlier saved old meadows also cut light. Where, however, as a result of the broken weather, cutting had to be deferred, meadows grew out well, and the yield of these is well up to average, but the difficulty of saving them and the long exposure on the ground is reflected in the poor quality of some of this crop. At the end of the month some meadows in low-lying areas still remained to be cut. Much of the earlier saved crops is now in the haggard or ricks, but rather an undue proportion of hay still remains in field cocks, where its condition has not been improving. The trend of prices for hay of good quality is somewhat in advance of last season.

Most of the corn crops had reached a fairly advanced stage of ripening prior to the rainy period in August, so despite the fact that "lodging" was general where straw was at all heavy, the actual damage has proved to be less than was feared, and wheat and oats, with a few exceptions, are of good quality, and are expected to thresh out average crops. A substantial proportion of both crops has already been harvested, and most of the remainder is ready for cutting. Barley promises to be a fair crop. In County Kildare, farmers are satisfied with the prospects, but many fields were lodged and tossed in places. The harvesting of these tangled crops was troublesome, and the scythe had frequently to be requisitioned, but apparently not to a greater extent than last season. In County Donegal the oat crop is anticipated to yield above average, and cutting is well forward. Excellent crops of winter wheat have been cut in County Tipperary, and the spring varieties promise well. In County Roscommon, some winter-sown plots of "Marvellous" oats had ripened by 4th August. In County Cork, where the oat crop generally is satisfactory, some of it had already been brought into the haggard. Two-thirds of the County Carlow crops had been harvested by the end of the month; wheat and oats are good, and barley is expected to be an average crop. In Laoighis, barley is not so good as last year. In that county Wilhelmina and Yeoman II. wheat stood well; and, of the oat varieties, Black Tartary stood up the best.

FLAX AND POTATOES.

In County Donegal most of the flax crop was pulled or in the ponds at the end of August. Pulling had been virtually completed in County Monaghan, and some retted straw was in the stack. The crop was pulled during the first half of the month in County Cavan; while in West Cork the flax had been pulled early in August, and by the end of the month some of it was in stacks. In all these counties the crop is bulking well, and a satisfactory yield of fibre is expected.

Reports from all counties indicate that the potato crop is likely to yield above average. Blight made its appearance generally in the second half of the month, and in most counties spread very rapidly on the potato fields, particularly where the crops had been indifferently sprayed or this operation had been neglected. Most varieties, however, had already nearly reached the maximum development, and it is anticipated that, generally, the effect of blight on the yield or quality will be relatively slight. In County Donegal and the Western counties, where spraying now forms part of the farmers' routine in the cultivation of the potato crop, the incidence of blight has been almost negligible this year. Prices in these areas ranged from 3s. to 5s. per cwt. From Counties Cork and Kerry, where a similar range of prices prevails, reports on this crop are almost equally satisfactory. In the South-Eastern area, too, the crop is abundant, but the appearance of blight is more general. Prices there ranged around 4s. per cwt. Conditions in the Midlands are somewhat similar. In Counties Monaghan and Cavan, where the tubers have grown out well, prices run from 2s. 6d. to 5s., and in Laoighis were around 4s. per cwt.

SUGAR BEET.

All root crops made fair progress during August, and have thrown up much foliage, but a dry, warm spell is needed to promote root development. Mangels promise to be an average crop. Turnips, however, are patchy, and it is unlikely that the crop will yield the usual bulk of roots. Sugar beet has done well, and a satisfactory yield is anticipated, though in some counties growth is somewhat backward for the time of year. Weeds proved very troublesome this season, and their removal was sometimes only partially accomplished owing to the continuance of the wet weather.

LIVE STOCK.

FALLING OFF IN PIG PRICES.

Numbers of cattle on offer at fairs were small to average, and, where the cattle were in good forward condition, a clearance was effected, though at a lower range of values. For the usual run of stores on offer the demand was easier, and in some areas rather depressed. In Counties Kerry and Wexford young heifers were in keen request for shipment. The clearance of weanling calves and young stocks under 12 months old at comparatively high prices was a noticeable feature in County Cork. Nice coloured yearlings were sought for in County Clare, and young stock was readily saleable in Counties Roscommon and Donegal, while County Galway provided a ready outlet for young calves from the South. The general average range of prices for fat cattle was from 40s. to 44s. per cwt., live weight, and the averages paid in most counties for other descriptions of stock would be represented by the following rates:—Strong stores, 2 to 3 years old, £15 to £20, and in some counties up to £21 10s.; 1 to 2 years old, £11 to £14; and for yearlings, £8 to £11 was the usual range. Cows and springers were in rather variable demand; down calved cows, first class, brought £18 to £24, and a similar quality springers £18 to £25 each. In Counties Roscommon, Tipperary, and Offaly, choice springing heifers returned almost the same money. Dropped calves were value for £3 to £4 each in nearly all counties, though in Counties Donegal, Tipperary, and Limerick 10s. to 15s. less was accepted.

SHEEP AND PIGS.

At most of the fairs average numbers of sheep were on offer, and the demand is still primarily for medium-weighted lambs, prices for all other classes being irregular and trade slow. Reports are somewhat more favourable from Counties Monaghan, Roscommon, Donegal and Wicklow. The general run of values for fat sheep was 45s. to 70s., rising to 80s. each in Counties Limerick and Roscommon; and for lambs 30s. to 40s. and up to 45s. each in a few counties. Mountain lambs ranged from 20s. each upwards. Marketing of the wool clip appears to be almost finished. The few lots of washed long wool on sale cleared at 1s. 1d. to 1s. 3d. per lb., and occasionally 1s. 4d. per lb. This price was also paid for washed Galway wool. Mountain wool sold at 9d. to 1s. per lb.

The output of pigs marketed was maintained, though the depreciation in values which occurred in the previous month was more pronounced, and prices for sizeable pigs dropped to between 50s. to 52s. per cwt. live weight, or about 67s. to 69s. dead weight. Towards the end of August, however, a slight all-round increase took place, and 72s. per cwt. dead weight was obtainable. Farmers regard the outlook hopefully, and breeding stocks generally are not being reduced. Bonhams were fairly uniform in price at 25s. to 35s. each, though in County Cavan they were in excess of the demand and sold at lower prices. With anticipations of a plentiful potato crop in Counties Roscommon, Galway and Clare, young pigs were in demand.

HORSES.

The demand for agricultural horses was limited, but young animals of hunter type continue scarce and are keenly sought for. In most counties useful working horses could be bought for £15 to £25 each. Troopers were purchased in County Kilkenny at £30 to £40 each and hunters from £75 upward. In County Limerick young horses likely to make hunters sold at £40 to £60 each, and three-year-olds at £30 to £70 each. Four to five-year-olds of good type could be readily cashed at £60 to £80 each in County Cork.

MILK.

With abundance of grass on the fields, supplies of milk in almost every district were well up to the seasonal average and somewhat better than the corresponding period of last year. The average prices paid by creameries (separated milk being returned) were in Leinster, 6½d. per gallon; in Munster, 5½d. to 6½d. per gallon; in Ulster, 5½d. to 6½d. per gallon; and in Connacht, 5d. to 6d. per gallon.

IN THE NORTHERN CAPITAL.

FROM A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Thursday.

DEEP interest is being evinced all through the North in the Free State election campaign; for, apart altogether from the personal element introduced by Mr. Cosgrave, it is recognised that grave issues for Northern Ireland are also involved. The wild and threatening policy of the Republicans is causing a good deal of uneasiness in high official circles here, even although it is not expected to succeed. At present the relations between the two States are becoming more cordial as the days pass by, and the people are coming to understand each other better; but, with a Republican régime down South, the situation would become impossible. The will to peace and concord both with the Northern Premier and the Southern President is strongly evidenced, and with them in power there is hope for closer co-operation and that spirit of brotherhood which binds a nation together. The Republican propaganda is bitterly resented by all classes in the Six-County area, with the exception of the few stormy petrels who flourish on strife. On all sides confidence is expressed in the innate good sense of the Free State electors, when they go to the polls, that they will support solid, stable government as represented by Mr. Cosgrave and his party against a band of visionaries whose programme would, if carried into effect, bring ruin and destruction upon friend and enemy alike. That is the Northern impression of the situation, and even those who do not see eye to eye with the existing Southern rulers wish them success and good luck.

VINTNERS IN CONDEMNATION.

The various committees to whom the McClure report was referred by the Belfast Corporation, at its private meeting the other day, have since met, and in turn have handed over the sections dealing with their various departments to their officials or sub-committees. Meanwhile the chorus of condemnation is growing stronger in volume, and fresh demands are being made for the purification of the Council. The licensed vintners have snatched a little time from their struggle against the prohibitionists to express their disapprobation of civic mismanagement as illustrated by the Megaw and McClure reports. They urge that the evils revealed should be remedied at once, and advise prominent citizens who are large ratepayers and the owners of the larger business undertakings to join actively in an effort to compel the Corporation to put its house in order. Similar appeals are being made here and there, and the old happy-go-lucky Irish way of passing a resolution when anything goes wrong is becoming the vogue. Talk, which in such cases is generally a form of effervescence, never accomplishes much; success is won by deeds, but so far the hour has not brought forth the man to act as leader. Before the month is out, however, there should be a definite decision one way or the other. If the Corporation makes a sincere effort to place its affairs on a solid basis, its endeavours will meet with sympathy, but the record of recent happenings in the Council Chamber does not give much hope for improvement. The language of Billingsgate does not augur well for wise government.

LOUGH NEAGH PROBLEM.

The agitation in connection with the Lough Neagh fishermen is increasing in force, and protests are being made against the legal proceedings which are being taken against them from time to time for alleged illegal procedure while in pursuit of their occupation. From ancient times the fishermen have gained a livelihood from these well-known waters, famed in song and story, but during the present generation certain legal restrictions have been enforced, and the owners of the fishing rights granted long ago by an English king have been upheld in their claim by the Law Lords of the House of Lords in a majority of one out of seven. A monster meeting to ventilate the grievances of the fishermen was held to-day at Ardboe, on the shores of Lough Neagh, and sympathy was expressed with their cause; but, after all, their grievances can only be redressed by the Northern Parliament's making the fishery a national property, and the cost of such a scheme would be too vast for such a small State to undertake. In any case a certain amount of organisation is imperative in such an extensive industry, and the fishermen would have to submit to rules and regulations, no matter who the owners might be. As foreshadowed in this column some time ago, an effort will probably be made by the Nationalist members of the House of Commons to secure the intervention of the Government; but even so a prominent member of the party, in full sympathy with the movement, informed your correspondent that the case is virtually hopeless in consequence of vested interests and the enormous expenditure which would be involved in making the Lough a free fishery.

HONEYED WORDS.

The temperance leaders are again on the war path, in search, metaphorically, of Government scalps. Open-air meetings are being held every other night throughout the city, and the slogan of "local option by 1929" has again been raised. It is amusing to notice that attacks upon the Government are usually prefaced by a few honeyed words of praise, and the speakers sometimes blow hot and cold, but behind all is the desire to embarrass their opponents, even at the risk of political disaster. The Rev. T. M. Johnstone, convener of the General Assembly's Committee on Temperance, has returned to the attack. At a meeting in the beginning of the week he said that it was fifty-six years since the question of local option was first mentioned in the courts of the Presbyterian Church, but they were going to wait no longer, and were out for "local option in the Parliament of 1929." These are brave words, but to the average man they are meaningless. According to the claims of the Temperance Party there is a clear majority of members of the Northern Parliament already pledged to local option, and if they cannot accomplish their object under the present constitution of the House, they are not likely to succeed at any other time.

THE WARNING TRUMP.

Moreover, the warning trump has been sounded, and its echo is heard in the remotest part of the Six Counties. The people are advised to forget all minor differences and close up their ranks in face of the common danger, for has not Mr. de Valera threatened to "punish" Ulster? Why, he cannot even admonish the vanishing alderman who upset all his plans to capture and control the Government of the Free State! The political chieftains of the North are never tired of boasting that their tiny State is an integral part of the "United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland"; yet when some hot-headed Gael on the Southern side of the border engages them in wordy combat they affect to see perils where none exist. In their eyes shadows become realities, and are paraded as a menace to the loyal province. It is worthy of note that the temperance reformers, in addition to being "agin the Government," are also bespattering the unfortunate Corporation. At a meeting, a few nights ago, Mr. David Wilson, J.P., told his audience that they should hold meetings and call on the Government to appoint Commissioners in the City Hall, and also demand the right to say whether there should be public-houses or not. After all, they are only beating the air. In a game of bluff the politician may always be relied on to win.

INCREASE IN SHIPPING.

The affairs of Belfast Harbour still continue to prosper, and an encouraging feature is that the tonnage is increasing regularly. At the meeting of the Commissioners on Tuesday last it was reported that the total tonnage of the vessels which arrived at the port from 1st January to 3rd September was 2,023,906, which showed in the aggregate an increase of 250,149 tons, as compared with the corresponding period of last year. Important improvements are being carried out on the quays, and everything possible is being done to facilitate shipping. The shipyards on both sides of the river are also rapidly recovering their former prosperity, and with incessing orders coming along the Minister of Labour's encouraging prophecy, that all the slips will soon be occupied, seems likely to be fulfilled. A shallow draft tanker, the twelfth of the type built by Messrs. Harland and Wolff, Ltd., for Messrs. A. Weir and Co., was launched at the Belfast East Yard to-day. The tanker Invergordon, a vessel of almost 7,000 tons, owned by the British-Mexican Petroleum Co., Ltd., arrived in the harbour on Tuesday to undergo repairs by the same eminent firm. The industrial signs are cheering and give hope for a return, before long, to normal conditions.

THE FUN OF THE FAIR.

Ballycastle is one of the beauty spots of the North, so far as scenery is concerned, but it would appear, from the comments made at a meeting of the local Rural District Council yesterday, that harmony does not prevail within its borders. Mr. F. Black, J.P., who presided, referred to the Fair Hill having been in the occupation of amusements during the Lammas Fair, and on behalf of the farmers he protested strongly against that action. He criticised the whole proceeding in vivid language, and said that they had allowed vendors from Belfast and elsewhere to come there and sell their wares—boots, delph, hardware, clothes, and nearly everything that was sold—to the disadvantage of the local traders. No action was taken, and the itinerant merchants will be there, as noisy and bustling as ever, at the next fair. No doubt, the shopkeepers, who pay rates, have a grievance, but from time immemorial country fairs have been the happy gathering-places for all kinds of shows and amusements generally. Great authors have described them, and they have a lure for rural people which is irresistible. So long as they are not permitted to interfere with the conduct of legitimate business they can do no very great harm, while they add to the brightness of the occasion; but the Ballycastle cheap-jacks, and others of their fraternity, seem to be seeking too much freedom of action.

HOLIDAY-MAKERS LEFT BEHIND.

COMPLAINT AT LOUTH COUNTY COUNCIL MEETING.

At the meeting of the Louth County Council a letter was read from the Irish Tourist Development Association forwarding a letter received from the L.M.S. Railway Company, who stated that the passenger service between Holyhead and Greenore had been abandoned after very careful consideration, and the company was not aware that numerous complaints regarding its discontinuance had been received.

Mr. Patrick McGuinness said that many complaints had been made to him by people from Manchester and other English centres.

The Chairman (Mr. J. T. McGee) said that the Council's letter to the railway company was that there had been many complaints.

Mr. McGuinness asked if the railway company were aware that on July 29 last 1,500 people were left behind in England because there were no boats to carry them. Very many of those people, the great majority of whom were coming to Louth, had remained at home.

The Chairman said that the County Council and the Tourist Development Association would not allow the matter to drop, as the tourist traffic was of great importance to the country.

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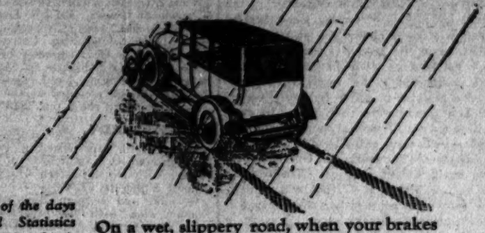

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P.S.11.

AN UNPUNISHABLE OFFENCE.

For the defence in a case heard at Killarney District Court, in which Eugene P. Murphy, Headford, was summoned for transferring his child from one school to another, contrary to the provisions of the School Attendance Act, 1926, it was submitted that the section provided no penalty for the offence.

The Justice—There is no choice but to convict and impose no penalty. (Laughter.)

Mr. McCartie (who defended)—The Petty Sessions Act says you must.

The Justice—In that case I will dismiss it.

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FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

TONE AND COMMENT.

DUBLIN FLUCTUATING.

GUINNESS UNDER BEST.

There was a distinct lull yesterday in the apparent indications of coming more cheerful and active markets shown the previous day. This change in the tone and temper of some of the markets resulted in realisations to secure profits, with the result that prices suffered a reaction in active Industrial securities. The Funds were well held. Banking securities were still well supported, and improved prices were established where business was done. The market in Guinness Ord. Shares again turned erratic. The opening price was ⅞ higher at 47, but when profit-taking set in the price rather more than lost the improvement. Strong support was again given to Guinness Pref. Shares at a still further advance. Marconi Ord. were better in London, and here 22s. was paid. Rails were dull and almost stagnant. Great Southern eased again, and Great Northern Guaranteed was on sale at 59, the last price, but the best bid was about 55 unofficially. Dublin United Tram Ord. turned dull again. Bolands were held for 42s. 6d. Parent Trust Deferred were bid for, but did not offer. Drapery Shares were quiet. Manufacturing Shares were active and fluctuating. Bleachers hardened, Coats were idle, but firm, and Spinners were buyers for choice at last price. Courtaulds opened weak, and the price fell 1s. 6d. to 142s. 6d., 142s. 3d., 142s. at the opening of the market, but at the later session up to 143s. 9d. was paid, and the price closed 143s. 7½d. British-American Tobacco show practically no change at 106s. 4½d., x.d. of 10d. per share, but Imperials slumped 1s. 7½d. to 106s. 6d., 106s. 4½d., and ditto of Canada about 2s. 3d. to 34s. 3d. x.d. Lever Bros. Pref. issues were a few pence higher. Dunlop Rubber Ord. closed unaltered, after being higher. Imperial Chemical Shares scarcely varied, and Trading, etc., Shares were neglected. Artificial Silk Shares were still being supported in an irregular market. Match Shares were quiet all day, but Oils improved in tone and price.

LONDON EASIER.

INDUSTRIALS SLOWING DOWN.

Yesterday was settling day, and as a consequence quieter conditions ruled in the London Stock Markets, as a whole, while an easier tendency was noticeable in many directions. The slackness of interest was particularly noticeable in Industrials, which of late have been so active. There was not a great deal passing in the Gilt-edged section, and lower values were returned here and there. Foreign Government Stocks, however, were well held as a rule, while Peruvian Corporation Ord. and Pref. both scored advances. Little of interest transpired in Home Rails, but quotations were mostly maintained at their previous rates. Colonial and Foreign Rails, apart from "Canpacs" and Central Argentine, which stiffened the turn, were quiet and steady.

There was less activity in the Industrial section, as a whole, while an irregular tendency prevailed. Artsilks went back and Tobaccos moved irregularly. Liptons were firm at the start, but receded later, but Dunlops were stiffer. Iron and Steels were quiet and steady. Rubbers were dull in sympathy with the commodity, and Tea shares weakened. Oils were better, however, and among Mines South Africans were firmer. Tins were quietly steady, despite a fall of £1 10s. per ton in the price of the metal to £289 2s. 6d.

AUSTRALIAN WOOL SALES.

At the wool sales at Sydney 11,226 bales were offered, of which 10,803 were sold. Private sales consisted of 1,076 bales. The selection was good, and there was good general competition. Keen support was given by France, Germany and Japan, and good support by Bradford. The market was strong. Greasy merino realised up to 28½d., comebacks 23½d., and crossbreds 20½d. Messrs. Dalgety and Company, Ltd., have received the following cable from their Sydney branch:—"Wool sale next week at Brisbane has been postponed owing to strike in Queensland. Sales at Sydney will be continued from the 12th to 14th September, when all brokers will submit catalogues aggregating 33,166 bales. The sales are progressing favourably at the level of prices established at the opening sale. There is a good clearance and a strong demand from the Continent and Japan."

IRON PROSPECTS.

Cleveland iron stocks have decreased by many thousands of tons during the last few days, and sales are reported from Tees-side to the Continent and Scotland. The outlook in the North Yorkshire iron trade certainly now looks brighter. On the other hand, it is stated that a further reduction of the number of blast furnaces operating on the North-East Coast brings the total down to 38 now in blast.

MEURISSE, LTD.

Scottish Finance Co., Ltd., announces that the lists in connection with the issue of 7½ per cent. Cumulative Participating Preference Shares and Ordinary Shares in Meurisse, Ltd., were closed yesterday (Thursday) afternoon, but applications received from the country by first post this morning will be considered.

O-CEDAR CONSOLIDATED TRUST, LTD.

The following notice is being circulated to shareholders:—"It has come to our notice that shareholders of this Trust are being circularised by a firm of outside brokers, submitting to them an offer of the Common Class "A" Shares in the O-Cedar Corporation of America. This offer is entirely unofficial. As I am informed that in certain instances shareholders have parted with their certificates in this company in payment for the above-menticned shares, my directors have considered it advisable that all shareholders should be notified and warned against having anything to do with this offer."

VICTORIA WINE COMPANY.

The directors consider that it would be to the advantage of Debenture stockholders, as well as in the general interests of the company, that the Debenture Stock should be reduced to £150,000 by the cancellation of £150,000 of such stock, inclusive of the stock already cancelled. They, therefore, invite stockholders to offer their holdings of such stock, or such part as they may be willing to sell to the company, at the lowest price which they are prepared to accept, but in no case exceeding par value—i.e., 100 per cent.—without regard to the half-year's interest, which will be paid on the 1st prox. The directors reserve the right to purchase stock in the market or by private treaty as part of the stock acquired for reducing the amount outstanding to £150,000. To provide the further moneys required to effect the purchase, the directors have arranged for subscription at par of the unissued 100,000 8 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares.

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

BIRMINGHAM.—Motors moved very narrowly. Singers lower. Rovers finished poorly. Austins Preferred dragging. S.T.D. supported. Standard and Enfields better. Dunlops steady. Austins, 21/-; do. Preferred, 12/10½; Bisemels, 48/6; Components, 5/-; S.T.D., 7/4½; Enfields, 27/-; Swifts, 17/3; Humbers, 32/6; Lucas, 92/6; Dennis, 7½; Napiers, 57/9; Rolls, 36/3; Rovers, 9/6; Singers, 65/-; Standard, 21/6; Triumphs, 25/6; Dunlops, 35/3; Parent Deferred, 32/9.

MANCHESTER.—Textiles firm, with more activity in Artificial Silks. Bleachers, 39/6-40/6; Calicos, 27/-27/6; Dyers, 46/6-47/6; Cottons, 48/-49/-; Spinners, 48/-48/6; "Slubbers," 6/9-7/-; Coats, 66/-67/-; Velvets, 21/3-21/9; Courtaulds, 73s.-4; Ship Canal, 15/9-16/-; Dunlop, 35/3-35/6; Amalgamated Cottons, 5/-6/-; Hoyles, 25/-25/6; Nuera Silk, 33/9; do. Def., 24/-.

RUBBER CROPS FOR AUGUST.

Broome Selangor, 28,000 (52,000). Lubok, 46,000 (43,000). Raub, 19,488 (18,041). Singapore Para, 75,164 (65,297). Tikam Baiu, 9,038 (7,146).

(Crops for August, 1926, in parentheses.)

TIN OUTPUTS.

Anglo-Nigerian Tin, August, 30 tons. Tin Fields of Northern Nigeria, 6 tons. North Ropp River, 16 tons. Yarde Kerri Group, 10 tons. Junction Tin Mine, 10 tons. Zenebi Tin Mines, 8 tons.

OIL OUTPUT.

British Burma Petroleum Co.—Production of crude oil by this company and the Rangoon Oil Co., Ltd., for August, amounted to 43,081 barrels. The Caltex Oil Company advises that the production of its subsidiary companies for August is 58,652 barrels, or 2,739 tons.

LONDON CHANGES.

In British Funds, Consols 4 p.c. dropped back rather sharply to 85, or ¼ lower, while Funding Loan lost a similar amount to 87. Conversion Loan 3½ dropped to 75, or ¼ down, while the 5½ p.c. Treasury Bonds lost ¼ to 101.

Very little movement was shown in Foreign Government stocks, French Loans and the Reconstruction Loans all repeating their overnight levels. Peruvian Corporation were firmer and the Ord. closed ¼ better at 14½, with the Pref. ¼ higher to 53½. Chinese issues, on the other hand, were easier, but the only change recorded at the close was a fall of a point in the 5 p.c. 1912 to 41.

RAILS STEADY.

Home Rails experienced a quiet session. Underground Ord. stiffened to 19s., or 6d. better, with North-Eastern 4 p.c. 2nd Pref. a point higher to 57.

Colonial and Foreign Rails showed little change, and, with the exception of "Canpacs" and Central Argentine Ord. and Def., all of which improved, the closing values were the same as before. "Canpacs" stiffened to 193, or a point better, while Central Argentine Ord. and Def. each gained ¼ to 92½ and 89 respectively. Bahia Blanca Guaranteed stock were quoted x.d. at 80½.

RUBBER SHARES FALLING.

A dull tone ruled in the Rubber Share section, while business remained on a small scale. Price movements were fairly numerous, but, with one or two exceptions, they were all in the downward direction. A quieter and easier tone ruled in the commodity market; spot and September sold 1s. 4½d., October-December 1s. 4¾d., January-March 1s. 5¼d. to 1s. 5½d., and April to June 1s. 5¾d. In the share market Bah Lias dropped 1s. 3d. to 47s. 6d., while Labu and Mooply Valley were also both 1s. 3d. lower. Pegoh went back to 48s. 9d., or 2s. 6d. lower, and Vallambrosa lost 1s. to 20s. The only improvements recorded were in B.N.B.R. Trust, where the Pref. gained ¼ to 75½, and the Def. 1½ to 166½.

TEA SHARES DULL.

A dull tone again ruled in the Tea Share market, while dealings were rather small. A fairly long list of alterations was recorded, but, while in a couple of instances firmer values were returned, substantial losses were marked in many cases. Amal. Estates declined ¼ to 50⅞, while Borelli and Budla Beta were ⅛ and ¼ lower, respectively. Bogawantalawa dropped 3s. 1½d. to 60s., and British-Indian slumped to 60s. 9d., or 3s. easier. Cons. Tea and Lands shed a point to 39, and Empire and Darjeeling were each 2s. lower. Dimbula Valley and Deundi shed 1s. 10½d. and 1s. 6d. respectively, while Imperials and Jetinga Valley were 1s. 9d. and 1s. 4½d. lower. There were many other losses, while the only improvements were those of 1s. 3d. in Singlo at 72s. 6d., and of ¼ and ⅛ respectively in Kanan Devan and Ceylon Plant.

OIL SHARES IDLE.

While at no time active, the Oil share market commanded quite a fair amount of attention yesterday, with interest centred rather on a few specialities than of a general character. Later in the day, however, an irregular tendency developed, which was still noticeable at the close. In response to a moderate demand locally and buying on Paris account, Shells rose ⅛ to 4⅛, the Bearer shares being up to a like extent at 4⅜. Burmahs were an uncertain market. Opening steady at the overnight's level of 5⅛, the shares were offered and fell to 5⅛. At this point they met with buyers and rallied to 5⅛, but they were finally ⅛ down at 5⅛. Anglo-Persians, which fell at one time to 4⅛, left off with a shrinkage of ⅛ at 4¼. Paris support and local option buying were responsible for an improvement in Mexican Eagles, which, after touching 19s., closed with a gain of 0.4d. at 18s. 9d. The 8 p.c. Participating Prefs. were up to a like extent at 18s. 10½d., while the 7 p.c. 1st Prefs. remained firm at 18s. 4½d. An irregular tendency characterised Venezuelans. V.O.C. Holdings lost ⅛, the Ord. at 3⅛ and the Prefs. at 3⅜. British Controlled and Common finished unchanged at 5s. 6d., and the Preferred showed a small gain at 8s. 3d. Among Trinidad issues, Apex met with attention, a moderate demand resulting in an improvement of ⅛ at 2⅛. United British, after having been 10s. 7½d., finally registered a shrinkage at 10s. 9d. In other directions, Lobitos were prominent. In the early hours the shares were in demand, with option buying on quite a good scale, but later they came on offer and fell to 4½, at which a decline of ⅛ was recorded.

INDUSTRIALS QUIETER.

Quieter conditions ruled in the Industrial market yesterday, where a disposition was shown to snatch profits in shares recently prominent. Artsilks generally tended downward. All the Celanese issues lost ground. British Celanese Ord. gave way ⅛ to 3⅛, and the Pref. 1s. 6d. to 30s. 3d., with American Celanese Common finally 20½, and Canadian Celanese 17½. Courtaulds fluctuated between 7½ and 7⅛, eventually closing the turn easier on balance at the former figure. Branstons kept steady throughout, closing unchanged. Nuera Def. shed 3d. at 24s. The leading Textiles showed little variation, Listers receding 6d. to 24s. Of the Textile Machinists, Hetheringtons reacted to 18s.

A harder tendency was observable among Coal, Steel and Engineering descriptions. Mond Nickels gave the lead, closing 2s. 3d. up on balance at 55s. 3d., with Bengal Irons 1s. 6d. to the good at 28s. 9d., changing hands at 29s. 1½d. Moderate support was given to the principal Electrical equipments. Callenders put on 1s. to 73s., with Johnson and Phillips at 50s. 6d., and Metropolitan Vickers at 29s. 3d., both 3d. harder. Siemens were active, changing hands up to 30s. 10½d. Shipping issues were dullish. P. and O. Def. were marked down to the extent of 5 at 270. Insurance shares generally were steady, but Northern Assurance eased to 15½. The leading Breweries found supporters. Hoare Ord. were in demand and rose ½ to 3½, being dealt in up to 66s. Watney Def. improved to 259½, and Guinness rallied to 465.

Apart from Carreras, which strengthened to 183, the Tobacco group was mostly sellers. Allowing for the recent deduction, "Bat's" were slightly lower at 105s. 9d., after being 105s. 3d. and 106s. 3d. A fair turnover was witnessed among Stores and Catering descriptions, but prices moved irregularly. Markers gave way 9d. at 65s. 6d., and Harrods 6d. at 68s., while Maples at 36s. 9d., and Warings at 14s. 6d. closed firm. Liptons Ord. were active, but after changing hands up to 18s. 9d., eventually closed 6d. easier on balance at 17s. 9d., with the 5 p.c. Prefs. dealt in around 15s. 7½d., the 9 p.c. Prefs at 20s., and the 6 p.c. Debs. at 90. Meadow Dairy Ord. changed hands around 5s. 6d. Land shares made a mixed showing. Hudsons Bay strengthened to 14⅜, but Sudan Plantations eased to 41⅛. Associated Anglo-Atlantic Corporation Ord. at 24s., and the Def. at 5s. lost a few pence.

The Traction group showed no decided tendency. Barcelona Common at 68½, and Shawinigan Power stock at 92½ were marked up, but Brazilian Common at 19⅛, and the Pref. at 150 declined. Banks maintained a firm front, with buyers in evidence for Bank of Montreal at 69½, Barclays at 84½, Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking at 116, and National Discount "B" shares at 9½. Motor shares moved within narrow limits, and there was less doing among Newspaper issues. G. Newnes Ord. came in for attention at 1⅞. Elsewhere, Swedish Match "B" continued in favour, and were finally higher at 18⅛, with Kreuger and Toll marked up to 35⅜. Wallpaper Def. were in request, changing hands up to 37s. 3d., and closing with a net gain of 6d. at 36s. 4½d. Dunlops remained an uncertain market, closing the turn easier at 35s. 3d. Graphophones gave way to 109s., but Gramophones finished steady at 116s.

DUBLIN SHIPPING REPORT.

Barometer—At 8 p.m., 29.60.
Wind and Weather—S.W., wind, light breeze, dull.

Foreign Arrivals—Ss. Elizabeth, of Copenhagen, 324 tons register (Captain Jensen), from Leningrad via Belfast, with a cargo of oil cake consigned to Messrs. McKinnon and McDonald, 103 Grafton street; agents, Messrs. Betson and Co., Eden quay; discharging at Alexandra Wharf. Alexandra Basin. Ss. Glen Head, of Belfast, 919 tons register (Captain Carson), from Hamburg via Cork with general cargo, consigned to order; agents, Messrs. Palgrave Murphy, Ltd., Eden quay; discharged at Transit Sheds, Alexandra Basin, and proceeded to Hamburg, light.

Coastwise Arrivals—Ss. Lady Longford, from Liverpool, with passengers and goods; ss. Olive, from Heysham, with passengers and goods; ss. Puma, from Glasgow, with passengers and goods; ss. Lady Cloe, from London, with passengers and goods; ss. Slieve Donard, ss. Snowdon, from Holyhead, with goods; ss. Plaidin, from Glasgow, with goods; Agnes Glover (schooner), from New Ross, with malt; ss. Lady Kildare, from Liverpool, with goods; ss. Cato, from Bristol, with goods; ss. Carrowdore, from Liverpool, with empties; ss. Nora from Swansea, with coals; ss. Margaret Lockington, from Maryport, with coals; ss. Morion, from Troon, with coals; ss. Glenageary, from Partington, with coals; ss. Silversmore, from Holyhead, light.

LATEST CLOSING AND STREET PRICES.

BRITISH FUNDS, ETC.

	Closing.	Rise or fall.
Consols	54	54⅛*
Do. 4%	84⅞	85⅛	– ¼
War Loan, 5½%	99⅞	99⅝	.....
Do. 4½%	86⅞	.....	.....
Do. 5%	102	102¼	.....
Do. 4% (Tax Free)	101½	102	.....
Funding Loan	86⅝	87¼	– ¼
Victory Bonds	93	93⅛*	.....
3½% Conversion Loan	74⅞	75⅛	– ⅛
4½% Conversion Loan	97⅝	98¼	.....
5½ Treasury Bonds	100⅝	101¼	– ¼
Irish Land 3¼%	57½	58½	.....
India 3%	58½	60½*	.....
Do. 2½%	49½	50½*	.....
Do. 4½%	101½	102½	.....
Do. 7%	101	103	.....
Local Loans	63	63⅛*	.....
Sudan 5½%	108	110	.....

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Australian Com. 5%	98	100	.....
Do. do. 5%	101	102*	.....
British Col. 4½, 1941	94	96	.....
Canada 4%, 1940-60	93	95*	.....
Cape 3½ Cons.	70	72	.....
Ceylon 4%	102	103*	.....
New South Wales 4½, '22-7	100½	100¾*	.....
Do. do. 5½, 1922-7	99	100	.....
Do. do. 5½%, 1930-40	102	104	.....
New Zealand 4%, '29	100	100	.....
Nigeria 4%	113	115	.....
Queensland 4%, '40-50	81	83*	.....
Do. 6%, '30-40	101	103	.....
South Africa 4% Cons.	94	96	.....
Do. 4%	102	104	.....
South Australian 4%, '40-60	81	83	.....
Do. 5½%	102	104*	.....
Victoria 4%, '40-60	79	82*	.....
Do. 6¼%, 1923-5	100	102	.....
Western Australia 5%, '35-48	97	99	.....
Do. do. 6%, 1930-40	101	103	.....

BANKS.

Anglo-South American	6⅞	7⅛	.....
Bank of Australasia	13⅞	14⅜*	.....
Bank of England	254	258	.....
Bank of Montreal	68	71	+1½
Bank of New South Wales	41	43*	.....
Do. New Zealand	2⅞	3	.....
Barclay's "A" Shares	81½	84½	+1⅛
British Overseas	21½	23½	.....
Canadian of Commerce	56	58*	.....
Chartered of India	19⅞	20⅜*	.....
Hong Kong and Shanghai	113½	117½	+ ⅞
Lloyds	62⅜	63⅞	.....
Midland	83⅛	84⅜	.....
National Discount "A"	9⅛	9⅜	.....
National Provincial (£4 pd.)	12½	13¼	.....
Royal of Canada	66	68	+1
Standard of South Africa	14⅜	14⅞	.....
Union of Australia	18⅜	19⅛	.....
Westminster Bank	18⅛	18⅞	.....

FOREIGN BONDS.

M.U.—Sept. 5.

101¼	Argentine 5 p.c., 1886	100	102	.....
82⅝	Do. 4 p.c., Reclamos.	82	84	.....
92½	Do. 5 p.c., 1909	94	96	.....
108½	Belgian 7 p.c. Loan	109	110	.....
80	Brazil 4 p.c., 1889	80	81	.....
83	Do. 5 p.c., 1895	82	83	.....
82¼	Do. 5 p.c. do. 1914	81	83	.....
83	Chinese 5 p.c., 1896	83	85	.....
90	Do. 4½ p.c., 1898	90	92	.....
41	Do. 5 p.c., 1911	40	42	– ½
103½	Czecho-Slovakia Bonds	110	112	.....
83½	Egyptian Unified	83½	84½	.....
97¼	French Loan	105½	106	.....
128⅝	Do. 4 p.c.	124	124½	.....
100⅝	German 7 p.c.	105	107	.....
87½	Greek Loan	87	88	.....
89½	Italian Rentes	91	92	.....
83½	Japan 4 p.c., 1905	92	93	.....
96	Do. 6 p.c., 1924	95½	96½	.....
33½	Mexican 5 p.c., '99	34	36	.....
27	Do. 6 p.c. 10-Y. Treas	27	40	.....
137⅜	Peruvian Corporation	14¼	14⅝	+ ⅛
52½	Do. Pref.	53	54	+ ⅛
100⅝	Do. Bds.	102½	104	.....
37¼	Portuguese 3 p.c.	39½	39½	.....
—	Spanish 4 p.c.	74	78	.....
24¼	Turkish Unified	23½	24½	.....
67⅝	Uruguay 3½ p.c.	66	69	.....

RUBBERS.

M.U.—Sept. 5.

2/11½	Amal. Rubber Est.	2/3¼	.....
40/6	Anglo-Dutch	40/10½	– 6/6
6/9	Anglo-Java	4/7½	.....
10½	Anglo-Malay	9/6	.....
7/10½	Bertam Cons.	7/9	– 6/1½
1/6	Bukit Hertalam	1/4½	.....
3/6	Bukit Sembawang	3/9	.....
1½	Bumiar	2/6	.....
7½	Damansara	7/9	.....
43/1½	Grand Central	42/6	– 6/6
2/6	Highlands	26/9	– 6/6
2/6	Java Para	2/3	.....
27/6	Kagera Land	27/6	.....
4/6	Kamuning	4 4½	– 6/1½
2/1½	Kapar Para	2/3	.....
2/6	Kepong	2/6	– 6/1½
3/4½	Krian Para	2/6	.....
4/1½	Kuala Kangsar	77/6	.....
47/6	Kuala Muda	47/6	.....
2/6	Labu	48/10½	– 1/3
2/6	Lubok	2/6	.....
2/6	Linggi	10/7½	.....
2/10½	London Asiatic	2/9	.....
3/6	Malacca	3/6	.....
44/6	Malaykat	43/3	– 6/9
5/7½	Mentmon	4/10½	.....
1½	Moonly Valley	33/9	– 1/3
2/3	Rubber Estates of Krian	2/4½	.....
2/6	Rubber Trust	42 4½	– 6/4½
2/6	Seafield (New)	43/9	.....
2/6	Sendayan	42/6	.....
2/6	Selborne	2/6	.....
1/3½	Straits Rubber	23/6	.....
2/6	Sumatra Para	4/6	.....
15½	Tall Ayer	32/6	.....
2/6	Tandjong	25/6	.....
2/6	Tandjong Mallim	41/3	.....
6/10½	Untasi Sandang	6/9	.....
4/6½	United Sua Betong	57/6	.....
21/6	Vallambrosa	20/6	– 1/6

Ahaco	60/6	Jadbury	59 4½	.....
Allagar	3/4½ – 0/1½	Londa	24/6	.....
Allied Sum	21/9 – 0/1½	Loemoer	2/1½	.....
Amoni	4/7½	Manch'r N.B.	27/6	.....
Anglo-Sum	52/6	Membakut	10 4½	.....
Asahan	18/9	Mendaris	34 4½	– 0/7½
Bah Lias	47/6 – 1/3	N. Hayoop	1/9	.....
Bah Layau	2/6	Pahi Summoor	3/6	.....
Batang	2/10½ – 0/1½	Pahi P'n (1/8)	2/6	.....
Batu Tiga	23/3	P.P.K. (C'y'n)	26/3	.....
Bernam Pr'k	47/3	Pataling	31/3	.....
B.N.B.R. Pref.	75½ + 1½	Pegoh	48/9 – 2/6	
Do. Def.	166½ + 1½	Pilmoor	50/6*	.....
Broome Sel	23/9	Port Dickson	4/6	.....
Bukit Dah	7/6	Rataal	23/9	.....
Bukit Kajah	45/9	Rim Malacca	4/6	.....
Bukit Rajah	37/6	Rub. E. Joh'e.	26/3 – 0/7½	
Castlefield	9/6 – 0/1½	Sapong	65/6	.....
Ceylon Plant	2/6	Scottish Mal'ka	31/10½	.....
Ceylon Timb'r	6/6	Sedenak	47/6	.....
Cheroonsee	3/7½	Selangor	6/6	.....
Cheviot	5/9½	Sembilan	70/6	.....
Chiely	8/3 – 0/3	Serdang Pref.	22/6	.....
Craigielea	2/2½	Seramban	18 11½	.....
Dennistown	2/11½ – 0/1½	Serdang Cfd.	29 4½	.....
East Asiatic	2/10½	Singap'e Para	2/4½	.....
Eastern Sel.	46/6	Southern Kdjor	2/6	.....
Eastern Trst.	40/6*	Strathmore	25/6	.....
F.M.S. Plant.	72/6	Sumatra Con.	33/9	.....
Gadek	2/6	Sungei (Sab.)	27/6	.....
Gen. Cayman	54/3 – 0/6	Sungei K'ar.	6/3 – 0/3	
Glenbervie	51/3	Sungei Kr. Pf.	45/6	.....
Glenshiel	23/9	Sungei Raya	2 4½	.....
Golconda	2/6	Sungei Siput	10/9	.....
Golden Hope	41/3	Talping	2/6	.....
Honsk'ng Sel	32/6	Tamiang	46/9*	.....
Insulinde	27 4½	Tebrau	22/6	.....
Java Amal.	2/6	Tennasserim	2/6	.....
Kasintoe	32/6	Tempeh	2/6 4½	.....
Kepitigalla	2/6 – 0/3	Timbang Del.	1/9	.....
Kinbokit	4/1½	Tormynta	5/3	.....
Kuala Sel	6/10½ – 0/3	Un. Temiang	3/10½	.....
Kwalee	2/7½	Waverley	2/7½	.....
Langkat Sum	35/0 – 0/7½	Yam Seng	5/9	.....

SHIPPING.

23/0	Cairn Line	24/0	25/0	– 0/6
—	Conrt Line	29/0	31/0	.....
—	Cunard Ord.	26/0	27/0	.....
18/3	Elder-Dempster 6 p.c. Pf.	17/3	18/3	.....
—	Furness Withy	34/6	35/6	.....
—	P. and O. Def.	260	280	– 5
—	Royal Mail Ord.	72	77	.....

TEAS.

Amal. Estates	50⅞ – ⅛	Galaha Ceylon	61⅛	– 1/9
Assam Co.	47/0 – 0/6	Imperial	57/6	– 1/9
Assam Consol.	29/6	Jasinga Valley	11½	– 1/4½
Assam Dooars	31/10½	Jhanda	39 4½	– 1/10½
Bor'wrant'lawra	80/0 – 3/1½	Jokai	5⅛	– ⅛
Borelli	51⅛ – ⅞	Jorehaut	95/6*	– 0/6
Brahmapore	2/6	Kanan Devan	49¾	+ ⅛
Brit. Indian	60/9 – 3/9	Lanka	58/3	+ 0/3
Budla Beta	7/1⅝ – ⅛	Lebong	57/6	.....
Ceylon Plant	61⅛ + ⅛	Lungla	31/9	.....
Ceylon Prop.	72/7½	Malum	49/6	.....
Chargola	29/3	Moabund	63/1½	.....
Chubwa	5/3	Nedeem	66 10½	.....
Chulsa	80/0	New Dimbula	3/7½	.....
Con. Tea & L.	39/0	Nimara Hills	5/6	.....
Darjeeling Co.	52/6 – 2/0	Ouvah	71/6	.....
Do. Consol.	66 1½	Peacock & Nth.	4 3½	– 0/3½
Deundi	30/7½ – 1/6	Pabbolan	2/6	– ⅛
Dimbula	75/10½ – 1/9	Pamphemar	83/7½	.....
Dimbula Val.	78/1½ – 1/10½	Roshanuch Cey	53/1½	.....
Do. Pref.	82/6 – 1/6	Scottish Assam	47/9	.....
Dooma Dooma	87/6	Tea & Ln. Ests.	9/6	.....
E. Assam	30/0 – 1½	Singlo	72/6	+ 1/3
East Produce	57/6 – 1/6	Travancore	96/9	– 5/0
Empire	64/0 – 2/0	Up. Assam	72/6	– 1½

TEXTILES AND STORES.

8/7½	Amalgamated Cotton	8/9	9/0	.....
40/3	Bleachers	39/6	40/6	.....
46/0	Bradford Dyers	45/6	47/6	.....
65/6	British Celanese Ord.	29½	30⅜	– 3/3
27/0	Calico Printers	27/6	28/0	.....
56/0	Coats	54/0	56/3*	.....
7⅛	Courtaulds	7 3/32	7 5/32	– ⅛
46/9	English Sewing Cotton	45/6	49/6	.....
48/0	Fine Spinners	47/6	48/6	.....
27/6	Groats	27/0	27/6	.....
64/6	Harrods Stores	67/6	68/6	– 0/6
17/9	Harrods (B.A.)	16/8	17/6	.....
—	Linen Thread Ord.	30/3	31/3*	.....
22/6	Lister Ord.	23/6	24/6	– 0/6
34/3	Nuera Silk	33/0	34/0	.....
23/3	Do. Def.	23/6	24/6	– 0/3
—	Selfridge 6 p.c. Def.	19½	19½	.....

TELEGRAPHS.

25	Anglo-American Def.	24⅝	25¼	.....
20/3	Marconi Wireless Ord.	21/0	21/9	+ 0/3
16⅛	Do. Pref.	1¼	1⅝	.....
—	Do. Debs.	102½	103½	.....
78/9	Do. Marine	29/3	29/3	.....
6/6	Do. Canadian	6/3	6/9	– 2/6
—	Oriental Telephone	42	44	.....
13¼	Radio Corporation	13⅝	13	– ⅛
11⅞	Do. Pref. (850)	10 15/16	10 15/16	+ ⅛

MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIALS.

27/3	African and East. Trade	27/0	28/0	.....
19/3	Amal. Dental Pref. Ord.	18/6	19/6*	.....
20½	Anglo-Argentine 1st Pref.	21¼	21¾	.....
10/4½	Associated Cement	19/0	20/0	.....
33/0	Borax Con Def.	17 32	18/0	.....
150½	Brazilian Traction	150	152	– 1½
47/6	British Aluminium	46/6	47/6	.....
—	British Match	29/0	30/6	.....
36/0	British Portland Cement	35/9	36/3	.....
14/9	B.S.A.	14/0	15/3	.....
20½	British Oil and Cake	19/9	20/3	.....
131	Brit. Col. Elec. Rail. Pf.	131	134	+1
105/0	British-American Tobacco	103.6	106.0*	.....
4⅜	Bryant and May	4 3/32	4 5/32	.....
17/3	Crefax	16/6	18/6	.....
6/1½	Chemical & Metal. (2/-)	7/0	7/3	+0/1½
35/6	Dunlop Rubber	35 1/2	35 4½*	– 0/1½
—	Do. 6 p.c. Deb.	102	104	.....
25/3	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	25	25⅛	.....
—	English Electric	10/3	11/3	.....
—	Finlay (James)	4/6	4/9	.....
32/6	General Electric Ord.	32/0	33/0	.....
—	Do. Deb.	103	103*	.....
142/9	Gramophone Ord.	109	116	.....
109/0	Imperial Tobacco Ord.	106.6	108.0	– 0/8
27/0	Do. Canada	26/0	26/3	– 0/4½
25/0	Imp. Chem. Indus. Pref.	24/9	25/3	.....
27 7½	Do. Ord.	27 1/2	27 7½	.....
6/9	Do. Def.	6/6	6/9	.....
12/9	Jute Industries Pref.	11 10½	12/3	.....
20/6	Lever 7 p.c. Pref.	20/3	20/9	.....
—	Lever 5 p.c. Debs.	94	96	.....
—	London Irish Trust Stk.	100	103	.....
25	Nicholl's Trams	23	26	.....
69½	Do. L. and P. Bonds.	71	74	.....
22/0	Parent Trust Def.	19/6	21/6	.....
25/6	Pinchin Johnson	25/0	25/6	.....
—	Prov. Cine. 7½ p.c. Pf. Ord	15/6	17/6	+0/6
7/6	Reckitt Ord.	66/6	68/0	+10½
34/0	R

THE DANGER OF APATHY.

DUTY OF EVERY ELECTOR TO GO TO THE POLL.

THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

WHAT THE FARMER'S PARTY WAS OFFERED.

Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald, Minister for Defence, who underwent a serious operation a couple of months ago, spoke at Kingstown last night for the first time in this election. He said that the old question of the Treaty would be eliminated once and for all when the people returned a Government that was ready to go on with the constructive work for which the country was crying out. People who said that they would not vote because they were "non-political" were "contemptible dastards."

At Loughrea, Mr. Hogan, Minister of Lands and Agriculture, stood for some time before he began his own meeting listening on the edge of a crowd which was being addressed by Mr. Frank Fahy, the Fianna Fail candidate. While Mr. Fahy was speaking, Mr. de Valera drove by in a motor car, which bore a tricolour and a Fianna Fail poster, but though several people recognised him, he was allowed to pass without any demonstration.

Mr. Baxter, Chairman of the Farmers' Party, told an election audience that he had been approached before the "no confidence" motion by a prominent member of Fianna Fail, and asked to bring the Farmers' Party into the Labour-Redmondite-Fianna Fail Coalition, being offered the post of Minister of Lands and Agriculture if he would do so. He declined.

DUTY TO VOTE.

AN ARCHBISHOP'S ADVICE.

CASTLEBAR, Thursday.

Speaking at the Church of Our Lady of the Holy Rosary, Castlebar, the Most Rev. Dr. Gilmartin, Archbishop of Tuam, said that they might expect a word from him in reference to the election.

"I am," he said, "altogether opposed to appreciating the merits or demerits of political parties in the Church of God. I will, therefore, abstain from making any remarks of a political character, because I think that the Church of God is not the place for such remarks. At the same time, while that is the case, I have a perfect right to tell you that on this occasion, in this crisis of our country's history, every citizen should come forward and record his or her vote. That is a moral duty. Do not be apathetic, as a lot will depend on your vote. Vote according to the dictates of your conscience. You know what that means.

"I would also like to say that I would like to see this election conducted on lines of Christian charity; that there should be no violence; that everybody should be allowed to express his views, and that, when one side is so permitted, they should allow others the same right."

MONAGHAN.

THE IGNORANCE OF FIANNA FAIL.

NO KNOWLEDGE OF HOW TO GOVERN.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

CARRICKMACROSS, Thursday.

The Cumann na nGaedheal and Fianna Fail candidates for County Monaghan addressed meetings here to-day on the occasion of the monthly fair.

Senator O'Rourke, who presided at Mr. Blythe's meeting, asked if the people of the country wanted any more bloodshed.

A Voice—"Yes, we want more of it."

The interrupter was immediately ejected from the crowd, and received some very rough usage.

The Chairman pointed out that the issue of the election was the Treaty. De Valera having failed to scrap it now wanted it amended.

THE BLOOD GUILT.

Mr. Blythe reminded his hearers that four months ago he stood there with Kevin O'Higgins. A week before that a crowd of rowdies who were not fit to clean Kevin O'Higgins's shoes refused to let him be heard, and he was shouted down. A week after that Dr. McCarvill, the Fianna Fail candidate, talked about Kevin O'Higgins as a man whose hands were dripping with blood. The result of all these attacks on Kevin O'Higgins was that a Sunday or two afterwards, when the Minister for Justice was on his way to Mass, he was met by armed men and riddled with bullets. He was killed because he stood between the people and those who wanted to coerce them. He was a man of no fear, which he showed when he lay dying. A most unselfish man, who tried to serve the people, he was shot because he was largely responsible for breaking the attempt to coerce the ordinary people of the country.

A Voice—"What about Rory O'Connor's death?"

Mr. Blythe—"The death of Rory O'Connor lies at the door of Eamonn de Valera, who could have prevented the civil war and all that happened by taking the oath which he took the other day; calling it an empty formula simply because he was afraid that he would be wiped out. If he had accepted the Treaty, he would have prevented the civil war, the loss of many lives and all the destruction that had taken place. (Applause.)

WHY MR. DE VALERA TOOK THE OATH.

Referring to the fact that Mr. de Valera had taken the oath, Mr. Blythe said that any man was entitled to change his mind, but de Valera went behind the backs of those who elected him and his party and took the oath. The Government Party were attacked because they dissolved the Dail, but the real reason of the attack was that de Valera was afraid to face the electors, on account of his broken pledges and because he had turned his back on his principles and policy.

Two sorts of Government could come out of the election. They had Mr. Cosgrave and his party, who would carry out the policy of the past, but with greater success. That would mean stability, absolute security, and development along normal lines. What kind of policy would a Government consisting partly of de Valera's party and partly of the Labour Party carry out? Did it matter what de Valera and his party would promise? How did they carry out their promises of the past? The people could not believe in their promises or their oaths. They might do anything, not to serve the country, but to save their own faces and add to their own glorification. All de Valera's career had been aimed at feeding the fires of his own pride, and he would continue to do so.

EDUCATING FIANNA FAIL.

There was no valid reason, now that he had swallowed the oath and discovered it to be an empty formula, why he should interfere with it further. There was no valid reason why he should threaten to break the Treaty. The reason was that he wanted to justify himself for all that he did in 1921 and 1922. If he tried to do decent work for the country, people would want to know why he did not come into the Dáil in the beginning.

Safety and security in the country could be got only by putting de Valera and his friends in Opposition in the Dáil. If he were put in power he would be a danger to the State, but by spending four or five years in Opposition he would learn some of the responsibilities of government. He did not know anything about it at present.

THE FOLLY OF HIGH PROTECTION.

Discussing Mr. de Valera's economic policy of high protective tariffs, Mr. Blythe said that the Government believed in protection, but they recognised that it was wise to proceed carefully.

"The policy of high protection," declared Mr. Blythe, "would be the ruin of this country. The farmers would have to sell their produce in British markets, and would get no more for it than they were getting at present, but they would have to pay more for everything they bought. These people have not learned how the work of a country should be done, and the return of them to power would be a great danger. The arms would be brought out of the dumps, drilling would start, and we would have a collision of armed forces, civil war, and burning—all for nothing. We were not going to have that any more."

The Fianna Fail Party would do just as much to effect economy as they did to get rid of the oath. Some people said that de Valera had the oath taken three times before the Clerk of the Dail could stop him. (Laughter and applause.)

Mr. P. Duffy also spoke.

FIANNA FAIL MEETING.

The Fianna Fail meeting was presided over by the Very Rev. Canon Hackett, P.P., Killanney.

Dr. McCarvill, explaining the fact that he was not a candidate, said that he was not deserting the Republican cause. The fact was that he could not conscientiously draw his allowance, because, owing to his practice, he could not give time to do his duty in the Dail.

Mr. E. Donnelly, candidate, referring to the murder of Mr. O'Higgins, said that they all deplored and repudiated it; but when other crimes had been committed in this country rewards of £10,000 or £20,000 were offered, and there was no reward in the case of Kevin O'Higgins. If they wanted to find those who committed the crime, let them not associate them with the Republicans, in whose ranks they would not be found. And they well knew it.

HOW A GOVERNMENT SUPPORTER WAS WON OVER.

Mr. E. Kelly, Essexford, who was a Government supporter in the last elections, said that Frank Aiken had assured him that, if Fianna Fail were returned to power, there would be no interference with the Army, the Civic Guard, or the Civil Service. There would be no danger of civil war. Everything would go on as at present, except that the spirit of Irish nationality would be preserved.

Dr. Ward, the other candidate, also addressed the meeting.

GALWAY.

SPREADING LIES ABOUT IRELAND.

MR. HOGAN CASTIGATES FIANNA FAIL.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

LOUGHREA, Thursday.

Continuing his election tour of Galway, Mr. P. Hogan, Minister for Lands and Agriculture, addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting here to-day. He arrived in the town while Mr. Frank Fahy, one of the Fianna Fail candidates, was speaking from a motor car, and for some time Mr. Hogan, who was accompanied by Mr. Sean Broderick, Government candidate, listened to Mr. Fahy's address from the outskirts of the crowd.

Mr. de Valera, in a motor car bearing a tricolour and a Fianna Fail placard, passed through the crowd. Although recognised by many of the Fianna Fail supporters, the motor was allowed to pass without any demonstration.

Mr. Hogan, who was received with cheers and cries of "Up, Hogan!" said that he had no skeletons in the cupboard. A lot of people were very oratorical and eloquent in their own preserves where there was nobody to contradict them. He saw shopkeepers, farmers and labourers in that meeting, and he wanted them to ask any questions they liked and he would answer them. Let them not go home and talk: let them ask their questions at the meeting.

THE LOAN.

A Voice—What about the loan?

Mr. Hogan said that at the last elections the Government stated that they had passed an Act to set up an agricultural bank for the purposes of lending money to farmers.

A Voice—Why didn't you lend it?

Mr. Hogan—That is easily answered: because we had not got it to lend. And why? Because no one in his proper senses would lend us one penny. The day that the "no confidence" motion was proposed in the Dail the National Loan dropped from £102 to £92. Before the last election we could borrow money as cheaply as the American or English, or any Government in the world, to-day we cannot borrow because of the result of the last election. If we were defeated de Valera would get into power—

A Voice—To him no one would lend a shilling.

"Would anyone in the crowd tell me who is de Valera?" asked Mr. Hogan.

There were derisive cheers and shouts of "Foreigner," and "He is a Cuban."

"The only thing we do know about him," said Mr. Hogan, "is that he is not an Irishman, and that is the reason that Frank Fahy and his company are following him. These people with the slave in their bones follow him because they would rather see a Spaniard, an Englishman, a German or a Frenchman run this country than an Irishman. That is what is wrong with them."

LIES ABOUT IRELAND.

Mr. Hogan said that when he was in America, Canada, Denmark and France he was told that the Irish were a mean, jealous and spiteful crowd. He had told them that they were liars. That was the story that England used to preach—that the Catholics and Protestants of Ireland were at each other's throats. To-day the English were gone and they had de Valera and his party spreading these lies throughout the world. The present Government were striving to keep the good name of the country before the nations of the world, while Fianna Fail were blackening it.

THE POST-TRUCE HEROES.

He did not want the vote of any man who was trying to rob his neighbours, or of any man who did not try to pay his debts. Let that class of man vote for Mr. de Valera, who was their proper leader. Neither did he want votes from the young fellows who became soldiers from 1922, after the English had gone. He had far more respect for the "Black and Tans" than for the fellows who wanted to fight when the "Black and Tans" had left. He wanted once for all to put an end to this humbug and nonsense and cant. The English were gone, and the Irish people now owned and governed the country. He challenged any man in the crowd to tell him where were the English, or what influence they had in this country. Who was running the country except Irishman?

A Voice—What about Johnson? Why didn't you put him out?

Mr. Hogan—We did. (Cheers and laughter.)

TRIBUTE TO MR. JOHNSON.

"You got that reply from me, and I am sorry for it," continued Mr. Hogan. "Mr. Johnson is an Englishman, and he does not deny it. He is one of the few Englishmen who did really good service to this State. I have a good deal of respect for him. Johnson and the Labour Party did a good day's work for the State in 1922, when they set their faces against destruction and civil war. There were good men in the Labour Party, but all the same I do not want to see Johnson running this country. I entirely disagree with his late policy, and I think it was a mistake for him to surrender to Mr. de Valera. At the same time, I have a lot of respect for him. He did a man's part in this country when good men were wanted. I won't forget that to him. I object to humbugs, but Johnson was never a humbug."

Mr. Sean Broderick, candidate, and Dr. Michael Davitt also addressed the meeting.

"IN MR. DE VALERA'S POCKET."

POSITION OF A LABOUR GOVERNMENT.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

TUAM, Thursday.

Cumann na nGaedheal, Labour and Fianna Fail meetings were addressed in rotation to-day at Headford Fair, and good order prevailed throughout.

The Rev. Father Forde, P.P., Claran, presided at the Government meeting, and said that he was in full sympathy with its object—to support by every legitimate means the candidates selected by Cumann na nGaedheal. He considered this election one of the most important in the last fifty years, and asked them not to be deceived by false promises. What had they ever got from Fianna Fail? (A Voice—Rain and murder.) Yes, disorder, turmoil, bloodshed, loot, and robbery *galore*. It was a pity a man of such high ideals as de Valera did not think it worth while to take the oath before precious lives and fifty millions went up in smoke.

FIANNA FAIL AND MAJOR COOPER.

Mr. Hogan, Minister for Lands and Agriculture, said that there had been a lot of talk about a man named Bryan Cooper, who, according to Fianna Fail, had the big fault of having made a success of his business. That was a terrible disadvantage in politics. The idea! As if no man should be in politics only the man who was going to make money out of it. If Bryan Cooper were at the fair he would buy stock and pay for them, and that was all wrong. (A Voice—We have enough of de Valera and his crowd now.)

Continuing, Mr. Hogan said that they could have got money as cheaply as the English Government before the last election, but the day the resolution of Redmond, Johnson and de Valera was introduced in the Dail the Loan fell from 100 to 92.

Mr. Lynch, the Labour candidate, who was in the crowd, said "97."

A GOVERNMENT IN DE VALERA'S POCKET.

Mr. Hogan—I am glad Mr. Lynch there interrupted me. Let me ask you this question: From the day the confusion started until the resolution was introduced was the Loan falling steadily?

Mr. Lynch—You say the Loan fell the day the vote was taken.

Mr. Hogan—The date the vote was taken the Loan was 92, and when we won it went up to 97. (Cries of "Up Hogan.")

Mr. Hogan—Why didn't it go back to 101? Because we had only a majority of one. If we had not remained in office, what would have happened? Mr. Johnson—he is a man I respect—and Mr. Redmond, whom I have no respect for, would come into office. They would form a Government, but the Government would be in de Valera's pocket, and no people would lend money to a Government in de Valera's pocket, because he broke every promise he ever made. Mr. Lynch's Party were responsible, with Redmond's and de Valera's Parties, that the Government has now to borrow money at a dearer rate of interest.

Mr. Lynch, proceeded Mr. Hogan, had stated at the last election that he was in favour of abolishing the oath—in other words, that Mr. de Valera was winning, and Mr. Lynch had lost his head. He (Mr. Hogan) did not know County Galway if, at this election, short work would not be made of this new-found Republican, Mr. Lynch. If de Valera had discovered five years ago that the oath was an empty formula, there would have been no executions, and the twelve men from the district executed would be alive to-day. In order to save himself now from political extinction de Valera took the oath.

LABOUR CANDIDATE'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Lynch then addressed a meeting. He said that the statement of the Minister that the Labour Party was in the pocket of de Valera was absolutely false. The Labour Party was as independent to-day as in 1922. He never knew in all his experience Ministers who were so vindictive towards their political opponents. Mr. Hogan had said that he (Mr. Lynch) was a new recruit. He was in the national movement when Paddy Hogan was waving the Union Jack, and were it not for the mistake made when Paddy Hogan was arrested for his brother, he would not be in the national movement to-day. Mr. Hogan had said that their opponents were on the run, but he (Mr. Lynch) said that the Cumann na nGaedheal were on the run.

FIANNA FAIL CANDIDATES' SPEECH.

Mr. Powell, Fianna Fail, said that five families had the bulk of the jobs in the Free State Ministry. Fianna Fail had conducted the campaign in a fair way, and he was glad to see that there were no interruptions at the meeting. He did not want to drive his policy down anybody's throat. The people should make up their minds and vote for the party they considered worthy of support. If Fianna Fail were returned to power, they would have no political tests for anybody, but their policy was one of peace and unity. The Free State people were responsible for starting the civil war, and were, therefore, responsible for all the trouble, loot and everything else. The Republicans had to put up a fight; they had no other course, but to stand up to them like men, and if they had not done that, it would not be two and a third millions loss done, but fifty millions, and the country would now be gone to hell. His party had made no pact with any party in the Dail. They accepted the Cosgrave challenge, and gave the other parties the necessary support to form a Government, but if found doing anything more, they would be thrown out.

CO. GALWAY.

WILL OF THE PEOPLE.

FIANNA FAIL WILL NOT CHALLENGE ENGLAND.

Mr. Frank Fahy, Fianna Fail candidate, speaking at Loughrea yesterday, said that they were willing to forgive and forget anything said or done against them in the past six years. They knew that would be hard on many of them; but if they remembered that they were but three millions—the remnant of the Gaelic race—they should see the necessity for unity, if ever they were to achieve Irish freedom and get peace, stability, and employment in the country. Their first step would be to repeal the Coercion Act; secondly, to abolish all political tests for employment in the Civil Service or officer on public boards. In the division or land, or the giving of work on the roads, they would not ask what political party applicants belonged to, but would divide the land, or give the work to those most entitled to it, whatever their political opinions might be.

If they got that unity and charity among Irishmen, which they advocated, there would be no need of so large a force of Civic Guards as they were paying for at present.

"Many, we know," said Mr. Fahy, "are troubled as to our attitude towards the Treaty and the National Loan. No Government can repudiate a nation's liabilities, and it is not the intention of Fianna Fail to repudiate the National Loan. We do not like the oath now one bit more than we did six months ago, or five years ago, but in getting rid of it, in the matter of the sale in case the reserve price was not Governor-General, and many other sections of that Treaty which we disliked we guarantee we shall proceed just as rapidly as the majority of the Irish people want us, according to their voice expressed through the referendum. That does not mean that in minor issues, or in refusing the financial agreement, we would always take humbly and submissively England's interpretation of this alliance or agreement; but, certainly, we shall not challenge England on the majority question without the expressed will and consent of the Irish people.

"We are in now," he concluded. "You have our programme before you, and if you approve of it and want peace, order, and stability, keep us there, and give us sufficient members to put our programme into practice and operation.

MR. JOHN GOOD'S CANDIDATURE

Mr. John Good will hold a public meeting in the Town Hall, Rathmines, to-night. The chair will be taken at 8.15 by Sir Simon Maddock, Chairman of the Rathmines Urban Council.

ANOTHER BRITISH AERO RECORD.

Following his Light Aeroplane Speed Record of 186.47 m.p.h. on Aug. 29th, Capt. H. F. Broad reached 20,000 ft. in 17 mins. on the D.H. "Tiger Moth," again using Wakefield CASTROL Motor Oil—the Product of an all-British Firm.—[Advt.]

LONGFORD-WESTMEATH.

CAUSE OF EMIGRATION AND UNEMPLOYMENT.

PROFESSOR TIERNEY ON MR. DE VALERA'S TACTICS.

Professor Tierney was the principal speaker at a large meeting which was held in the Market square, Longford, last Wednesday night in support of the candidature of the Cumann na nGaedheal candidates—Messrs. M. P. Connolly, Longford; P. W. Shaw, Mullingar, and Owen J. Dolan, Athlone.

In the course of the proceedings an interrupter was removed by Civic Guards.

The Chairman (Senator MacGuinness) said that they had been disappointed that President Cosgrave could not be present, and on behalf of the President he tendered an apology for his absence, which was occasioned by urgent business of State.

THE WILL OF THE PEOPLE.

"On behalf of the Government of the country," the Chairman continued, "I stand before you this evening. I respect that Government, because I respect the will of the majority of the people of this country. The Government rules by majority rule, and without that majority rule we cannot get along. There are two parties particularly in this fight. There is one that stands to find fault with everything, no matter what it is, that the Government does. Up to a short time ago that party declared that the man who went into the Dail was a perjurer; and you know what regard there is for a perjurer by decent people in any country. When I took the oath I did not consider I was committing perjury; I did not consider that I deserved eternal damnation for so doing. I went in because the majority of the people told me to go in and subscribe to Article 17 of the Constitution. (Hear, hear.) On the oath pretence Mr. de Valera launched the country into bloody civil war, and inflicted a financial burden on this country of £30,000,000 and kept the country divided for five years. I appeal to you, men and women of Longford, to vote for honesty and truth." (Hear, hear.)

THE INTERRUPTER.

A Voice—What about the Public Safety Act?

Senator McGuinness—As to the Public Safety Act, you may call it coercion if you like; and now I wonder whom it affects in this crowd.

The Voice—Me.

Senator McGuinness—Now, John, you are a drunken corner boy, and shut up. The Safety Act has been passed in order to make it safe for business men, who mind their business, to carry on, and it means to deal with the blackguard, the robber, the gunman, and any others who devote their enterprise to robbing shops, post offices, and banks, and to punish them. (Applause.)

Professor Tierney, who was received with applause, said: "I have come here on behalf of President Cosgrave to ask you to vote at the coming election as free citizens, and to ask you to take upon yourselves the responsibilities and duties of free citizens. This country before 1921 was not a free country. Since the Treaty the people are a free and sovereign people, and they are asked, when voting at this election, to realise that fact, and also the fact that their duty as free citizens at this election is to realise also their responsibilities.

JEALOUSY.

"I want you to realise," he continued, "that that party which is led by Mr. de Valera is trying to misrepresent the facts, and trying to wrest from you that freedom which you now enjoy, and which they tried before to wrest from you by force of arms in 1922 and 1923. Mr. de Valera was dissatisfied with that measure of freedom, not because it was insufficient, or that it did not give certain powers to the people of Ireland, but because he, and a few others, had nothing to do with the making of it. He and his friends were animated simply and solely with jealousy of those men who came back from London with the flag of Irish freedom, as Arthur Griffith said." (Hear, hear.)

Proceeding, he said that Mr. de Valera, in order to gain his selfish ends, set brother against brother, set father against son, and divided families, in his sinister attempt to bring power to himself. Last May, Mr. de Valera was still telling the people that anyone who went into the Dail was a perjurer and an enemy of the Irish nation. When a political situation arose and he thought he saw an opportunity of gaining his selfish ends he went back on all his promises and swallowed the oath.

VOTES FOR FREEDOM.

"We ask you," he continued, "to give your vote for President Cosgrave, not because he is President, but to give a vote that will finally and definitely give you freedom in this country, and that the people, instead of tearing at each other's throats about formulas, may use their country for the benefit of their children. If the people at the present time reject President Cosgrave they are giving back their country to the gun-men and the robbers that they were rescued from in 1922 and 1923."

Mr. de Valera and his friends, Professor Tierney went on to say, had no right to complain about emigration and unemployment no more than Satan had to rebuke sin. Hear, hear.) They had no right to do that no more than the crocodile had to weep over the victims he had swallowed, because they were the chief and only cause of increased emigration and of unemployment. There were men talking about salaries and extravagance who themselves were notorious for their extravagance and incompetency.

CALUMNY AND SLANDER.

Last summer the calumny and slander now bandied about was also used against the Government. One of the greatest men on the Government platforms was Mr. Kevin O'Higgins: he was slandered, vilified and mobbed all over the country. Mr. Kevin O'Higgins lived a life of toil, and died the death of a martyr, because he was prepared to give his life for the freedom of his people, and because he was prepared to give his life to keep this country free he was murdered in a month afterwards. The same villainous talk was going on in the present election about his colleagues, who were working for the freedom of the country, and were prepared to give their lives, if necessary, for their country. (Applause.)

We ask the people in this election, he concluded amidst applause, whether a Government based on freedom and democracy can endure in Ireland, or whether we are to be damned in perpetuity to civil war and anarchy?

Messrs. M. P. Connolly (candidate) Liam Burke and others addressed the meeting.

EX-UNIONISTS.

By a telegraphic error Mr. P. W. Shaw was reported as saying at Athlone that 55 per cent. of the people who had been Unionists were anxious to do their best to assist the country. Mr. Shaw said 95 per cent.—not 55 per cent. His remarks were in answer to Fianna Fail's criticism that ex-Unionists had joined the Government Party.

NORTH CORK.

ENGLAND'S POWER.

PROFESSOR O'SULLIVAN AND THE TREATY.

Mr. T. O'Keefe, Chairman of the Urban Council, presided at a meeting held in Macroom last evening in support of the candidature of Mr. "Dan" O'Leary, who stands in the Government interest. The proceedings were perfectly harmonious, and the speakers, among whom were Professor O'Sullivan, Minister for Education, and Mr. D. Vaughan (Farmers' Union) were cordially received.

Mr. O'Leary said that he accepted the Treaty five years ago in the true sense in which Arthur Griffith accepted it—namely, as a basis on which permanent peace could be established.

Professor O'Sullivan asked the people to give a decisive answer to the question now being put to them. The position after the last election was an impossible one under the conditions that prevailed. No loan was possible, because the fate of a Government was in jeopardy from day to day.

Mr. Johnson had led his Party into a morass. He threw the Labour programme overboard when he saw a chance of office, although he and L. Party had generally acknowledged that conditions of stability were absolutely essential in order that employment might be normally available.

Referring to the threat to tear up the Treaty, Professor O'Sullivan said that England would have a say in the matter, and she would not need to put a single soldier in the field against Ireland, as all she need do was to cease trading with this country, and in three or four months the farmers of Ireland would be ruined.

CORK.

RECORD POLL WANTED FOR MR. COSGRAVE.

MR. EGAN ON MR. WALSH'S RESIGNATION.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

CORK, Thursday.

All parties were actively engaged in Cork City to-day, and fully a dozen meetings were held in the city. In the absence of President Cosgrave the three other Government candidates—Messrs. Barry M. Egan, M. J. Nagle, and Alex. Healy—held two successful rallies in the Blackpool district, which is mainly a working-class area.

There was an exceptionally large attendance, and the candidates were listened to without interruption, save for one or two interjections of the good-humoured kind.

Mr. Nagle said that the Free State could never prosper so long as the oath and the Treaty were trotted out as the main issue at every election in the country. The people must realise what a split with Great Britain would mean to the country.

FACING THE FACTS.

They must realise that 85 per cent. of the wealth of Ireland was solely agricultural, and that 85 per cent. of that wealth was derived from Great Britain. She was Ireland's best, and almost her only customer, and the people must face these undeniable facts, and try to foresee what their position would be if there were a break between England and Ireland.

The Free State is not a self-supporting country, he continued, and must live by her trade and commerce, and her imports and exports. What would happen, supposing the cross-Channel ports were closed to the receipt of Irish live stock? We should be heading straight for economic and national bankruptcy. We cannot do without our trade with Great Britain, and we shall not try to do without it.

Mr. Alex. Healy said that they were given an opportunity of recording their votes for prosperity or misery and unemployment. They had to decide between a party standing for national honour, which kept its pledges, and one standing for perjury and blasphemy, whose leader had broken every promise he ever made to the people.

They all knew the ruin and unemployment which had resulted in the City of Cork following the destruction of Mallow Bridge. Mallow Bridge was destroyed by Mr. de Valera and his party, and yet with this record behind him he asked the people to forget the past. No wonder Mr. de Valera wants the past forgotten.

They must thank the late Government, by whose efforts since 1922 the gunman had been cowed and their streets made safe for the people.

Mr. Egan said that if the Fianna Fail Party were willing to throw in their lot as decent Irishmen and work for the regeneration of the State and the country, and not run the risk of another war, the country would not reject their services. They had, however, got to rebuild what that party had destroyed throughout the Free State.

Proceeding, he said that the Cumann na nGaedheal Party were making no rash promises, and he was not going to make any. At present, however, they were in communication with a large textile manufacturer with a view of having the flax factory at Blackpool reopened.

Mr. Egan's announcement was received with prolonged applause, and he proceeded to explain that the company referred to was desirous of obtaining a site either in Dublin, Cork, Limerick, or Waterford.

While he could make no promise, he hoped to be in a position to speak more definitely next week.

A BETTER MAN.

Having referred to the resignation of Mr. J. J. Walsh, Mr. Egan said, amidst applause, "We have now got a better man in his place, and I hope that the people of Cork will by their votes for Mr. Cosgrave equal the record poll given to Michael Collins in 1922. That is the answer we want to give our opponents."

EAST CORK.

A HOSTILE CROWD.

HOT TIME FOR FIANNA FAIL CANDIDATES.

Lively scenes took place at an election meeting held at Ballymacoda on Wednesday night. Messrs. M. J. Corry and W. Kent, Fianna Fail candidates, arrived in the village after 9 o'clock, getting a very mixed reception.

Introduced by Mr. Jeremiah Bernard, Chairman, Mr. Corry started speaking, but was met with persistent heckling and interruptions. Mr. Kent followed, and was similarly received. He said that he did not expect such treatment from the patriotic people of Ballymacoda after all his family had suffered for Ireland in the past.

At this stage Sergeant Crofton and a couple of Civic Guards arrived on the scene, and they insisted on the speakers being heard. When Mr. Kent concluded, Mr. Corry stood up to speak again, his remarks about the pay of the Civic Guards, Army pensioners, etc., giving rise to renewed disorder. Matters became very threatening in spite of the Guards' exertions, and a rush was made at some of the speakers' backers. Were it not for the presence of the Guards, who ran in to their assistance and removed the attackers, they would have been seriously punished. One man was taken into custody for his own protection.

After about an hour's uproar, the meeting came to an abrupt finish, and the candidates left the village.

WEST CORK.

VOTE FOR SAFETY.

THE ONE WAY TO SECURE IT.

Addressing a large gathering at Clonakilty last night, Professor O'Sullivan, Minister for Education, said that the question they had to decide was whether they were going to allow the Treaty to be ripped up and the work of the last five years to be thrown away as if it were worth nothing. If the Fianna Fail Party realised their ambitions, would the country be more free than it was that day? What interference was there with them in the conduct of their affairs by any outside Power? Not in the smallest item of their policy did Great Britain interfere. Not only did she not interfere, but she did not even give a hint as to what they should do. She left them alone and they left her alone. (Cheers.)

"We are as independent as she is," declared Professor O'Sullivan. "People want us to interfere in the domestic affairs of England, but the Minister for Agriculture has reminded us that not only are we free, but England is free also. I find that there are a few people interrupting us with questions about the oath at the present election. (Laughter.) I do not say that the Fianna Fail members were not right in entering the Dail, but I should not like to say what I think of their excuse. It is a great pity that they did not find out five years ago what they profess to have discovered a couple of months ago. How many lives would have been saved! What a future would have been before the country but for this belated discovery.

"They tell you now that there will be no risk, but what guarantee have you that there is not? What are the British going to do over the changing of the name Free State to Republic? It would mean that they should sacrifice their whole world position. Are the Fianna Fail members so convinced that the English are so great-hearted as to sacrifice their world position to save their faces? She need not put a sword into the country. If she found foot-and-mouth disease in this country, what would be the price of agricultural produce? No one is entitled to plunge the country into the danger of a risk of that kind.

"One of the blackest crimes was the murder of O'Higgins, whose sole thought was to serve Ireland to the best of his extraordinary ability. The Safety Bill was introduced to put an end to political playacting and in order that the last five years of the Government and the governed alike should not be made in vain. We put to you in this election that there is no safety for this country unless you return the present Government with a reasonable majority."

THE VOLUNTEER MOVEMENT.

Speaking at a meeting at Athy in support of the candidature of Mr. Wolfe, Cumann na nGaedheal candidate, Mr. Quilty said that when England gave the concessions—when she signed the Treaty—she did not know the position of the Volunteers. England had used nothing like her full strength in the struggle—"if she had where would we be?"

The speaker said that he was a member of the Volunteer movement, and they were beaten, and Mr. de Valera knew it.

WEXFORD.

THE DEFECTION OF MR. WALSH.

"IMMEASURABLE HARM."

At the Bull Ring three election meetings were held last night.

Speaking at a meeting in support of Mr. Osmonde Grattan Esmonde, the Government candidate, Mr. Sean Milroy, referring to Mr. J. J. Walsh's defection from the Government ranks, said that Mr. Walsh's reasons for his recent decision were the Ulster boundary settlement and the Tariff Commission. When those matters were raised Mr. Walsh could have taken action that would have been beneficial to the nation, and would not have jeopardised the Treaty. So far as he (Mr. Milroy) understood, instead of doing so Mr. Walsh supported the Government in both matters, and did his best to get the desires of the Executive Council carried into effect.

He (Mr. Milroy) disagreed emphatically with the Government's policy of those matters, but he considered that immeasurable injury had been done to the cause of a sound, economic policy by the recent action of Mr. Walsh and by the policy of Mr. de Valera. They had ample powers in the Treaty to pursue the most progressive economic policy that any citizen of the Saorstat could devise. The policy of Mr. de Valera seemed to be one of discussing how he would furnish a house while he was determined to destroy it. The electors had to decide whether the house was going to stand or fall before it was furnished.

NO ALLIANCES.

CAPTAIN REDMOND'S PARTY.

Captain Redmond, who spoke when the Government Party's meeting was over, said that his party never had any truck, good, bad or indifferent, with any of the various sections of revolutionaries in the country. (Cheers.) The party to-day was as independent of the two one-time brothers in arms, Messrs. Cosgrave and de Valera, as ever, and its sole aim was to further the interests of the Irish people as a whole. In June he and his colleagues were returned on the principle and doctrine of disapproval of the Government's policy, both politically and economically.

When Mr. O'Higgins was murdered the members of the Government lost their heads, and seemed to think that because the awful crime had been committed by certain assassins the whole country should be subjected to a *régime* of coercion that was unknown in the annals of any civilised country.

They branded the Irish nation as a pack of assassins when they introduced such a measure as the Public Safety Bill. In order to give the people an idea as to the feeling in the country in regard to the measure, what it meant in connection with their rights and liberty, he read for them the following letter which he received, he said, from a close personal friend, and a colleague, on August 4th, 1927:—

"DEAR CAPTAIN REDMOND,—I regret I cannot be at your meeting to-morrow (Friday) night, but I wish it every success. It is essential for your friends and supporters to rally to your assistance, both morally and financially, as in my opinion the great majority of the masses of the people of this country is at your back, owing especially to the great fight you have been putting up against that so-called Safety Bill, which has now passed its final stages. Again wishing your meeting every success, I am, dear Captain—JOHN JINKS."

He had spoken against every stage of the bill, and had voted against it before Mr. de Valera had made up his mind to enter the Dail. He was not one of those who changed his principles or policy because other people believed in changing theirs. (Cheers.) He had again and again contradicted the foul and infamous lie which was spread broadcast in the Government organs and in lanes and alleys by Government organisers that he or his party were at the moment allied or united or in any contact with any party in the State on the occasion of the debate on the vote of censure. He looked to his right and to his left, and he said "A plague on both your houses."

APPEASEMENT.

The entry to the Dail by the Fianna Fail Party, almost one-third of the representatives of the people, was a turning point in the history of the nation. The people should remember when they were voting that they were not voting for a single candidate who would not take his place according to constitutional regulations in his native Parliament. Was that not a wonderful advance beyond the bomb and the petrol tin, and from the prospect of a perpetual vendetta between the two sections of Sinn Fein?

The National League did not support the ruling of the country by methods of coercion and repression which had been adopted, and which had so signally failed, by every British Government for the last hundred years. Forty-one Coercion Acts were passed during the British *régime*, but none went so far as the Coercion Act passed by the present Government under the heading of the Public Safety Bill.

If the people wanted peace, they would vote for the party of appeasement and reconciliation, and not for the party of coercion and repression.

Captain H. Harrison also spoke. Mr. J. Galvin presided.

Mr. M. Doyle, a candidate; Mr. M. O'Connor, solicitor, and Mr. M. Cloney were the speakers at the Farmers' Party meeting.

THE LABOUR CANDIDATES.

Addressing a meeting at New Ross last night, Alderman Corish, Labour candidate, said that the people were not going to give President Cosgrave the huge majority that he wanted in order to allow him do the Mussolini. The present Government had lost their heads and want the people to lose theirs also.

Some people criticised the Labour Party for their action on the "no confidence" motion, but he would rather walk into the division lobby with Mr. de Valera and Captain Redmond than with Major Bryan Cooper and the representatives of Trinity College. He voted for the Treaty in 1922, and he was standing by the Treaty. That was more than could be said of the present Government Party. If the Treaty was to be altered, the Labour Party's policy was to have it done in a constitutional way. They did not want any more civil wars or strife.

TIPPERARY.

WHAT MR. DE VALERA SAID IN 1922.

"I BATTERED DOWN THE WALL OF THE REPUBLIC."

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

CLONMEL, Thursday.

Mr. Gearoid O'Sullivan was the principal speaker at a large and enthusiastic public meeting in support of the five Government candidates for County Tipperary, held in Parnell street, Clonmel, this evening. The Mayor, Councillor James Reidy, presided, and the candidates present included Messrs. S. Burke, L. Tobin, J. Ryan and R. Treacy.

Mr. Seamus Burke, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Finance, who got a great reception, said that they were back again at the starting point, but this time without a handicap. At the last election their horses were very heavily handicapped by diverse parties and severe propaganda, but on this occasion all started from scratch, and the old horses were going to win. (Applause.) The Government was assailed from all sides last June, and it was not to be wondered at that they did not succeed in getting a good majority. The Government were bound hand and foot by circumstances after their five years' hard work. Then came the assassination of his dear friend Kevin O'Higgins.

A Voice—Who assassinated him?

Mr. Burke—One of your friends, for all I know. (Cheers.)

Continuing, he said that the general election gave the people an opportunity of viewing the political situation in a clearer light. They knew how Labour and the National League Parties had acted in a serious crisis when the Treaty position was endangered. They could compare their honeyed election promises with their acts in the Dail.

Then they had de Valera, who said he would never take the oath and that it would be perjury to take it, entering the Dail and taking the oath. After subjecting the country to civil war and thirty million pounds losses and the loss of many lives he now found that the oath was only an "empty formula." Let electors judge these men and parties by their words and deeds when Ireland's fortunes were at stake, and give them a decisive answer by returning to power with a sweeping majority the men and the Government that had saved Ireland's rights and liberties, and who alone were capable of bringing peace, success and prosperity to our loved country.

FARMER CANDIDATE'S SPEECH.

Mr. R. Heffernan, the Farmers' candidate, who was warmly receive, said that, although he was speaking from a Cumann na nGaedheal platform, he did so as the candidate of an independent Party. The reason he was at that meeting was that he wished to put the plain issue before the people. No matter how the farmers differed from the Government on certain matters, they had to take sides on the main issue—that was the Treaty issue. The farmers stood for the Treaty, and against those who

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
At 7.45, THE NEW MUSICAL COMEDY,
LIDO LADY,
Direct from the GAIETY THEATRE, London.
MATINEE TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) AT 2.30.

GAIETY THEATRE.
MONDAY NEXT, FOR SIX NIGHTS, AT 7.45,
TOM WALLS & LESLIE HENSON, Ltd., present
THE FARCICAL COMEDY SUCCESS,
"ROOKERY NOOK."
MARGERY BINNER,
RALPH TRUMAN, STEPHEN RUSSELL,
WILLIAM DAUNT.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2.30.
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

OLYMPIA THEATRE.
TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 7 and 9.
The New Sensational Comedy Revue,
"SCORED AGAIN."
You'll Laugh, You'll Yell, You'll Scream.
Powerful Cast includes
BOB BAYES, the New Star Revue Comedian,
LUCY BRENNAN, LILA VESTA, and the
FAMOUS TEN LIDO LADIES.
BOX OFFICE—11-4. 'PHONE—3208

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AND FOLLOWING NIGHT AT 8
MATINEE SATURDAY 2.30.
W. B. Yeats' version of
ŒDIPUS THE KING, by Sophocles.
THE SHEWING-UP OF BLANCO POSNET,
by G. B. Shaw.
Booking at Theatre and Clerys (10.30 to 6).
Next Week:—First production of W. B. Yeats' version of "ŒDIPUS AT COLONUS."

METROPOLE CINEMA.
ALICE TERRY and ANTONIO MORENO, in
"MARE NOSTRUM."
From the Famous Novel by
VINCENTE BLASCO IBANEZ.
DAILY, at 2.0, 4.15, 6.30 and 8.45 p.m.

METROPOLE RESTAURANT
AND
GRILL ROOM.
Finest Cuisine. Moderate Prices.
EXCELLENT TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON, 2/6.
COMFORTABLE SMOKEROOM.
All Floors Fully Licensed.
TEAS SERVED THROUGHOUT THE DAY AND EVENING.

THE GRAFTON.
LAURA LA PLANTE
IN
"LOVE THRILL,"
With
TOM MOORE, JOCELYN LEE,
And BRYANT WASHBURN.
Showing at 2.50, 5, 7.10, 9.20.
NEXT WEEK—CORINNE GRIFFITH in
"INTO HER KINGDOM."

BALDOYLE RACES,
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY).
First Race, 2.50. Last Race, 5.15. Steeplechase, Hurdle and four Flat Races. Ordinary Trains will leave Amiens street at 1.0, 1.30 and 2.5 p.m. A Special Fast Train will leave at 2.20. Special Trams will run from Dublin to Baldoyle road. Notice—People's Park. Patrons of this enclosure are advised not to place their bets until the runners appear in Telegraph Frame. Race Cards can be obtained from the attendant at Main Telegraph Frame.

PUBLIC NOTICES.
ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION
TO
CHARLES E. HOPKINS, Esq.,
FROM
FRIENDS IN PORTADOWN.

DEAR MR. HOPKINS,
Your friends here, and especially those associated with the Bank of Ireland, learned a short time ago with varied feelings that you were leaving the town on promotion to Tipperary. The call of the Directors had to be obeyed, but we would have felt extremely glad had it been possible for you to remain amongst us.
You came to Portadown ten years ago a complete stranger, but your good qualities of head and heart soon found you many friends.
In your primary duty, the Bank of Ireland had in you a wise administrator. You were successful in largely extending the business of the Bank, while at the same time furthering the commercial interests of your customers. During an extended period of universal trade depression you were able to steer the Bank, and those associated with it, through in safety.
Your urbanity and good nature made you a prime favourite in the social life of the community. Your help was ever freely given in furthering objects tending to the well-being of the people.
As Treasurer of the Agricultural Show, you gave valued help and advice, and in other ways you earned our gratitude and admiration.
In asking your acceptance of this address and farewell gift, we would convey our hearty good wishes to yourself, Mrs. Hopkins and family.
With the prayer that health and happiness may be your portion in your new sphere of labour.
Signed on behalf of the Subscribers,
W. M. CLOW.
P. J. SHEIL.
W. H. ATKINSON.
R. J. UPRICHARD.
S. S. CORRETT.
H. C. I. KELLY.

REPLY.
MY DEAR FRIENDS,
I thank you most heartily and sincerely for the beautiful address and valuable gift which you have presented to me this evening, and for the great honour you have done me in making me the recipient of these tokens of your regard.
During the years I spent in Portadown I received nothing but the greatest kindness and courtesy from all creeds and classes, both in the town and district, and I shall always look back on them as being amongst the happiest in my life. Indeed, it is a great pleasure to me to know that so many of my friends considered my service and attention to duty deserving of recognition in any way, but I must say that any success I may have had was largely due to the pleasant relations that always existed between us, and I was extremely sorry when my official duties called me elsewhere.
I will always be a great pleasure to me to hear of the prosperity of the people of Portadown, and I wish that future years may be full of happiness for you and yours.
Again thanking you, on behalf of my wife, my family and myself for your good wishes and valuable gift,
I remain,
Yours very sincerely,
C. E. HOPKINS.

EDUCATION.

CONVENT OF LA SAINTE UNION DES SACRES COEURS,
KILLASHEE, NAAS, CO. KILDARE.
The Sisters of La Sainte Union des Sacres Coeurs have pleasure in announcing that the Boy's School, formerly conducted by them at Our Lady's Bower, Athlone, has been transferred to Killashee, Naas, where the New Term will commence on the 19th inst., on which day boys will be received.
The new Convent stands in a stately park of over 100 acres, on elevated ground, looking towards the Dublin and Wicklow Mountains. Spacious playing fields will be available for games, and there is also an open-air swimming pool.
Buses running between Carlow, Athy, Castlecomer, The Curragh, Portumna, Limerick and Kilkenny pass the gates, and will stop there by request.
The additional accommodation available at Our Lady's Bower, Athlone, will be utilised for the Girl's School, which will be carried on there as usual.
Prospectus and further information on application to the Rev. Mother, Convent of La Sainte Union des Sacres Coeurs, Killashee, Naas.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON
COMMERCE DEGREE BUREAU.
THE INSTITUTION RECOGNISED BY THE UNIVERSITY for the assistance of EXTERNAL STUDENTS preparing for the COMMERCE DEGREE EXAMINATIONS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF LONDON and unable to attend regular College Courses For Prospectus and advice apply to the Secretary (Mr. H. J. Crawford, B.A.), 46 Russell square, London, W.C.1.

ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN SCHOOL.
FORTY-FOURTH YEAR.
School Premises:
74 and 75 ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN.
Preparation for the Cambridge Local Examinations.
Playing Fields:
MERTON PARK, RANELAGH.
The grounds are so extensive that separate playing fields are allotted to the Senior and Junior Games.
A LIMITED NUMBER OF BOARDERS TAKEN.
SCHOOL RE-OPENS TO-DAY, 9th SEPTEMBER.
The Headmaster will be in attendance daily from 10 to 12.30 o'clock.
G. FITZGERALD STEELE, M.A., Headmaster.

EARLSFORT HOUSE SCHOOL,
63 ADELAIDE ROAD, DUBLIN.
RE-OPENS TO-DAY (FRIDAY), SEPTEMBER 9th.
Sound Modern Education. Cricket, Football, Swimming, Boxing, under daily superintendence.
Interviews from 10 till noon on September 7th, 8th and 9th.
Headmaster—W. ERNEST EXSHAW, B.A., T.C.D., and B.A., London (Hons. in Classics).

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An offer by the Ballybay Electric Light Company to supply the public lighting of the town for the season at 1s. per unit, has been accepted by the local Council.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.0.
Archie Pitt Presents his Super-Revue,
"TOO MANY COOKS,"
THE MOST COLOSSAL REVUE EVER TOURED.
IF YOU WANT A GOOD LAUGH COME AND SEE THE MIX UP IN THE COOK FAMILY.

THE DUBLIN
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY
Desire their Patrons to note that a complete
Repeat Performance of
BEETHOVEN'S 9th SYMPHONY
Will be given during Civic Week at the
THEATRE ROYAL
ON
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24th.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY'S CONCERTS,
SEASON 1927-28.
Orchestral, Oct. 29th—Wagner and Tschaikowsky.
Choral, Dec. 10th—"Elijah" (Mendelssohn).
Orchestral, Jan. 21st—Strauss and Liszt.
Orchestral, Mar. 3rd—Saint-Saëns and Bizet.
Choral, Mar. 31—"Parsifal" (Wagner).
"Stabat Mater" (Stanford).
Conductors:
Colonel Fritz Brase and Mr. Turner Huggard.
The Booking Plan opens 10th inst. at the Theatre Royal.
Season Tickets for Series of Five Concerts:
26/6, 21/-, 16/-, 12/-, 8/-.
Patrons are requested to make early application for Tickets.

THE PAVILION,
DUN LAOGHAIRE. 3 o'c. to 10.15.
LAST 2 DAYS.
OF
"BEAU GESTE."
SCREENING SHARP at 3 o'c., 5.35 and 8.15.
Attendance at earlier shows is still advisable.

CAPITOL.
PRINCES STREET, DUBLIN.
DAILY, 2.30—10.30, CONTINUOUS.
ON THE SCREEN.
LILLIAN GISH, JOHN GILBERT,
RENÉE ADORÉE,
And a Brilliant Cast in
"LA BOHEME."
The Immortal Romance that has Charmed Millions, as a Story and as an Opera.
SHOWING at 2.55, 5.0, 7.10 and 9.20.
ON THE STAGE.
ALEC. C. FRYER and his CAPITOL CLASSICAL JAZZ ORCHESTRA.
12 CAPITOL TILLER GIRLS
(Positively Last Week).
Introductory Tableaux in "LA BOHEME."

PIANOFORTE, HARMONY AND THEORY
(BEGINNERS AND ADVANCED)
By
MISS M. GUILGAULT,
A.R.C.M., L.I.S.M.,
53 LEESON PARK.
Pupils Prepared for Examinations and Teachers' Diplomas. Resuming September 13th.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

DAMAGE TO PROPERTY (COMPENSATION) ACT, 1923.
NOTICE AS TO 5 PER CENT. COMPENSATION STOCK DRAWN FOR REDEMPTION.
The Minister for Finance gives Notice that in conformity with the terms of the Damage to Property (Creation of Security) Order, 1925, made under Section 15 of the above-mentioned Act, drawings were held on 1st instant at the Head Office of the National City Bank, Dublin, of one-tenth of the amounts of 5 per cent. Compensation Stock of the Series (A) (B) (C) and (D), issued in the periods ended 31st May, 1924, 31st May, 1925, 31st May, 1926, and 31st May, 1927, and that the Serial Numbers thereof so drawn for redemption on the 1st November next, will be published in "Iris Oifigiuil" of the 9th instant.
15/8. W.H.Co.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.
POSITION VACANT—
ARCHITECTURAL DRAUGHTSMAN.
Applications are invited for the post of Temporary Architectural Draughtsman, in the Office of Public Works. Salary scale, 60/- rising annually by 5/- to 80/- per week inclusive. Applicants should have received training in an Architect's Office, have an adequate knowledge of elementary building construction and its delineation, and be able to draw and trace accurately, neatly and speedily.
The appointment will be made by the Minister for Finance, on the recommendation of the Civil Service Commissioners. Preference will be given to qualified candidates with approved National Army service, and to those with a knowledge of Irish. The latest date for receiving applications, which must be on the prescribed form, is 26th September, 1927. Forms and particulars may be obtained from the Secretary, Civil Service Commissioners, 53 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.
15/8.1452. W.H.Co.

COIMISINEIRI OIBREACH PUIBLI (COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC WORKS).
NOTICE TO BUILDERS.
Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to but not later than 12 o'clock noon on the 5th October, 1927, for Enlarging Phœnix Park National School, in accordance with the plans and specification to be seen at this Office. A copy of the plans and specification may be obtained on application to this Office on deposit of £1, which will be refunded on return of the plans and specification. In considering the placing of this contract special regard will be had to the extent to which firms submitting Tenders employ, or are prepared to employ, demobilised officers and men of the National Army. The Commissioners will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.—T. Caseidy, Secretary, Oifig Oibreach Puibli (Office of Public Works), Baile Atha Cliath (Dublin), 7th September, 1927. 15/8.1448. W.H.Co.

OGLAIGH na hEIREANN.

TENDER FOR FORAGE FOR THE ARMY.
Tenders are invited for the supply of Forage to the Army for a period of twelve months commencing 1st October, 1927, and ending 30th September, 1928.
Tender Forms and full particulars may be had on application to the Officer i/c Contracts and Disposals, Department of Defence, Parkgate, Dublin.
Tender Forms, filled in as directed, enclosed and sealed in envelopes supplied, must be delivered at the Office of the Officer referred to above, not later than 12 noon on Tuesday, 20th September, 1927.
Tenders will not be considered except on official tender forms, and the lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.
(Signed) SEAN MacBOIN, Major-General, Quartermaster-General.
15/8. 1442. W.H.Co.

DEPARTMENT OF LANDS AND AGRICULTURE.
AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL, BALLYHAISE, CO. CAVAN.
An experienced Working Gardener is required immediately for the above School. The remuneration attached to the post is £3 weekly, inclusive. Preference will be given to a suitable applicant who has served in the National Army or who has a knowledge of Irish. Application form may be obtained from
THE SECRETARY, Department of Lands and Agriculture, Government Buildings, Dublin.
15/8. 1426. W.H.Co.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Ireland, all Districts.—Wind mainly between south-west and west, strong at times; occasional rain, but some fine periods; visibility mainly good, but poor at times locally; moderate temperature to rather warm.

All Seaboards.—Wind mainly between south-west and west, strong at times; occasional rain, but some fine periods; visibility mainly good, but poor at times locally; sea rough.

Dixon and Hempenstall Barometers and Thermometers. 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN WEATHER REPORT.

Date	Bar.	Thermometer. Temp. 10 p.m.	Max.	Min.	Grass Min.	Wind.	Rain in m.	Sun hours
2	30.312	58.4	67	47	42	—	—	10.9
3	30.082	59.4	65	50	49	—	—	5.5
4	29.972	58.2	63	53	51	—	—	4.8
5	29.962	57.8	63	50	51	W.	0.9	—
6	30.118	57.5	66	49	44	S.W.	—	9.5
7	29.788	59.6	72	57	51	W.	1.7	0.7

THE SUN.
To-day.....Rises .. 6.46 Sets 7.58
To-morrow .. .. 6.48 .. .. 7.53
Lighting-up Time 8.59

HIGH WATER—DUBLIN.
To-day .. Morning 10.42 Afternoon 11. 8
To-morrow .. .. 11.31 .. .. 11.53

The Irish Times.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1927.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

Sir Sefton Brancker suggests that Liverpool should be the air port for a daily service to Dublin and Belfast.—(Page 7.)

Charged with the murder of Joseph Daly and with wounding Vincent Quinn at Sandyford on the 20th July last, Thomas P. Sheehy, a corporal in the National Army, was returned for trial in the Dublin District Court yesterday.—(Page 3.)

In the Dublin District Court yesterday Mr. Little made an order for seven days' detention—the first order of its kind—in the case of Sean McBride, who is charged under the Public Safety Act, 1927.—(Page 3.)

Agricultural Shows were held in Wexford and Athenry yesterday. There was an excellent display of horses at Wexford, and at Athenry the cattle exhibits were disappointing.—(Page 11.)

The backward state of the rate collection was discussed at the meeting of the Cork County Council, when a reduction in next year's estimate was foreshadowed.—(Page 3.)

ABROAD.

Motor transport has kept the markets at Brisbane well supplied during the Queensland railway strike.—(Page 7.)

Two Irishmen who left Newfoundland to fly to London are missing.—(Page 7.)

The search for Old Glory has been abandoned.—(Page 7.)

Attempts are being made to stop the Windsor (Ontario) to Windsor (England) flight, and the airmen, who are in Newfoundland awaiting for favourable weather, have been requested to return.—(Page 7.)

SPORTING

At Doncaster yesterday Mayrian won the Portland Handicap.—(Page 10.)

At Powerstown Park yesterday Ardfinnan won the Barrow Plate, Dainty Lass the Blackwater Plate, Proud Maisie the Nore Plate, Let Me Go the Anner Plate, Lady Lavender the Suir Plate, and Alike the Shannon Plate.—(Page 10.)

FINANCIAL

London Stock Markets were easier. Activity in Industrials was much less pronounced.—(Page 4.)

Loans were not so stringent in Lombard street, and the rate for overnight advances was rarely over 4 per cent. Discounts were steady.—(Page 4.)

Dublin Market was very irregular. Guinness Shares recovered, but later closed 1-16 down at 46½.—(Page 4.)

A National Loan.

So much insistence is being laid by all parties on the constitutional and political aspects of the Free State general election that its financial aspect is receiving too little attention. General elections always have a disturbing effect on national finances. They encourage a reckless spirit among the people which results in unpaid debts, and are the bane of the tax-collector's existence. Two general elections within three months will cost the Free State a pretty penny, not only in direct expenses, but in indirect losses of various kinds. Since the elections of last June the Government has had no chance to regulate its finances. Crisis has followed crisis in such rapid succession that Ministers have been occupied fully in purely political activities. The result has been that when next week's elections are over very little money will remain in the public purse. On last Saturday the balance in the exchequer was only £139,000—a drop in the ocean from the national point of view—and unless a strong hand is applied to the helm immediately, grave danger will threaten the State. Money must be found at once. Another national loan must be floated before the winter, and everything will depend on the terms on which, say, £10,000,000 can be borrowed by the Free State Government. Three years ago no difficulty was experienced in the raising of a £10,000,000 loan on terms that, in view of existing conditions, were distinctly favourable. Until a few weeks ago the price of the Free State Loan stood high among the best securities on the market, and, but for the political unrest which followed the murder of Mr. Kevin O'Higgins, it might have been still at par to-day.

The present public debt of the Irish Free State is between £17,000,000 and £18,000,000. I. comprises the last National Loan, Compensation Stock, Savings Certificates, sums borrowed under the Telegraph and Telephone Acts, Ways and Means advances, and £2,500,000 worth of Free State Bills. At the end of the last financial year the sum of £3,579,000 in temporary borrowings was carried over to the present year, and the floating debt is increasing daily. The financial position fundamentally is sound, but another loan is absolutely necessary. The Shannon Scheme is a costly business. Last year the sum of £704,000 was advanced for purposes of construction, and the amounts issued during the present year already have reached £406,000. This expenditure is inevitable. Again, the Agricultural Credit Corporation must be financed. This body will lend money to the farmers for long periods on easy terms; but it will be quite helpless unless in its turn it can obtain money from the Government at a rate which will enable it to accommodate its clients. The floating debt must be reduced; there must be some measure of tax relief in the next Budget, and money must be provided for the immediate wants of the State. All these things can be done only if the Government is in a position to raise a loan on reasonable terms. The game would not be worth the candle if money should cost seven or eight *per cent.*; for a grievous burden would be cast on the shoulders of the unfortunate taxpayers, who already, in all conscience, have enough to carry. At least £10,000,000 must be raised before Christmas.

The fate of the loan will be decided at the polls next Thursday. If President Cosgrave is returned to power with a sufficiently large majority to secure him in office for the next few years, Mr. Ernest Blythe will find little difficulty in raising the money on terms at least as favourable as those which he obtained in 1924. In that event the national finances can be placed on a stable footing, and the way will be clear for a period of steady development. If, on the other hand, Mr. Cosgrave's majority should be so tenuous that stable government would give way to a series of parliamentary crises—such as those which were experienced in France at the time when inflation was at its height—or if, by some unhappy chance, his enemies should be returned in a majority, all hopes of a successful loan would disappear at once. Mr. de Valera's economists have proved that they lack the most elementary acquaintance with the rudiments of high finance. They talk airily of fantastic loans from the United States, which, by means of the subtle alchemy of Mr. de Valera's influence, will be produced like rabbits from a conjuror's hat. Mr. Thomas Johnson is not so foolish. He knows well that, if he should be elected President of the Executive Council, he could not raise ten million pence, much less £10,000,000, and wisely has steered clear of the subject in his election speeches. The blunt truth is that, as matters stand at present, Mr. Cosgrave's Government is the only administration that can raise a national loan. This fact may be a sad commentary on the value of proportional representation as an instrument of enlightened democracy; for no one party ought to enjoy a monopoly of public confidence. Nevertheless, it remains; and any voter who on next Thursday fails to support Mr. Cosgrave's candidates will invite financial disaster.

The Queensland Strike.

The labour crisis in Queensland has been brought to a head by the Prime Minister's firm stand against revolutionary methods. When he met Parliament on Tuesday Mr. McCormack declared that, even if his political extinction should result, "he would not allow a noisy minority to control the country." The trouble began at the South Johnstone Sugar Mill, where strikers rejected a settlement that the executive of their own union had endorsed. Then a worker on the State railways refused to handle "black" sugar from the mill and was suspended. Other suspensions followed, to the number of 120, and on September 1st the Railway Commissioner dismissed all the 11,000 workers on the ground that the system had been crippled by the hostility of the railwaymen's union. The railways are now "black," and since last Saturday they have been idle throughout the whole State. As yet the strike has not spread to other transport services. Mails continue to reach Sydney from Brisbane by land and sea, and the Government has taken charge of the supply and distribution of food. At any moment, however, petrol may be declared "black," with the result that all traffic will be paralysed. Furthermore, Queensland may be isolated from the rest of Australia if a conference of all the transport unions can be persuaded to accept this course. Thus organised Labour's challenge to the Government is truly formidable, and, for special reasons, the outcome will be awaited with anxious interest in every part of the Empire. Here we have not the usual protagonists, Capital and Labour: the fight is between a Labour Government, elected on a basis of adult suffrage, and the forces of an arrogant trade unionism. Two years ago the Queensland railwaymen won a similar battle and compelled a Labour Premier to surrender and retire. To-day Mr. McCormack, perceiving the real gravity of the challenge, has decided that the State cannot afford defeat. No constitutional Government can allow its authority to be usurped by any organisation of citizens. No trade union, or collection of trade unions, has any right to put itself above democracy by defiance of the people's Parliament. The present issue in Queensland is the precise issue on which, a year ago, the British Government and people smashed the general strike. This fact and its far-reaching significance are recognised throughout the whole Continent of Australia, and Mr. McCormack's Government will have the moral support of all its legislatures. It is probable that, if the occasion arises, the Federal Government's support will take a concrete form. Speaking in Melbourne on Wednesday, Mr. Stanley Bruce, the Commonwealth Prime Minister, said that, during the coming session at Canberra, Parliament would be asked to consider means to prevent an extension of disputes beyond the industry in which they began. He added that the trouble-makers in Queensland were mainly foreign extremists, whom, "if he had his way, he would throw out of Australia."

Motor Fuel.

Modern industry always must be prepared for the discovery of new manufacturing processes, which at any moment may revolutionise the prospects in a particular market. All the perfumes of Araby have been evoked by chemists from the refuse of gasworks, and

the blushful Hippocrene,

With beaded bubbles winking at the brim,

may be simulated, where Prohibition rules, from a foundation of gelatine or celluloid, so that only Meredith's Dr. Middleton would know the difference. Synthetic ammonia, synthetic wood alcohol, and synthetic acetic acid have invaded the markets within recent years and have competed seriously with natural products. It is reported now that a German method of producing gasoline from bituminous coal, described as "the Bergius process," will increase considerably the world's wealth in oil, and may have important political consequences by lessening the rivalry of nations for natural sources of supply. According to the *Wall Street Journal*, equipment for the Bergius process can be installed in connection with existing gas plants. The process has been perfected to a point where more than 50 *per cent.* of the coal can be transformed into oil. One ton of coal will yield 104 gallons, from which 45 gallons of gasoline can be obtained. The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey has acquired the American rights of this invention, and the question naturally is being asked if motor car owners now can expect a large reduction in the price of gasoline. Probably they may not, since the cost of extraction at present is somewhat high. United States Government experts declare that the Bergius process may be commercialised extensively in countries remote from natural petroleum resources, but scarcely in the United States, where the price of natural petroleum already is very low. The most important effect of the discovery is to remove fears of a shortage of motor fuel if the natural supplies become exhausted.

A Cat's Paw.

The Lord Mayor of London—of all persons—recently discredited the story of Dick Whittington and his cat on the ground that there were no cats in England in Whittington's time. Fortunately for our sense of the fitness of things, this attempt to transform an episode of history into a mere nursery tale has met with instant and convincing refutation. Among the remains of a Roman villa at Ashtead, Mr. Arthur Cotton, lord of the manor, has found a piece of tile, made in the second century, which bears a clear impression of a cat's paw, left when the tile still was soft. There are many allusions in classical literature to the cat, which always has been held in high esteem by civilised peoples. What is more likely than that this friend of man was borne westward and nothward, with the other benefits of Roman rule, in the wake of Cæsar? When the legions departed, is it conceivable that every cat on British soil went with them, or that Saxons, Danes, or Normans were so negligent as to permit the extinction of this useful and interesting animal, which in any case is remarkably capable of taking care of itself? A very high value was set upon cats throughout Europe during the Middle Ages. The ravages of plague, then so frequent, were due largely to rats and mice, of which the cat was the only known foe, and progressive improvement of public health was made possible by the feline companions of Dick Whittington. As if to heap coals of fire on the head of Whittington's successor, Sir Rowland Blades, the tile showing proof of the cat's antiquity in England was made and found within a few yards of his house at Ashtead. Mr. Cotton proposes to present him with a cast of the cat's paw as a convincing demonstration of the truth of a respected tradition.

FRAGRANT MEMORIES.

A LOVER OF IRELAND.

(By "K.")

The following is part of a letter that was written in October, 1880:—"Do you feel cold this frosty weather? Tho' the sun shines so brightly the air is cold for the last few days. But Monday was a perfect day; we were out from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m., as cosy as if it were summer. In twenty years we could not have a better day for our excursion: the sun shone splendidly all day. From Mountmellick to Emo the country is flat, but the view is nice, and a great part of the way is under beautiful trees. Emo is very pretty; there are so few houses you could not call it a village; they are all blazing with flowers, and the cottages all round are covered with creepers, the usual manure-heap replaced by flowers.

"We had a splendid drive round the park before we got to the house. The whole place is most entirely lovely. The time before we did not see it right; I saw the grandness, but not the beauty. It was the very day, too, to see such a place. There are very fine trees and lots of deer. We went into the pleasure grounds and walked all about, tho' the flag was up. We were in the gardens, too. All the men at work seemed as tho' we were the owners of the place. . . .

"We went to see Coolbanagher Church. It is on a hill; you can see the spire through trees all the country round, and from it there are lovely views—on one side a pretty country and, quite near, the humpy Stradbally hills and the Rock of Dunamaise; on the other side a great wide country, trees and fields all colours, a great stretch of brown bog, the purple hills all round and the bluest blue sky. No one who took our drive could think the Queen's County was not beautiful; Kilkenny only surpasses it in the river, and here the views are wider, and, tho' bog-trotting may be laughed at, the bogs themselves come in most beautifully and enrich the colours.

"We came back to Mountmellick, feeling our way; it was very pretty, past demesne walls most of the way, the Slieve Bloom, Wicklow Mountains and other hills all round. Besides us three we had S. O., a real good child: it did one good to see her so happy and nice. We would not see half so much if we had any men creatures with us. We made out the sexton and got into Coolbanagher Church; it is the prettiest inside I ever saw, an aristocratic air about it; you saw at once it was made for wealthy sinners—a very dim light, but forests of wax candles, not on the altar tho'. It does not look the least High Church. It is beautifully nice, but simple. They had had a Harvest Thanksgiving; a note was pinned at the door from the Infirmary Matron thanking for the fruits. So the decorations were down except one or two texts. They had it in Rosenallis last Sunday. They have a photograph here of one of Eleanor B.'s paintings, 'Mariana in the Moated Grange.' The expression is very good; she is sitting in the open window, her hair all tangled, looking at the window sill, but seeing nothing. . . . Poor Mrs. Jellicoe, of the Alexandra College, was buried in Rosenallis (Friends' Sleeping Place) yesterday."

Long afterwards many letters by the same writer, signed "A Country Reader," were printed in the *Irish Times*, when the destruction of our trees and woods began, warning, beseeching, foretelling, in vain. Another letter, too, there was (when an English Nonconformist minister proposed to pacify Ireland by removing all the Protestants to England) in which were the words, "Some of us would rather be miserable in Ireland than happy anywhere else." That agonising love of one's native land—the very land, irrespective of any of its inhabitants, past, present or to come—is never found but among those that are called Masons by archbishops and other political speakers, being a generic term for Protestants, so that there are and have been, many women Masons, though only one woman Freemason.

More than thirty years after the happy day described in the above letter its writer wrote a story, which was published in 1912. In a review of it Mrs. Joseph Campbell spoke of "the reality and vividness of the talk, the distinction and charm of the individuals. . . . They may only flit in and out of the pages, but they live and touch the heart; for there is something more than charm in the book—a rare and fine quality of emotion, and that reached by no high straining or forced eloquence, but with a sincere, tender, moving affect. Here . . . there are peasants who, in a simple and unpretentious manner, make all prouder and fonder of Ireland than any that have come out of the gloomy realisms of the new school."

After its writer's death the book was reprinted. In a review of it Mrs. Katharine Tynan Hinkson said that "the book in its way is a little masterpiece . . . from so fresh and so innocent a mind and heart, that she sees the childish world with the eyes of a child, yet with the glamour that only comes with loss and experience. It is a very gracious and beautiful Ireland which is revealed to us in these pages. . . . It is as sunny and sweet as those long dead years are in the memory of one who was young with them."

Which loves Ireland best, he that makes her loved or he that makes her hated?

THE LATE DR. BERNARD.

DIOCESAN COUNCILS' SYMPATHY.

At a meeting yesterday of the Joint Diocesan Councils of Dublin, Glendalough and Kildare the following resolution was passed in silence, all the members standing:—

"That at this, their first meeting since the lamented death of the Most Rev. and Right Hon. the Provost of Trinity College, John Henry Bernard, D.D., the members of the Joint Diocesan Councils of the Dioceses of Dublin, Glendalough and Kildare desire to record their sense of the grave loss which the dioceses and the Church of Ireland at large have suffered through that sad event.

"The Joint Councils remember with gratitude the ability and wisdom with which the late Provost presided over their deliberations when he was Archbishop of Dublin.

"They would convey to Mrs. Bernard and the members of her family an expression of deep sympathy with them in their bereavement and sorrow."

COURT AND PERSONAL.

Their Majesties have been joined at Balmoral Castle by the Duke and Duchess of York, who accompanied them yesterday to the Braemar Highland Society Gathering, which was held in the Princess Royal Park. The Marquis of Aberdeen and Temair and Mr. Farquharson of Invercauld received Their Majesties and the Royal Party, which included the Princess Royal, Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught, the Earl of Macduff, Captain Lord Carnegie and Lady Maud Carnegie and Their Majesties' guests from Balmoral Castle.

Princess Mary and Viscount Lascelles have been the guests of the Earl and Countess of Lonsdale this week for Doncaster Races, and will leave this evening for Wykeham Abbey to stay with Viscount and Viscountess Downe. Next Monday a visit will be paid to Scarborough, where the Princess will open the new British Legion premises.

Many gifts for the Balmoral *Fête* have been received from the Queen, the Prince of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of York, Prince Henry, Prince George, the Princess Royal and other members of the Royal Family. Lady Dawson of Penn will preside at the game and country produce stall, which will be supplied with the King's gift of venison and grouse. The Hon. Mrs. Keppel will be in charge of the flower stall, which will be stocked from the Balmoral and Sandringham gardens.

Princess Victoria, who has derived much benefit from her stay at Harrogate, has left for Scotland, to visit the Countess of Mar and Kellie at Alloa House, Clackmannanshire. Later she will be Their Majesties' guest at Balmoral.

Ex-King Manoel of Portugal was the most successful of the exhibitors at the Twickenham Horticultural Society's Show on Wednesday. In addition to the silver cup for the highest number of points, and the "Smallholder" Cup for potatoes, he was awarded six first prizes, seven second prizes and one third prize.

The Earl of Kingston, who underwent an operation recently in Dublin, is now fully recovered and returned yesterday to his place near Boyle. The Knight of Glin has returned to Glin Castle from Dublin, where he had been staying for ten days. Lady Lifford, who had been paying visits in Ireland, has returned to England.

The Earl of Altamont, the Countess of Ancaster, Lord Chesham, Lord Ossuston, the Hon. Percy and Mrs. Thellusson, the Hon. Alexander and Mrs. Baring, Sir George and Lady Hennessy and Sir Stanford and Lady Loudon are among the recent visitors at Gleneagles. Lord and Lady Calthorpe, Lady Sudeley, Lady Moreton and Major-General Sir Thomas and Lady Gallwey are staying in Brighton. The Hon. Cecil Baring is returning from the United States in the ss. Majestic, which is due at Southampton to-day.

The Orient liner Oronsay, leaving Southampton to-day for a cruise in the Mediterranean, has a number of well-known people on board, including the Governor-General of the Irish Free State, the Marquis and Marchioness of Ormonde, Julia Countess of Dartrey, the Earl and Countess of Northbrook, Prince and Princess George Imeritinsky, Lady Cranworth and the Hon. Judith Gurdon, Lord and Lady Saltoun, Sir Leonard and Lady Violet Brassey, Mr. Justice Horridge, Sir Arthur and Lady Balfour and Sir Woodman and Lady Burbidge.

Lady Errington (of Ramsfort) and Mrs. Kennedy-Purvis are among the passengers in the Orient liner Oronsay, leaving Southampton on the 9th for a cruise in the Mediterranean.

Mr. Kevin E. O'Duffy has left 85 Harcourt street for a few weeks.

Mr. George P. Moore has left 29 Upper Merrion street until October.

From Paris, Switzers have just received a very charming selection of Jumper Suits and Costumes in Heavy Stockinette and Jersey Velour. They are most attractively priced, and can be seen in the Costume Gallery in shades of Grey, Brown, and Blue.

New Model Gowns for Afternoon and Evening wear, latest flounces and draperies, in Georgette, Poult, Taffeta, French Laces and Metal introductions.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 Sth. Gt. George's st.

Clerys Ladies' Hairdressing Salon. Permanent Waving—by Experts with latest Eugene apparatus—guaranteed to turn out satisfactory. Clerys special Hair Lotions compounded by an Expert. Consultations free.

In order to keep our workers employed between seasons, we are making our Coats and Costumes at specially cut prices.—Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

PASSENGERS BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
Arrivals—I. J. Jackson, Mrs. and Miss J. Enright, Mr. and Mrs. Clayton-Coyte, J. H. Harrington and Mrs. Harrington, Miss R. A. Algio, the Rev. and Mrs. W. J. McCreery, W. Butler, E. Finn, M. J. Bowe, T. S. Deane, L. J. Ryan, A. O'Toole, and Mr. and Mrs. R. Allen Carson.

PASSENGERS BY B. AND I. LINE, VIA LIVERPOOL.
Arrivals—P. Woods, S. Nicholson, M. Byrne, Miss Angel Collins, F. Rankin, Miss A. Barrington, the Rev. John F. Kelly, F. W. Phillips and J. O'Sullivan.
Departures—P. McAndrew, T. Warburton J. Oliver, J. Bowden, M. Cuddy, R. Geoghegan, M. Oldroyd, Mrs. de Vere Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wynne, T. Buchanan and G. McKnight.

McBirneys (Dublin) make a special show of

TWO IRISH AIRMEN MISSING.

12 HOURS OVERDUE ON ATLANTIC FLIGHT AT MIDNIGHT.

WATCH ON IRISH COAST.

LINERS GIVE UP SEARCH FOR OLD GLORY: £5,000 REWARD.

TWO Irishmen, who left Newfoundland on Wednesday on the last stage of their flight from London, Ontario, to London, England, are missing. All being well, they should have arrived at Croydon at 11 a.m. yesterday, but up to an early hour this morning no news had been received of Captain Tully (who was born in County Mayo) and Lieutenant Metcalf (a County Wexford man), or of their machine, the Sir John Carling.

Wild Weather in the Atlantic.

Fears were expressed last night that the storm which resulted in the loss of the Old Glory had wrecked their machine, and that view was taken by captains of the liners reaching Newfoundland yesterday.

A keen watch was kept on the Irish coast all day for the two airmen, but visibility was bad, and there is just a possibility that they landed in an inaccessible part of the south-west coast during the late evening. They had only sufficient petrol to last them until 6 p.m.

Search for Old Glory Abandoned.

The search for the Old Glory has been abandoned, and if efforts to find the two Irishmen prove to be unsuccessful, the number of pilots and passengers who have lost their lives in long distance flights this year will be increased to seventeen, of whom two were women. Eleven of them were engaged in attempts to fly the North or South Atlantic.

Attempt to Stop Another Flight.

Efforts are being made to prevent the two airmen who are flying from Windsor (Ontario) to Windsor (England) from leaving Newfoundland to-day.

THE SIR JOHN CARLING.

TWO IRISH FLIERS OVERDUE.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

ST. JOHN'S (N.F.), Thursday.
(1.30 p.m. local time; 5 p.m. B.S.T.)

No reports containing any definite information have been received here of the Sir John Carling, piloted by Captain Tully and Lieutenant Medcalf, which left Harbour Grace, Newfoundland, yesterday morning for London.

The Furness liner Newfoundland, which arrived here last night from Liverpool, fears that the aeroplane met with very unfavourable flying conditions, and thinks that it is doubtful that she can have succeeded in crossing.

The Bowring liner Nerissa, which arrived here from New York and Halifax (N.S.) this morning, endorses this view.

No news had been received up to an early hour this morning of the aeroplane Sir John Carling, flying from London (Ontario) to London (England), and it is feared that she has met with the fate which seems to have overtaken the Old Glory.

Crowds of people waited at Croydon Aerodrome all day to greet Captain T. B. Tully and Lieutenant J. V. Medcalf, who were expected to cross the coast by 11 a.m.

As time passed and no news of the aeroplane was received the watchers grew anxious for her safety, and this evening gave up hope of her arrival and left the aerodrome.

ENOUGH PETROL TO LAST TO 6 P.M.

Having no wireless apparatus the aeroplane could not communicate with the land, but should at least have been sighted had all gone well. The amount of petrol she carried is estimated as enough to have lasted her until six o'clock last evening.

The Air Ministry officials are of the opinion that, should they succeed in completing the flight across the Atlantic, the pilots will land at the coast, and not continue the journey direct to Croydon.

Mrs. Medcalf, wife of Lieutenant Medcalf, who is staying with her father in Lincolnshire, told a Press Association representative last night that, though she is naturally very anxious, she is still hopeful that her husband will make good in the great adventure he has undertaken.

A COUNTY WEXFORD MAN.

She said that Lieutenant Medcalf, who is a County Wexford man, was formerly in the R.A.F., went to Canada in March and took a post as pilot with the Canadian Provincial Air Service. The first news she received of the proposed London to London flight was on August 22nd, when she had a letter from her husband telling her that he had been selected, and that he expected to be in England before the letter reached her.

He added that it was the opportunity he had been waiting for all his life.

CAPTAIN TULLY.

Captain Tully is 35 years of age, and was born at Carracastle, Co. Mayo. At the outbreak of war he joined up in the London Yeomanry, but was afterwards transferred to the Royal Air Force. He was wounded at the Dardanelles, was mentioned in despatches, received the Air Force Cross and was presented to the King at Buckingham Palace.

After his brilliant war career Captain Tully joined the Avro Aeroplane Company at their aerodrome at Blackpool. He took charge there after a short period in succession to Major McMinis, and made a great success of a tour over England, where he gave exhibitions in most of the big towns and cities.

Captain Tully was a pioneer of the aeroplane excursions at dawn to Cader Idris. In the aerial Derby at Southport, in 1919, he secured second place. He then went to Canada, and was chief pilot to the Northern Ontario Government patrol. Captain Tully's brother, Mr. E. M. Tully, lives in Dublin.

Until further orders the minimum height for all recruits for the Royal Artillery will be 5ft. 7ins.

SEARCH FOR THE OLD GLORY.

TRANSYLVANIA CAPTAIN'S DISAPPOINTMENT.

FROM THE PRESS ASSOCIATION'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

ON BOARD THE TRANSYLVANIA, Thursday.

In an interview with me this morning Captain Bone expressed the deepest regret that the search for the Old Glory had been unsuccessful. From 5.30 in the morning, for more than fifteen hours, fourteen look-outs, provided with binoculars and telescopes, kept the strictest watch on the horizon as the ship zigzagged over the area where the aeroplane is believed to have dropped into the sea, but not the slightest trace was discovered.

Describing the sequence of events, Captain Bone said:—"It was at 5.15 in the morning that the officer of the watch reported that the S.O.S. had been received. We immediately steered in the direction indicated, with a boat's crew standing by and look-outs posted in all parts of the ship. After ascertaining by wireless the potential speed of the aeroplane, I figured out the approximate location of the Old Glory as 49 degrees 55 mins. North, 40 degrees 39 mins. West, to which we steered.

"Subsequently, from information received from the Lapland, I changed the course to 49 degrees 30 mins. North, 41 degrees no mins. West. We reached this position and searched an area of thirty miles, without result.

"The weather was fresh, and there was a rough sea. After a fruitless combing of this area I steered towards the position in which the aeroplane had been sighted by the California, zigzagging about seven miles to each side of this straight line. Nothing was seen.

"Thereupon I decided that further search was useless, and proceeded on the voyage."

£5,000 REWARD.

NEW YORK, Thursday.

Mr. Hearst, the backer of the Old Glory flight, this morning offered a reward of 25,000 dollars (£5,000) for the finding of the missing 'plane, with its three occupants.

Later.

Mr. Hearst's announcement of his offer is as follows:—"I know that no reward is necessary to stimulate the search for the Old Glory and its occupants, but I would gladly give 25,000 dollars to the captain and crew of the ship which finds them, merely as an expression of my gratitude."

AN OUTCRY AGAINST "STUNT" FLYING.

WASHINGTON POWERLESS TO TAKE ACTION.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

NEW YORK, Thursday.

The Transylvania and the Carmania have given up the search for the monoplane Old Glory, and have resumed their courses. Almost the last hope has disappeared that the airmen will be seen again, the only remaining possibility—and that a slender one—being that a freighter without wireless has picked up Mr. Lloyd Bertaud, Mr. James Hill, and Mr. Payne.

The pilots of the Royal Windsor at Harbour Grace have likewise given up the idea of searching for the Old Glory, declaring that it would be like looking for a needle in a bundle of hay.

According to the latest account the American Trader, the Furness liner Nova Scotia, the United States Shipping Board freighter Cauplin, and the liner California were still looking for some sign of the missing aeroplane.

The loss of the Old Glory's crew, and the possibility that the crew of the Canadian aeroplane, Sir John Carling, has been lost, have aroused a new outcry here against "stunt" flying. Ever since the Pacific flights were marred by the death of seven of the participants, there

(Continued at foot of next column.)

FRENCH EXPRESS MURDER.

MANIAC'S FIGHT WITH POLICE AT DAWN.

PARIS, Thursday.

A butcher named Sadillak was arrested early this morning in connection with the brutal murder last night on the Paris-Amiens express. Further details of the crime describe the terrible scene.

The coach in which the murder took place was composed of first and second class compartments. As soon as the train began to move, an unpleasant individual of herculean proportions began to make improper remarks to his fellow-travellers, who were, for the most part, young men and young girls.

In the end the girls locked themselves in another compartment, the door of which the man in question attempted to break in.

"You are mad," said one of the travellers, M. Belet, to the man. The reply of the maniac was to take a huge knife from his suit case and plunge it into the unfortunate man's neck, killing him instantly.

He subsequently wounded three other young men. Meanwhile the girls had given the alarm signal. When the train stopped, the murderer, after having thrown his victim out of the train, fled into the night.

AT BAY.

The man's arrest was just as dramatic. He was tracked to the garden of the Castle of Cannes. At break of day he was brought to bay by two policemen, whom he bit with savage fury. A newspaper correspondent who was present at the arrest was himself injured. The murderer appeared to be in a state of extreme hysteria throughout the affair.

GUARD'S REVOLVER.

According to one version, the murderer pushed his victim out on to the line just as the guard of the train, revolver in hand, summoned him to surrender. The train slowed down in obedience to the alarm signal, but the guard, seeing that the man was about to jump, ordered the train to proceed. The alarm signal was again pulled, and the murderer finally jumped clear as the guard fired in his direction.

Thanks to an admirable organisation, the madman was arrested promptly. The Mayors of all the Communes in the district, as soon as they were warned, placed bodies of volunteers at the disposal of the police, and a methodical search quickly led to the discovery of the fugitive, who fought so fiercely when arrested that he had to be tied down to a plank.

BOGUS BOXING MATCH.

PRINCIPALS FINED IN AMERICA.

FROM THE PRESS ASSOCIATION SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

OMAHA, Thursday.

Young Stribling, who was arrested on Tuesday, together with Leo Diebel and Jack Johnson, the former heavy-weight champion of the world, after a fight between Stribling and Diebel had been stopped, was fined one hundred dollars and costs to-day for participating in an alleged "framed" fight with Diebel.

The same penalty was imposed on Diebel, but the charge against Johnson, who was acting as second for Diebel, was dismissed.

[Note.—A "framed" fight means a bogus fight; a boxing match the result of which has been arranged beforehand between the two principals.]

(Continued from previous column.)

has been a demand on the Government to prohibit such undertakings.

The demand was increased when the St. Raphael, with its two pilots and a woman passenger, disappeared. The Administration at Washington professes to be without power to take action.

THE ROYAL WINDSOR.

DECISION TO SEARCH FOR OLD GLORY.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

ST. JOHN'S (N.F.), Thursday.

Mr. Wood and Mr. Schiller, the airmen of the Royal Windsor, have decided, as soon as weather permits, to search the locality in which the Old Glory is thought to have fallen.

Up to the present it is doubtful if they will attempt to fly across the Atlantic owing to orders forbidding them to leave. They undertook the flight for its own sake, and not for the sake of any prize or research work.

The two airmen are of the opinion that the Old Glory took a southerly course across the Atlantic, and that the exact place where it fell has been missed by the liners.

ADVISED NOT TO FLY.

THE ROYAL WINDSOR MAY START TO-DAY.

ST. JOHN'S (N.F.), Thursday.

Mr. Philip Wood and Mr. Schiller, the pilot of the Royal Windsor, came over here from Harbour Grace by motor car this afternoon, and were received by the Governor and Premier of Newfoundland and other notabilities.

While the two airmen state their intention of starting to-morrow if the weather is favourable on their attempt to fly the Atlantic to Windsor, England, they are being strongly urged to abandon their project, in view of the fact that autumn weather is now setting in, and of what is described as the lack of any real scientific or other advantages to be derived from the flight.

ASKED TO RETURN HOME.

WINDSOR (ONTARIO), Thursday.

In view of the recent trans-Atlantic flying disasters, the Committee in charge of the Windsor to Windsor flight has telegraphed to Mr. Schiller and Mr. Wood, who are at present at Harbour Grace, Newfoundland, requesting them to abandon the flight and return home.

The Committee leaves the matter to the airmen's discretion, but expresses itself unanimously in favour of the abandonment.

Mr. Frank W. Wilson, the member of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario for the constituency of Windsor, has telegraphed to Mr. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, asking the Dominion Government to take action to prevent the flight.

LAST WEEK OF ELECTION.

"A BETTER MAN" FOR CORK.

POINTS FROM SPEECHES LAST NIGHT.

THE Free State election campaign enters on its last week to-day, and before the polling day next Thursday many additional meetings will be held. All the Ministers were speaking last night, and many of the candidates addressed three or four meetings.

Below we give a few points from the principal speeches:—

MR. ERNEST BLYTHE.

Safety and security can be got only by putting de Valera and his friends in opposition in the Dail. If he were put in power, he would be a danger to the State, but by spending four or five years in opposition he would learn some of the responsibility of government. He does not know anything about it at present.

The policy of high Protection would be the ruin of this country. The farmers would have to sell their produce in British markets, and would get no more for it than they are getting at present, but they would have to pay more for everything they bought. These people have not learned how the work of a country should be done, and the return of them to power would be a great danger.—*At Carrickmacross.*

MR. P. HOGAN.

If we had not remained in office what would have happened? Mr. Johnson—he is a man I respect—and Mr. Redmond, whom I have no respect for, would have come into office. They would have formed a Government, but the Government would have been in de Valera's pocket, and no people would lend money to a Government in de Valera's pocket because he broke every promise he ever made. Mr. Lynch's party (Labour) are responsible with Redmond's and de Valera's parties that the Government now had to borrow money at a dearer rate of interest.—*At Tuam.*

MR. D. FITZGERALD.

With the whole future of the country at stake, only about 40 per cent. of the electors voted at the last election. In Dun Laoghaire, as well as in other places, we have the superior persons who say that they will not go to the trouble of voting because they are "non-political." Such people are nothing better than contemptible cads. Kevin O'Higgins, the man who was the intellectual superior of the best of those non-politicals, gave his life-blood for his country; and yet those contemptible dastards, those mean-minded beings, would not vote.—*At Kingstown.*

PROFESSOR O'SULLIVAN.

The Fianna Fail members tell you that there would be no risk in changing the name "Free State" for "Republic"; but there is no guarantee. England need not put a single sword into the country. If she found foot-and-mouth disease here, what would be the price of agricultural produce? There can be no safety in this country unless you return the present Government with a reasonable majority.—*At Clonakilty.*

MR. GEAROID O'SULLIVAN.

Ireland has real freedom now, and we wish to preserve and protect it. The English forces and the R.I.C. are gone, and the Guards that have replaced them are our own men, working for the people under our own Government. De Valera has been telling us for years that Ireland is not free, that we have an English Parliament and an English Army; but he is a liar. It is time to cut short lying talk of that sort. Listen to what de Valera said in the Dail about 1922:—"I do not hesitate to admit to anybody that I went out for peace from the moment of Lloyd George's letter to me, and I felt it my duty to do so. I struggled for it. I battered down the wall of the isolated Republic to do it. I saw that I would have to batter down that wall."—*At Clonmel.*

MR. JOSEPH X. MURPHY.

What the country now wants is a little breathing space and time to settle down to business. Let us use the machinery of State that we now have to get us along the road to prosperity, and when we have got a bit further along that road we can begin to think of improving our methods and laws, but for a while let us have done with unnecessary legislation.—*At Blackrock.*

MR. VINCENT RICE.

These people or their fellows are stated to be constitutionalists, but their army has dumps all over the Free State. What are they keeping those dumps for except to intimidate the people if they are defeated at the polls? These gentlemen are playing a double game of: "Heads, I win; Tails, you lose."

Our opponents talk of a tariff wall around Ireland. That is like feeding a dog on his own tail. If we had Protection everything in the country would be dearer.—*At Camden street, Dublin.*

MR. BARRY M. EGAN.

We have got a better man in Mr. Walsh's place, and I hope that the people of Cork will, by their votes for Mr. Cosgrave, equal the record poll given to Michael Collins in 1922.—*At Cork.*

MR. M. J. NAGLE.

People must realise that 85 per cent. of the wealth of Ireland was solely agriculture and that 83 per cent. of that wealth was derived from Great Britain, who was Ireland's best, and almost her only, customer.—*At Cork.*

PROFESSOR TIERNEY.

Mr. de Valera and his friends are the chief and only cause of the increased emigration and of unemployment. We ask the people in this election whether a Government based on freedom and democracy can endure or whether we are to be damned in perpetuity to civil war and anarchy?—*At Longford.*

MR. PATRICK BAXTER.

An offer was made to the Farmers' Party to join in the Coalition to overthrow the Government. That offer came to me from a Fiana Fail member, and with it the offer that I should become Minister for Lands and Agriculture. Needless to say, I refused the offer. Only for the action of those other parties in challenging the Cosgrave Government there would have been no general election to-day.—*At Mohill.*

RAIL STRIKE IN QUEENSLAND.

MARKETS SUPPLIED BY MOTOR TRANSPORT.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

BRISBANE, Thursday.

While Queensland is without trains and the settlement of the trouble appears remote, Brisbane shows few signs of the industrial crisis. Under the well-organised transport committee, motors are carrying supplies of fresh food in such quantities that the markets are almost glutted, while outward deliveries over a wide radius are being made at freight charges which threaten to affect the railways permanently.

GENERAL STRIKE POSSIBLE.

The organisation of motor transport is splendid, and there appears to be no danger of the petrol supply failing. Business in the city, however, has shrunk considerably owing to the stoppage of far inland trade.

The failure of the Board of Trade's proposal to bring an end to the railway dispute by securing a settlement of the South Johnston Sugar Mill strike, which was the original cause of the present trouble, makes probable a bitter struggle between the Government and trade unions, leading, perhaps, to a general strike if the authorities attempt to start a skeleton railway service.

PREMIER'S OFFER.

Mr. McCormack, the Premier, is, however, willing to resort to arbitration over the origin of the dispute, although he is very firmly determined that the authority of the railway administration should be absolute in future.

Meanwhile, there are orderly demonstrations every day by trade unionists with bands playing to cheer the strikers on.

The Australian Railway Union has urged its members to contribute half a day's pay to their comrades in Queensland. The unions of the other States are reluctant to be drawn into the dispute beyond giving financial aid.

NEW PEACE MOVE.

The Attorney-General of Queensland has approved of the Government's action in upholding the authority of the railway commissioner.

A new peace move was started when a meeting of the combined dispute committee adopted terms for a settlement which was declared satisfactory to the South Johnston Mill strikers.

To-day a meeting of two thousand railwaymen resolved to call on the Central Executive of the Labour Party to expel Mr. McCormack and his Cabinet from the ranks of the party, or, failing that, to support the Trades Labour Council in an effort to create a new political wing.

GERMAN ESPIONAGE IN POLAND.

MANY PROMINENT MEN ARRESTED.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

WARSAW, Thursday.

It is announced that the political police yesterday arrested some prominent Germans in Upper Silesia, including Herr Lober, manager of the largest German daily newspaper in the district, the *Kattowitzer Zeitung*, and several well-known civil engineers.

A lawyer, Dr. Brebek, legal adviser to the *Kattowitzer Zeitung*, fled to Germany before the police could arrest him.

It is alleged that the persons in custody were at the head of a large espionage organisation, and were engaged in securing, through Polish non-commissioned officers stationed in Kattowitz, important documents relating to mobilisation, forts, etc.

It is understood that in the business premises and homes of the defendants have been found considerable quantities of interesting papers, etc.

Further arrests are expected shortly. The authorities have been watching the organisation for a long time, but have stayed their hands so as to be able to capture the entire organisation.

LABOUR BREAKS WITH RUSSIA.

DECISION OF TRADES UNION CONGRESS.

The acceptance by the Trades Union Congress at Edinburgh yesterday of the recommendation of the General Council to break off negotiations with the Russian trade unions, while their present attitude and policy are maintained, is the sequel to the persistant campaign of the All-Russian Council of Trade Unions, led by Tomsky, against the General Council.

The immediate effect of yesterday's decision will be to kill the Anglo-Russian Trade Union Committee.

The Miners' Federation, it is understood, had not considered their policy, and they did not cast their block vote of over 700,000. The only big union that voted against the break with Russia was the National Union of Railwaymen.

The official attitude is that negotiations with the Russian unions are indefinitely suspended. The British relations with the Amsterdam International, following the disclosures and friction at the Paris Congress, are also in the melting pot, but the British Trade Union Congress still remains affiliated to Amsterdam. For this reason, primarily, a resolution was rejected pronouncing in favour of one United Trades Union International, which would include the Russians.

The future of the International position is obscure, but the British leaders believe that the way is clear for the promotion of real unity.

£4,350 CHARGE.

AUSTRALIAN ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN VICTIMISED.

Accused of stealing £4,350 by a confidence trick from Thomas Gibson Johnson, a crippled Australian chemist, at a hotel in Liverpool, Edward Brown, or A. Carson, aged 58, of Gloucester terrace, London, was remanded at Liverpool yesterday.

It was alleged that while in London Carson said that he was speculating on fluctuations in Italian lire, and that Johnson and a man named Duff, if they took part, would share 25 per cent. of the profits.

Johnson went to Australia, obtained £5,000, and returning handed over £4,350 to Carson.

Carson on being arrested denied the charge.

Mr. J. R. Irons, of St. John's Wood, London, is this year's champion bread maker. At the Confectioners', Bakers', and Allied Trades' Exhibition in London yesterday he won the hundred guines championship cup for the best loaves.

LATE NEWS.

IS WAR TO BE OUTLAWED?

A DISCUSSION ON THE LEAGUE'S FUNCTIONS.

FROM THE SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT OF "THE TIMES."

GENEVA, Thursday.

Misgivings assailed the Polish delegate to the League of Nations at the last moment, and, instead of introducing his declaration against war into the Assembly this morning, he telegraphed to Warsaw for further instructions.

Apparently one of the undecided points was whether all war was to be outlawed, or only a war of aggression.

This evening a reply has been received. The impression is growing that the project has occupied a good deal more of the delegates' time here and attracted more widespread attention in Europe generally than it actually merits.

The whole proposal, though its details have not yet been made public, came in for some incidental criticism in the Assembly this morning, where the discussion was particularly animated. The two rival points of view as to the proper sphere of activity of the League were admirably advocated by M. Hamoto (Norway) and M. Politis (Greece). The styles of the two orators were as different as their opinions. The Norwegian delegate, a powerfully-built man, with a strong voice that filled the hall, argued with forcible directness against the tendency of the Council to ignore the Assembly, and developed the charge, so often heard lately, that the direction of affairs was being allowed to fall into the hands of an inner circle of the Council's members.

TIME NOT RIPE.

The Greek representative, small, alert, physically restless, but quietly incisive in his reasoning, delivered much the best defence of what may be called the Conservative view of the proper functions of the League that has yet been heard.

The world was not yet ripe for an application of the principles of the protocol, he said. Its elaboration in 1924 had reflected the enthusiasm of pioneers, but not the general state of mind of mankind. It should not be taken up now, nor could it be introduced in instalments. It was a comprehensive scheme which would some day be readily accepted, but before that time a greater respect for international law and right must have grown up. The organisation of justice between nations was only just beginning, and this gradual building up of an international jurisprudence was the special function of the League.

THE BRITISH VIEW.

At the Council meeting which was held this afternoon, Sir Austen Chamberlain made a statement on behalf of the British Government, when the question of financial assistance for States which are victims of aggression came up for consideration. He expressed general sympathy with the scheme drawn up by the Finance Committee, which, by pooling the financial resources of all the signatories, would guarantee to the victim State the ability to purchase munitions of war as soon as the Council had announced it to be the victim of aggression.

It was, he considered, a valuable contribution to the general scheme of disarmament, and should act as a deterrent to potential aggressors. It would, however, involve his country in financial liabilities for which parliamentary sanction was required, and his Government did not think it would serve any purpose to ask Parliament for that sanction until the whole business of disarmament had been carried farther.

ANOTHER SHAM ENDED.

TRADE UNIONS AND RUSSIA.

The Times, in a leading article, says:—British sense and a British standard of honour carried the day at the Trade Unions Congress yesterday, and the General Council was confirmed in its unanimous determination to dissolve the Anglo-Russian Trade Union Committee. So another sham is ended. The comment made in these columns when the sham, covered by the Russia trade agreement, was brought to an end is apt to-day.

"In the relations between countries, we said, as in the relations between individuals, or between bodies of employers and employed, there is never any ultimate use in perpetuating an agreement which one side or the other is determined to ignore. The Joint Committee of British and Russian Trade Unionists lacked the basis of an honest understanding. It goes the way of unrealities.

THE COMMUNIST CLAIM.

Having at last come to a decision, much overdue, the leaders of the congress did not shrink from the disclosure that they have realised for a long time past the irreconcilability of British and Russian trade union principles and methods. The irreconcilability should, indeed, have been clear to them from the first, as it was to every student of Communist theory and policy. It is clear enough to everyone to-day, and a thoroughly convincing exposure was made in the speech with which Mr. Citrine submitted the resolution of the General Council. There is no need at this time of day, when declaration after declaration, and event after event, have multiplied the proof, to recapitulate the detailed evidence of the Communist claim to establish a dictatorship over British as over Russian trade unionism. The Congress has taken a decision which makes other things attainable. It has set itself free from an entangling and compromising alliance.

TOWARDS INDUSTRIAL PEACE.

Earlier in the week, in a fit of political resentment, it ignored the Prime Minister's disinterested suggestion that it should give a lead towards industrial peace. Having made an unfortunate party demonstration one day, it has since taken a decision of a totally different import. Is it beyond hope that, setting politics resolutely aside, the Congress will yet address itself directly to the question of industrial peace, and convert a pious aspiration into a tangible proposal?

A LOUGH NEAGH "INJUSTICE."

POLLEN FISHERMEN'S PLIGHT

A public meeting of the Lough Neagh fishermen and their sympathisers was held at Ardboe, County Tyrone, yesterday to protest against the "injustice" which has been imposed upon them by the Toome Eel Fishery, Ltd.

Mr. T. J. S. Harbison, M.P., who was one of the speakers, said that never in any civilised nation had there ever been such a law as that which had been passed by the highest judges in the land—the House of Lords—in 1911. They had taken away the rights of the fishermen to fish as their families had fished for generations unhindered. It was a law contrary to all justice.

Mr. Rowley Elliott, M.P., said that the fishermen had pursued their calling so vigorously in the past that Lough Neagh pollen and eels were known in most of the markets of the British Isles. Were these men to be told now that, because of some old legal document resurrected from some old ruins, they were no longer to have the right to fish these waters unless by the permission of some body of men? Such a thing would be intolerable.

"One can hardly imagine," he added, "anything more pathetic than to see one of these fishermen, the father of a family whose existence depends on his earnings, seated in his frail little boat; intently and innocently plying his calling, suddenly halted by a motor launch manned like a man-of-war, and compelled to relinquish his work and hand over his tackle, or fly for dear life to escape the legal consequences."

Concluding, Mr. Elliott said that pressure must be brought to bear on the Northern Government so as to enlist their aid.

Mr. George Locke, M.P., also spoke.

AIR SERVICE TO IRELAND.

SIR S. BRANCKER'S SUGGESTION.

DUBLIN AND BELFAST FROM LIVERPOOL.

FROM A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday.

Sir Charles Nall Cain to-day offered to present an aeroplane to Liverpool to mark the inauguration of the city as an air port, providing the Lord Mayor, Mr. E. C. Bowring, would do the same.

This was announced during the discussion at the Town Hall, Liverpool, following the luncheon given by the Lord Mayor to Sir Sefton Brancker, Director of Civil Avintion. Sir Sefton is in Liverpool at the invitation of the organisation which is considering the possibilities of Liverpool as an air port.

There are five sites on Merseyside suitable for the scheme under consideration. Representatives of the Air Ministry have already inspected them and examined their possibilities.

LIVERPOOL AS AN AIR PORT.

Sir Sefton Brancker, in an interview, said:—"There is plenty of level land near-by Liverpool suitable for an aerodrome, and I was particularly impressed with an area as we approached Liverpool, to which railway lines are an admirable guide for airmen. Liverpool as an air port appeals to me, and there should be air services linking up with the steamship traffic as well as Ireland.

"Liverpool should deal with the problem quickly, because you have had considerable experience in the past in shipping and dock facilities. The port has provided one of the finest docks in the British Empire in the Gladstone Dock; the difficulty is to give you some concrete scheme."

Sir Sefton enlarged on the possibilities of transporting passengers and mails arriving from America at Liverpool to Hamburg, Berlin, Amsterdam and the Continent generally.

It was a question of a few hours. There were also possibilities of an Irish air service, reaching Dublin and Belfast in one and a quarter to one and a half hours.

TO DUBLIN AND BELFAST.

He pictured an aeroplane service starting from Liverpool in the morning for Dublin, going on to Belfast, and returning in the evening. An aerodrome, he thought, should be a good investment for Liverpool, which is so bound up with transport and shipping. Liverpool, in fact, ought to lead the way as an air port, while there is still good land available for an aerodrome near the city.

"I cannot offer you Government assistance," said Sir Sefton; "but I make the plea that you should realise what civil aviation means, and look ahead and make preparation for the future."

The Lord Mayor, in reply to the question of Sir Nall Cain's offer, said:—"That is a matter for consideration. I do not wish to say anything at the present time, but I may say something when Civic Week comes along. I hope the time is not far distant when we shall have an aerodrome in Liverpool."

Sir Sefton Brancker later returned to London by air.

OBITUARY

THE REV. DR. CHARLES PLUMMER.

The Rev. Dr. Charles Plummer, an eminent Celtic scholar, a Fellow of the British Academy and an honorary member of the Royal Irish Academy, died in an Oxford nursing home yesterday, after a short illness, aged 76. He had been a Fellow of Corpus Christi for 54 years, and chaplain of that college since 1875. A celibate, he was a survival of the days when an Oxford Fellowship could be held only by unmarried clerics.

As long ago as 1885 he was editor of "The Governance of England," by Sir John Fortescue. He edited many other works, and was the author of "The Life and Times of Alfred the Great."

He had a distinguished university career, and, in recognition of his scholastic attainments, he received honorary degrees from several universities. These included D.D. of Durham in 1921, the D.Litt. of Dublin in 1923, and the D.Litt of Celtic, National University of Ireland, in 1925.

He was elected a Fellow of the British Academy in 1924, and an honorary member of the Royal Irish Academy in 1925. He was select preacher at Oxford from 1918 to 1920. Of late years he had identified himself with poor law work in Oxford, and was greatly interested in the Cowley poor law school.

DEATH OF SIR JOHN HARRINGTON.

DISTINGUISHED DIPLOMATIST.

The Times announces the death, at Hove yesterday, at the age of sixty-two, of Sir John Harrington, "who had done, perhaps, more than anyone else to mould the good relations between this country and Abyssinia." Although he rendered distinguished military service in the late war and earlier, and in India, it was for his Consular and diplomatic service that he will be chiefly remembered, particularly for his work at the Court of King Menelik of Abyssinia.

GIRL SWIMS THE HUMBER.

Two thousand spectators cheered Alice Blowman, the young daughter of the Hull police swimming champion, when she emerged from the water at the Corporation Pier, Hull, last night, after having swum across the river Humber. She is the first Hull woman to accomplish the feat.

The distance is about four miles, and the time occupied was two hours ten minutes. She was accompanied by her father, and they experienced a rough crossing after leaving New Holland Pier.

In 1910 a Grimsby woman accomplished the feat.

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CO. DUBLIN.

EXPENDITURE.

FIANNA FAIL'S FIGURES EXPOSED.

A crowded meeting was held in the Town Hall, Kingstown, last night in support of the Cumann na nGaedheal candidates for Co. Dublin.

Mr. J. P. Dooge presided.

Mr. Sean McGarry referred to a speech in which Sean Lemass stated that Fianna Fail did not control the dumps, and said that on the 24th May, 1923, Mr. de Valera wrote a letter to his followers, in which he said that the Republic could no longer be defended by arms, and that the laying aside of arms was an act of patriotism. The statement of Mr. Lemass was a confession of Mr. de Valera's failure to control his people. That was the man who spoke of peace! The best thing that Mr. de Valera could do would be to admit that he had been pushed out, and leave the country alone.

FIRST PREFERENCE.

Major Bryan Cooper said that on this occasion he did not ask the electors to give him their first preference vote. He asked them to vote for the Cumann na nGaedheal candidates. He would ask them to vote Number one for the Minister for Defence, Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald—(applause)—a man who had shouldered responsibility, and helped in the working of the State on sound lines. (Applause.)

Alluding to a Fianna Fail advertisement, "Spendthrifts make bad borrowers," in which it was stated that the Free State Government had taken from the people in taxation and otherwise certain sums of money, and had exceeded their income during the last four years by £10,504,006, he asked was that a recommendation to national money-lenders of borrowing money? Money-lenders did not speak Irish; they spoke Yiddish—(laughter)—and would not take the excuse that "It was that blighter, Blythe, that did it: we are savers, not spenders." It would injure the credit of the country to say that the Government had exceeded its income by ten millions in four years, and that they were ten millions in debt, if it were true. "But," added Major Cooper, with some vehemence, "it is not true." (Loud applause.)

Fianna Fail had put some clever young man hunting in the estimates; he did not know who, but he thought it was Mr. Brennan, because he was good at finding mares' nests. (Laughter and applause.) Mr. Brennan always got away with it on public platforms, because he said "it is rumoured," or "I have it on good authority," and when challenged he would not tell them who the "good authority" was. He took the sums in taxation, and he took the money that was spent from the estimates. Estimates were what their name showed them to be, and they allowed for all sorts of changes. They did not say exactly what was going to be spent: no one could tell what was going to be spent a year in advance.

Since 1922 the estimates for the Oireachtas had been framed with a view to discovery; they were not a guide to expenditure, but at the end of every financial year the accounts went to the Auditor-General, and he had an account showing exactly what had been spent. Fianna Fail said that in the year 1923-24 £38,639,355 was spent. As a matter of fact, the sum was not £38,639,355, but £35,346,100 and a few odd shillings and pence. In the next year, 1924-25, Fianna Fail said £27,480,113 was spent. The correct amount was £24,675,570. Fianna Fail said that in the year 1925-26 £26,220,638 was spent, but the correct figure was £23,469,560.

He had not the figures for the year 1926-27, but when Fianna Fail were three millions wrong in each of the three previous years, he was sure that they were equally wrong in 1926-27. (Applause.)

"SAVERS."

All this was put forward at great cost. Fianna Fail did not buy all that advertising space for nothing. It was to indicate, he supposed, how more economic, wise, and reconstructive they were than those who wielded the power of government. He hoped that they were savers in private life and that they would save their £100. (Laughter.)

Major Cooper went on to refer to what had been said by Mr. Ruttledge and Mr. de Valera regarding the increasing of the old age pensions and about Ministers' salaries. On the latter subject he said that when people spoke of reducing Ministers' salaries he thought of what had been left by the late Mr. Kevin O'Higgins—a sum that, if invested in good security, National Loan, would bring in only £1 a week on which to support his widow and family. Was not it all humbug? He thought that they should all stand shoulder to shoulder. He could not honestly come forward as an independent candidate when humbug of that kind was going on. (Applause.)

Fianna Fail said that the people of England were half fools and half angels. Two millions a year were coming in from the British Government to ex-Service men in Ireland, and if they began quarrelling with the British Government about pensions the British Government had that card in their hand, and he did not think that they were such Christian innocent angels as not to play it.

He appealed to the electors to go forward and carry on the great work of the men who had gone. Let them have peace and security, so that the man in his shop could work without the fear of the gunman raiding his till; so that the man in the field could drive his cattle to the fair and know that the bank manager would be there, and so that any man who wanted to start an industry or invest capital in the country could come in and know that he would get fair treatment and the protection of the law.

Mr. Joseph O'Neill said that all the public statements from Fianna Fail showed that that party had only two policies—the breaking of the Treaty, or, in other words, another round with England, and, secondly, the coercion of Ulster. The Cumann na nGaedheal policy was also the coercion of Ulster to come into one Irish State, but that coercion was to be exercised by the convincing of the Ulsterman through his pocket that it would be a good thing for him to come in.

MR. FITZGERALD.

A QUESTION FOR LABOUR'S SUPPORTERS.

Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald, Minister for Defence, who rose to speak in public for the first time since his serious illness, got a tremendous ovation. The hand-clapping and cheering was kept up for a considerable time.

He said that in June he warned the electors of the danger of a coalition Government, and what he said then had been proved true in a very few weeks. He was attacked in the Press by the Labour Party and by others, for pointing out the risks of such a Government, and he came in for personal abuse for saying that proportional representation was an anti-democratic system of election. What happened? The very people who stood up for the rights of democracy wanted the whole Dail of 152 elected representatives to be controlled by 22 of the Labour Party, plus 7 of the Redmondite Party. That was not his idea of democracy, although it seemed to be Mr. Johnson's.

To those who voted at the General Election, either for a Labour or a Redmondite candidate, he would put the straight question. Did they think that they were voting to put into power a party pledged to break the contract between the Free State and Britain; did they intend by their votes to do something that would entitle Great Britain, under international law, to come back here as before 1921? He ventured to give the answer that not one of the electors who so voted desired that anything of the kind should happen. The result, however, was that those for whom they voted thought that they were free of the control of the people for another five years, and, filled with a desire to get into office, were ready to hand over the real power of Government in this State to the men who openly stood for a policy which both the Labour Party and the Redmondite Party had declared against.

A DECISION WANTED.

Fortunately the Constitution gave power to the Government to put the whole position before the people for their decision. They were asked to give that decision on Thursday next. "Put us in or put us out, that is all you are asked to do," he asserted, amid great applause.

In June the Labour Party got votes because they promised all sorts of things—they would increase wages and do away with unemployment. But the moment they thought that their underhand dealings with Mr. de Valera and Mr. Redmond would put them in power they climbed down on all those promises. Now, in the present election, the only party in opposition to the Government that counted for anything was the de Valera party. The position was still where it was five years ago—for the Treaty or against the Treaty. It was a question that should have been eliminated long ago, but it was not eliminated.

It would be eliminated once and for all only when the people of Ireland returned a Government that was ready to go on with the constructive work that the country was crying out for. It was for the people themselves to say whether they wanted to go on wrangling about the Treaty and about oaths, or whether they wanted work.

THE NON-VOTERS.

With the whole future of the country at stake, only about 40 per cent. of the electors voted at the last election. In Dun Laoghaire, as well as in other places, they had the superior persons who said that they would not go to the trouble of voting because they were "non-political." Such people were nothing better than contemptible cads. Kevin O'Higgins, the man who was the intellectual superior of the best of those non-politicals, gave his life blood for his country, and yet those contemptible dastards, those meanminded beings, would not vote! (Loud applause.)

Mr. Fitzgerald next turned to the Fianna Fail newspaper advertisement propaganda, and dealt especially with their assertion that they did not know that the Four Courts was going to be attacked in 1922. After the Treaty had been approved by the elected representatives of the people certain men seized public buildings, the property of the people, and camped themselves in places like the Four Courts. Did Mr. de Valera control the men who went into the Four Courts? Was he a party to their going in, or did they go in there in spite of him? Those were questions for him to answer. A man was missing in the South, and the Government elected by the representatives chosen by the people tried to find out what had become of him. Finally they were told by the people in the Four Courts, who were or were not under the control of de Valera, that they had executed him. They took into their own hands the power of life and death which should belong to the Government; they seized motor cars, stole the property of private individuals, robbed and looted, and seized the person of an officer appointed by the Government—appointed by the deputies chosen by the people.

"Was all this done by Mr. de Valera's orders, or again, his orders, or in spite of his orders?" The Government of the people gave notice to the men in the Four Courts, who had gone round murdering and robbing, to clear out of the place within one hour. They refused to get out, and they were blown out. (Loud applause.)

"COERCION."

When the Johnson, Redmond and Co. division was taken in the Dail on August 16th because of the alleged coercive measures taken by the Government, he saw some 44 Fianna Fail deputies in their places there. In no other country in the world could it happen that those who five years before had declared the lives of the elected of the people forfeit should sit like that in the Parliament of the people.

"That is our coercion," he went on. "Is there any country in the world where those men parties to murder, parties to rapine, parties to robbery and to every crime on the calendar could come along and sit down in the Parliament?" (Applause.)

The Government had made mistakes, but not to the extent that people said. It was an open question whether they had not made a mistake in their leniency towards men who had worked such dire havoc with the country. Those men now asked for the votes of the people whom they had done their best to ruin. The important thing for the voters to remember was that the position created by the rebellion of Mr. de Valera in 1922 was not yet cleared up.

First, and most essential, was that the country should have a Government that was a Government in reality. Next in importance was to have a strong Government to end once and for all the position created by Mr. de Valera in 1922. It now had to be made clear by the people themselves that they accepted the Treaty, or that they did not accept it. The issue was at last knit in spite of the tens of thousands of pounds spent on advertisements in the newspapers, which were definitely lying and definitely framed to mislead. It was now "Vote for the present Government, or against it and for another round with England." Talk about the oath was nothing but dishonesty.

The question the electors were called upon to decide was not that of an oath, but that of the Treaty. The Irish people had a perfect right to reject the Treaty, but, on the other hand, the British, the other party to the bargain, had a perfect right to say that if the Treaty was abrogated they were back to the 1921 position. "Vote for de Valera if you like, but do so with your mind fully made up that you are prepared to take the consequences."

"GET OUT OF THE RUT."

MR. JOSEPH X. MURPHY'S CANDIDATURE.

Mr. Joseph X. Murphy, who is standing as an Independent Constitutionalist candidate for County Dublin, addressed a large meeting in the Town Hall, Blackrock, last night, and was given an enthusiastic reception.

Mr. Edwin Lowry presided.

SERIOUS CRISIS.

Mr. A. Lloyd Blood said that they were all agreed that a serious crisis had been reached in the history of the country. Apathy on the part of the electors at this election might lead to a deadlock, which would mean confusion and trouble beyond measure.

It was the duty of the electors to see that the representatives that they sent to the Dail were strong, sound and reliable men, determined to work for the best interests of the State and the existing Constitution. For a long time complaints had been made that the leading merchants and citizens did not come forward to take their part in the administration of the affairs of the country. They were now afforded an opportunity of electing a candidate of exceptional merit, experience and standing, one who invited them to give up politics for a while and to get down to business. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Murphy was well known throughout the City and County of Dublin, and elsewhere, being associated with railways, shipping, banking, and insurrence, and he was a generous and charitable gentleman. As a business man he appealed to all practical men and women for support. The electors should remember that when they were asked to vote for Mr. Murphy it did not involve neglect of the claims of other Constitutional candidates. For his own part, he intended to give them his hearty support, and he invited all voters to do the same.

Dr. Daly said that the electors of the County Dublin would be doing the best possible service to all Ireland by voting for Mr. Murphy.

THE CANDIDATE.

Mr. Murphy, who was warmly received, said—I am very much obliged to you all for coming here to-night, but if you came thinking that you were going to listen to a display of oratory, I am afraid you are going to be sadly disappointed, as this is my first experience of platform speaking. I am seeking election as an Independent Constitutionalist, and I can assure you I am, unfortunately for myself, not financed by either Lord Beaverbrook or the *Daily Mail*.

It was only on the eve of the nomination day that I came to the conclusion that possibly a large number of electors in Dublin County might think that there was room in the new Dail for one who up to this has never been tarred with the brush of politics, and a man who will deal with the nation's affairs as a business man rather than as a politician.

I have never belonged to any political party—in fact, I have had rather a dread of the business, but, at the same time, I now feel that I should like to be in the National Assembly, so as to express my opinion on the merits of new legislation and record my vote if necessary in whatever way I conscientiously thought was right. It may also recommend me to you that I am not an office-seeker, and I assure you the remuneration has no temptations for me.

Talking of legislation, my belief is that the country is saturated with it, and that we are all nauseated with the overwhelming torrent of new measures brought forward almost daily during the session. What the country now wants is a little breathing space and time to settle down to business. Let us use the machinery of State that we now have to get us along the road to prosperity, and when we have got a bit further along that road we can begin to think of improving our methods and laws, but for a while let us have done with unnecessary legislation.

THE POLITICAL RUT.

In one of my posters—by the way, I hope you think the photograph is a good one—I say, "Get out of the rut of politics." You may ask me what I mean. My idea is that a great many measures, which may be good or bad for the country, and, in any case, may have far-reaching effects, are often debated from a political aspect rather than from their particular merits and practical effects. Again, some measures of the greatest importance receive little attention from the House as a whole. I instance the Currency Bill, and think am right in saying that one of its most important stages was decided in a House of about ten deputies, and the debate resolved itself into a friendly duel between Mr. Blythe and Professor Thrift.

We are also, I understand, to have a change of coinage, and I believe some of the tokens will have on one side designs symbolic of the products or industries of Ireland. I believe animals will figure largely in these designs, but I doubt whether any of us who may have a half-crown in our pockets will feel ourselves any better off or better Irishmen because it has a horse or a pig on one side of it instead of King George. I also question where the profit to the Free State will be unless it can arrange for someone to relieve us of all the existing silver at its face value.

What we want here is to be left alone for a while, at any rate, to try to work the country on common sense lines to the best advantage of everyone. As I said in my election address, I am a Constitutionalist. If the Free State and Great Britain have entered into a bond both sides should keep that bond, just the same as any man giving his word to another is expected to keep his word. You will, therefore, see that my return would not weaken the Treaty position in any way.

GOOD-WILL AND TRADE.

Apart from the Treaty altogether, I believe that any measures that would tend to alienate the good-will of England would be extremely unfortunate for our trade and prosperity. Perhaps in mentioning prosperity I may be misunderstood, as the word, I am sorry to say, is a misnomer in our country at the present time. There is, however, always the future to look forward to, and it is in the future that our hopes are set.

EX-SERVICE MEN.

I have referred in my address to my slight connection with the Army during the European War. I was attached as a Second Lieutenant to the Engineers and ended in the same rank. I was only in France for four days, having taken a draft over there. Beyond a few air raids, nothing exciting happened, except that I lost one of my men on the way. Curiously enough, his name was Murphy. I never heard what became of him, but I sincerely hope he is alive and well.

I however, saw enough in my short period of service to appreciate what men went through in France and other sphere of action. Anything that can be done for those who got through and came back bodily incapacitated, or who lost their jobs through their courage in joining up, should be done, and if I have the honour of being one of your representatives my support to these can be relied on.

From the speeches of the different candidates for the Dail, I notice there are various planks in their platforms. I think one party wants wholesale protection. The question of free trade and protection is a very deep one, although you would not imagine it to be so from the glib way it is discussed by many of our politicians. I do not pretend to have studied it as others may have done, but it would seem to me that protection is only needed in regard to manufactures which can be produced as cheaply and equally well in the Free State as they can be imported from other countries.

I do not think that without further examination of the subject I would be in favour of a protection, which might result in benefiting a few hundred workers engaged in a particular industry at the expense of, possibly, many thousand consumers or users of the articles produced by these 200 workers. I give this as a very broad example of my views on the question.

THE DISTILLERIES.

There is, however, an industry which should receive some assistance from the State by way of reduced taxation, and that is the distilling business, which, it seems to me, will be wiped out altogether unless people are put in a position to obtain, at least, their modicum of whiskey at a price commensurate with the general fall in income, whether they be employed or employers.

I know that some people with very strong teetotal views believe that if the price of whiskey to the consumer be reduced, those who now occasionally take one glass, might be tempted to take two. I do not share this view, but think that a reduction in the price might enable those who now have to to go without it altogether, to resume their slight indulgence without harm to themselves and with benefit to distilleries, and consequent help to farmers who supply the grain, and to labour in general.

The word "labour" brings me to thoughts of the unemployed, of which, unfortunately, there are a great number. Any constructive measures that might be suggested in an endeavour to find work for all those who are willing to work, should have the support of any right-minded man, whether in the Dail or not. Labour, however, should recognise that, much as one would wish to do so, it will not be always possible to concede the rates of pay that labour might expect as its due.

I am afraid that my attitude towards the Irish language may possibly grate on the feelings of those who are so anxious to see it universal throughout the country. I do not wish to grate on their feelings or on anyone's feelings. At the same time, my own view is that, while every encouragement should be given to all those who desire to acquire a knowledge of Irish, there should be no compulsion in the matter. Another view—again, perhaps, entirely personal—is that money is unnecessarily spent in bilingual treatment of official forms, etc.

Of course, I believe that there are some districts in Ireland where the Irish language is universally spoken, and I think that every consideration should be shown towards them by the use of official forms, etc., in the language which they are accustomed to.

"A CHARA."

I consider that the commencement of official communications with "A Chara" and ending up with "Sinne le Meas Mor," with all the rest of the communication in English, is humbug, and possibly hurtful to Gaelic revivalists. When income tax officials get busy with defaulters they usually start their letters "A Chara"; but they express in very forcible English what they are going to do unless the money is sent along.

Should I be returned to the Dail, I will always act there in the manner which I really believe to be right. In this connection you may remember the advice given to his class by a professor when his students, having completed their studies, were going into the world. He said to them: "Trust all men and do right," and I may say he added: "Beware of all women and don't write."

I am afraid that, possibly, you will say to yourselves that I am a very milk-and-watery candidate. I know milk and water is not a very sustaining diet; but, perhaps, you will agree with me that it really has more sustenance in it than the blood and thunder we have been accustomed to of late.

You may also say: "What good is he? He has not promised anything, same as all the other candidates do." Well, I ask you, what has become of all the promises you have heard from time to time from election platforms?

I have spent the best part of my life in Blackrock, and my father, the late Mr. John Murphy, lived the last fifty years of his life in Avoca avenue. He was, I know, respected and trusted by all in the township, and, if you can transfer to his son some share of that trust and respect, return me as your member, and I will try never to let you down. (Applause.)

WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

A woman in the audience asked what Mr. Murphy's views were on the question of providing for destitute widows and their dependent children.

Mr. Murphy said that as soon as the resources of the Free State warranted anything of that sort he would be in favour of it. He would do everything in his power for ex-Service men of all classes.

FIANNA FAIL'S PROMISES.

GETTING BACK THE SIX COUNTIES.

Mr. Sean MacEntee was the principal speaker at Fianna Fail meetings held last night at Sandymount Green, Ballsbridge and Portrane.

Mr. Sean MacEntee said that when the Fianna Fail deputies declared that their allegiance and their service would be given only to the Irish people they were denounced by the Free State propagandists as perjurers. If Mr. Cosgrave declared that Fianna Fail deputies could not give allegiance to the Irish people without perjuring themselves, where was his own allegiance given? Was it given to the Imperial Throne of Great Britain; was it given to a power external to this country and hostile to its people? That was the dilemma in which Mr. Cosgrave's own arguments placed him.

Now that the people knew Mr. Cosgrave in his true colours, they had an explanation of many events that hitherto had been mysterious and inexplicable. Presumably, it was because he gave no allegiance to the Irish people that Mr. Cosgrave in 1925 had appointed as his representative in the Boundary Commission a political Rip Van Winkle, who had surrendered the six counties to Sir James Craig. Mr. Cosgrave's devotion to the Throne, no doubt, also explained why, following the Boundary betrayal, his Minister of Finance, Mr. Blythe, signed a secret financial agreement, under which all industry, whether manufacturing or agricultural, was to be crippled by the annual exaction of a tribute of 5½ million pounds to be paid to England. Now, it was clear why Mr. Cosgrave, at the Imperial Conference in November last, pledged his Army, the whole resources of the State, the blood and sinews of the people to defend his Empire in time of need. Small wonder that Major Bryan Cooper found it possible to proclaim that in 99 aspects out of 100 Mr. Cosgrave's principles and his own were identical.

If the people gave their confidence to Fianna Fail at this election, that party would do its utmost to recover the Six Counties; it would see that no portion of the people's money would be given to England, that England was not entitled to under the Treaty; it would reduce taxation and lighten the burden on industry, so that industry would be able to provide that employment which was the worker's crying need.

IN BLACK AND TAN DAYS.

Mr. Robert Brennan, a Fianna Fail candidate for County Dublin, writes:—

Mr. McGilligan is reported in this morning's *Irish Times* as follows:—"Mr. Brennan left the country just before the Black and Tans. His health had broken down, and he was sent on a tour of the foreign offices of Sinn Fein."

This is untrue. I directed the Publicity Department of Sinn Fein, and later the Foreign Office of Dail Eireann right through the whole period of the Black and Tan *régime*. Although I was ordered abroad by my doctor in the spring of 1921, I remained at my post until the Truce, and for six weeks after that. It was only at the earnest request of Mr. Arthur Griffith that I then consented to go abroad.

If Mr. McGilligan had been anxious to learn the truth about this matter, he could have had the facts from at least three of his colleagues on the Executive Council.

NORTH DUBLIN.

THE REDUCTION IN TAXATION.

MR. MORTISHED SAYS IT BENEFITS ONLY THE RICH.

Speaking at a meeting in Halliday road, Arbour Hill, Dublin, in support of the candidature of Mr. Denis Cullen and Mr. Thomas O'Reilly, Labour candidates for Dublin City North, Mr. R. H. P. Mortished said that, in spite of the handicaps a poor party must suffer in a rushed election, they would get the support of at least sufficient people to secure the return of two Labour deputies. In June last the Labour Party was standing on the same programme as in 1923 and 1922, and now again in August, 1927, they stood for exactly the same principles and the same policy as they had held for the past five years.

The Cumann na nGaedheal Party came into power by a kind of political accident, as a result of the circumstances under which the Treaty was accepted, and its principal function was regarded by itself as simply to maintain the Treaty. As a matter of fact, they had not maintained the Treaty, which had been altered twice in two important respects, and on each occasion in accordance with the interpretation of the Treaty placed upon it by the British signatories and in their interests.

The Ministry was becoming more and more reactionary, until now they had a party calling itself by an Irish name that was becoming more and more the instrument of that section of the population which used to be looked upon as representative of the so-called West Britons. Taxation had been reduced if they were thinking of the man with a large income, the man who paid super-tax, of limited liability companies, and more particularly of cross-Channel companies operating here and making profits out of the people. All these had profited by the reduction in taxation. If they asked themselves in what they had gained, they would see that nothing had been done to ease the burdens of the ordinary wage-earning man and his family.

Last June the Government authorised the landlords to increase their rents by another ten per cent. In many cases by June of next year they would be able to raise them to any limit they pleased through the abolishment of the control of rents. In April of this year, when Mr. Blythe framed his Budget, he had half a million to spare, and he gave it to the wealthy income tax payers. If there was money to spare, the people who had the first claim were those who were only able to earn their living and make ends meet.

Mr. Thomas O'Reilly said that the most important matter of the moment on which the electorate was invited to concentrate was the unemployment that existed in the Free State. It was because the Cosgrave Government realised the disadvantage they would be placed at through the administration of a Labour Government that the country was plunged into a general election.

SOUTH DUBLIN.

WHY THE DUMPS ARE RETAINED.

THE TALK OF "PUNISHING" THE NORTH.

Two meetings were held in support of the Cumann na nGaedheal candidates for South Dublin last night.

At Camden street,

Mr. P. S. Doyle said that Sean T. O'Kelly spoke of getting the independence of Ireland. It was obvious that if the party had not made war in 1922, Ulster might not have opted out, and the prospects of the Dail being the National Assembly for the whole nation might not have been postponed. The people who talked of the unemployed had tried to exploit the unemployed for the benefit of the "Republic."

Mr. Vincent Rice, K.C., said that the only promise kept by Mr. de Valera was that made in 1922, when he declared that it would be necessary to wade through the blood of brothers, and even Ministers, to attain his ideals. He had made many promises since, but how many had he kept? He (Mr. Rice) was not afraid that de Valera would give them another war, because the people had turned him down before, and, if necessary, would turn him down again. These people, or their followers, were stated to be constitutionalists, but their army had dumps all over the Free State. What were they keeping these dumps for except to intimidate the people if they were defeated at the polls? These gentlemen were playing a double game—"Heads I win; tails you lose."

THE TARIFF WALL FALLACY.

Their opponents talked of a tariff wall around the country. That was like feeding a dog on his own tail. If they had protection, everything imported into the country would be dearer. Another part of de Valera's policy was to reduce "the standard of living" in this country. That meant reducing wages. "This generation," said Mr. Rice, "has made enough sacrifices for de Valera and his followers without making more."

De Valera also wanted to punish the North. The Government party wanted the North to come in so that they could have one great State standing together. The people of the North were friendly, but they would not come in if the minority ruled. He asked his audience to look at what the Government had done compared with what de Valera had done in 1922-23.

A Voice—"Up, de Valera."

Mr. Rice—You might as well say "Up, Lobengula, or Abdul Hamid. He is not an Irishman.

In conclusion, he said that they had one of their own fellow-citizens of whom they should be proud in William T. Cosgrave. That man had helped to build up the State while de Valera had tried to ruin it. (Applause.)

Dr. Hennessy said that de Valera might be prepared to make war upon them, but he would not be allowed to do it because they had a trained army. There would be no necessity for such an army if de Valera would acknowledge majority rule, but he did not accept that unless he was in the majority himself.

A Voice—He will never get that.

The speaker then dealt with the necessity for a loan to carry on essential works, and said that the Cosgrave Government could get the money because it paid 20s. in the pound.

NORTH DUBLIN.

HOUSES AND WORK.

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT CAN PROVIDE.

Mr. R. Mulcahy and the other Government Party candidates for North Dublin held a successful meeting last night at Deverill place, off Gardiner street. Mr. John Ryan, ex-T.C., presided.

Mr. Mulcahy, who was cheered, said that members of the Government Party had been described as people who wanted to be the masters of the Dail, but that was simply said to confuse the issue and mislead the voters. Ireland had been dominated by the foreigner for centuries, and it remained for the present generation to have the privilege of driving them out. Having got their freedom, what they really wanted now were good homes, secure work and adequate educational facilities. More houses have been built in Dublin in the last three years to provide homes for workingmen than had been built for the 37 years before that. Those houses were not numerous enough, and the rents were too high. One reason for the high rents was the operations of Mr de Valera and his followers.

"We ask you," said General Mulcahy, "to send back whatever party you want. If you want another Government we believe you can have it, but if you want a Government that will steer straight ahead on sound principles, and whose word is as good as their bond, you will have to go to President Cosgrave and Cumann na nGaedheal for it."

WORKERS' REPUBLIC.

MR. LARKIN'S AIM.

Speaking at a meeting in Cathal Brugha street, Dublin, last night, Mr. James Larkin, the Workers' League candidate for North Duhlin, said that the one issue in the election was British Imperialism or Irish freedom. Fianna Fail and the Workers' League stood alone for Irish freedom. The final aim of the Workers' League was a workers' Republic.

Mr. Larkin claimed that, while others were idle and took no part in the Labour movement, he secured an increase of wages for the workers of Dublin of £127,000 in one year. There was a lot of talk about preventing him from entering the Dail, but, he said, he would deal with that when the time came.

He challenged Mr. Johnson to meet him in public on any platform and debate certain actions of Mr. Johnson, and if he (Mr. Larkin) did not fulfil his challenge he was prepared to hand over £100 for charitable purposes.

He went on to say that he had submitted proposals to the Commissioners for the taking over of the North Dublin Union buildings in order that they might be turned into flats for the workers, but his proposals had been turned down.

Mr. Larkin added that if elected he would do everything possible to secure the release of the political prisoners, to whom, he thought, compensation should be paid. He promised also to look after the interests of the street traders, to provide work for the unemployed, and to insist upon the principle of one man one job.

NATIONAL BANK CLERKSHIPS.

Candidates should note that at the last exam. pupils of Rossa College, Stephen's Green, Dublin, gained 8 appointments.—(Advt.)

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

ELECTRICITY ON THE FARM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I have read with much interest your reports and your excellent leading article on the above subject which appears in the *Irish Times* of to-day. I must, however, express my astonishment that there should be any differences of opinion on the matter. Granted a supply of cheap electricity, which the Shannon scheme is quite certain to supply to the Free State, it is only a question how to let the farmer know what the use of electricity will do for his farm and his home to ensure that every farmer who desires to keep in the business will make full use of the opportunity which the long overdue introduction of chesp power gives him.

Last winter I went out to Australia and New Zealand to study conditions in the sister Dominions, and in the whole tour nothing struck me as more remarkable, or more worthy of imitation, than the use of electricity which is now being made in the farms of New Zealand. Every one of the uses you mention of electric power is there in daily use. In addition, I saw no sheep or lambs in need of clipping round their quarters. An electric clippers is run round their quarters as often as required. Cows are milked by electricity. Hedges are clipped, and the whole place, inside and outside, is cleaned and tidied by electric power. Inside the house all cooking, lighting, heating, washing, ironing, and sweeping up are done by the same, while in some up-to-date farms electric currents are turned loose among the crops, with, I was told, the most remarkable results in increasing production, particularly of root crops.

Do not let us forget that the three islands of New Zealand possess only about one-half the population of the Free State. Their land is nothing like as good as ours, nor have they a better climate, in my opinion, than ours; while, like Ireland, they had no money to commence with except what they could borrow on the strength of the fact that they were willing to work and settle down to live in peace with one another within the circle of the British Empire and under the protection of its sea power.

Whatever mistakes President Cosgrave's Government may have made, I venture to predict that future generations of Irishmen will bless them, if for nothing else, for their courage in inaugurating the great Shannon scheme.—Yours, etc.,

F. F. MACCARE, Lieutenant-Colonel.

Mallow, September 8th, 1927.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—In your report to-day of the proceedings of the British Association at Leeds, Mr. Norman Mathews in a lecture to that body, said—"Farming is seriously lagging behind all other industries in the use of power, and to-day life and labour on the farms are of the most arduous and trying nature. Many of the farm duties are carried out just as they were a hundred years ago." Quite true, but I am afraid that it must remain so. Of what use would all the power in the world be in harvesting crops of corn lying flat on the ground, as they are in wet seasons like the present? Science, I am afraid, has made very little contribution to the solving of this corn-lodging problem, which has done as much as anything else to make corn-growing very unprofitable and the harvesting of it "arduous and trying." It is a problem, I am convinced, that could be solved, and the man who does so will earn the thanks and gratitude of thousands of farmers in Ireland. —Yours, etc.,

J. BORTHISTLE.

Effernogue, Ferns, Co. Wexford,
September 7th, 1927.

THE LIMERICK ELECTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—A statement in the *Irish Times* of September 1st concerning Sir Joseph Nunan's nomination for Limerick has given rise to a number of rumours which have caused annoyance to those concerned in the incident. In the circumstances may I be allowed to give the facts?

My brother, who was abroad at the time, was pressed by several influential people to stand as Government candidate for Limerick. On the day of the nominations I expressed, in a wire to the convention secretary, his willingness to go forward if the Government nominees had not already been selected. To this a reply was received saying that it was regretted that all nominations had been filled before his acceptance had been received. It will thus be seen that my brother's name never came before the convention, and consequently he cannot be said to have been rejected, as would seem to be indicated by the *Irish Times* report.—Yours, etc.,

MARCUS NUNAN.

Dublin, September 8th, 1927.

FINANCES OF CORK COUNTY COUNCIL.

BACKWARD STATE OF RATE COLLECTION.

POSSIBLE "CUT" IN NEXT YEAR'S ESTIMATE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

CORK, Thursday.

The sum of £10,000 is required to cover the weekly expenditure of Cork County Council; but during the last five weeks only £18,000 of the rates outstanding—the main source of the Council's revenue—has been collected.

The total amount of rates for the entire county is £437,532, divided into two moieties. Out of the first moiety, £176,696 had been collected up till yesterday, and out of the second only £869 18s. 10d., leaving a total balance due of £218,966, including arrears.

This situation was revealed at a meeting of the Council, which was held here yesterday, when a lengthy discussion took place on the state of the rate collection.

Mr. T. J. Broderick pointed out that the collection of the rates was five months due, and the collectors were now in a position to take proceedings to recover the amounts due. The Council, he said, could not be financed on credit all the time, and if the rates were not paid their only remedy was to borrow money.

SOMETHING WRONG.

Mr. C. J. McCarthy said that there must be something wrong with the country, if the people were unable to pay their rates. The farmers, he declared, were over-burdened with taxation, and they were the mainstay of the State, and had to produce most of the money required by the public bodies. Despite that, different parties were trying to raise the rates by increasing the salaries of officials. The expenditure of the Council must be cut down if they were to expect the people to pay their rates.

Mr. Broderick agreed that there was a considerable amount of distress throughout the country; but did not agree that everybody was affected. At lease 70 per cent. of the rates, he thought, could be collected on demand, and the rate collectors should be warned to make their collections systematically and energetically.

Mr. McCarthy—I disagree; not fifty per cent. of the people can pay the demands.

REDUCTION FORESHADOWED.

Mr. Broderick—It serves no good purpose to discredit the paying capacity of the county, and I do not think that things are so black at all; but I am confident that in next year's estimate we will be able to reduce the demands for the county by £45,000. (Hear, hear.)

The Secretary said that it was a mistake to say that the rates were increased by fifty per cent. The rates had gone up from £351,000 to £417,000.

Mr. M. J. Corry said that speaking from personal experience, the rates on his farm had increased from £24 in 1915 to £63 at the present time.

INJURIOUS.

Mr. Walsh protested against a discussion of that nature taking place in the presence of the Press. It might be pointed out, have an injurious effect on the collection of the rates, as people would refuse to put their hands in their pockets when they knew that their neighbours were not paying their rates.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

At the meeting of the Finance Committee of Cork County Council, the report from Mr. J. P. Moran, Local Government Auditor, was read. It dealt with the two years ended September, 1926, and stated that the receipts and expenditure for that period were £1,534,387 3s. 1d. and £1,477,970 16s. 2d. respectively. The debit balance of £151,888, due to the bank in October, 1924, was reduced to £95,467 in September, 1926. That adverse balance was not a complete index of the Council's financial position, for on the same date the Secretary's statement showed an excess of cash assets over liabilities amounting to £93,635. That large excess was the result of over-estimating in recent years, due to the backward state of the rate collection, rates outstanding in September, 1926, amounting to £190,546.

The report went on to state that the large increase of rates between the two years under review was due to increased cost of labour and materials; increased demands by subsidiary bodies; the addition of 6d. in the £ under the Damage to Property (Compensation) Act; the addition of 11d. in the £ for the repayment of principal and interest on the loan raised under the remission of rates under the Agricultural Land Act; and payment of pensions.

SECRETARY CRITICISED.

Continuing, the report referred to the negligence in the Secretary's office, in preparing the minutes of meetings and other matters, and comments that the manner in which the Secretary attends to his office work generally leaves much to be desired.

The Secretary (Mr. Eugene Callanan) read a reply to the meeting, in which he said that the excess of cash assets was not due to over-estimating, but to the backward state of the rate collection. He also stated, from experience, that he was of opinion that no Council could exist on a hand to mouth system. Substantial assets would always be required. Continuing, he dealt with the payments made in the current year. The levy of rates was £437,000, of which only £647 was collected and lodged to the date of the last meeting. The balance due to the bank was £76,748. He believed that it would be a mistake to anticipate any immediate reduction in the rates.

He defended his administration of office affairs.

The report was adopted.

PRINCESS XENIA

STILL DELAYED BY BAD WEATHER.

The Princess Xenia did not leave her hangar at Baldonnel yesterday owing to the particularly bad weather conditions, and there is little likelihood of a start being made on the Transatlantic flight to-day, as the weather reports state that very bad weather conditions prevail over the Atlantic. No one was allowed inside the aerodrome yesterday.

Inquiries showed that, so far, there has been no alteration in the original plans regarding the flight of the Princess Xenia. Conferences have taken place for the last few days regarding the *personnel*, but up to a late hour last night no definite decision had been reached.

The reports that Commandant Fitzmaurice is to accompany Captain McIntosh instead of Captain Joynson-Wreford, are stated to be unauthorised and inaccurate.

LEITRIM-SLIGO.

COALITION'S BAIT FOR THE FARMERS.

MR. BAXTER OFFERED MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

MOYLLE, Thursday.

Addressing a large fair day meeting here to-day in support of the candidature of Mr. Michael Carter, outgoing Farmers' deputy for Leitrim-Sligo constituency, Mr. Patrick Baxter, leader of the Farmers' Party, said that his party was accused of being landlords, ranchers, graziers and Freemasons. There was no truth in those allegations, as the patriotic national records of every member of the party would show.

Over in the border County of Longford Mr. Victory, a Republican deputy, regretted that the Farmers' Party had not joined the Labour-Fianna Fail-National League coalition to turn out the Cosgrave Government. There was an offer made to him and the Farmers' Party to join in that coalition to overthrow the Government. The offer came to him (Mr. Baxter) from a Fianna Fail member, and with it the offer that he (Mr. Baxter) should become Minister for Lands and Agriculture. Needless to say, he refused the offer.

Only for the action of those other parties in challenging the Cosgrave Government's rule there would have been no General Election to-day. The Farmers' Party in the vote they gave in the Dail did not vote only for the Cosgrave Government, but for what they thought was the best interests of the country—for peace and security for all. They did not join the proposed Coalition

STEAMER AGROUND AT WATERFORD: ATHENRY SHOW.

The steamer Lancashire, of Belfast, aground at the Ferry Slip, Waterford.

Mr. J. de W. Hill and Mr. Lloyd Bertaud, the American airmen, for whom liners have searched the Atlantic in vain.

Prince Ame Deo Duke of Puigia, a nephew of the King of Italy, whose engagement to Princess Anne, daughter of the Duc and Duchesse de Guise, is announced.

Group taken at the Little Theatre, South William street, Dublin, during a rehearsal in connection with the Civic Week pageant.

The Committee of the Athenry Agricultural Show. Messrs. T. B. Higgins (President), O. Daly (Treasurer) and J. O'Connell Sullivan (Secretary) are in the second row.

Mr. T. McDermott Kelly, Colonel Grattan-Bellew, Miss Morley and Mrs. Grattan-Bellew at Athenry Show.

Mr. B. Taylor with his first prize Galway sheep.

Mrs. Esther Corbett's first prize turn-out at Athenry Show.

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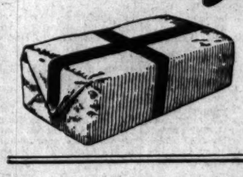

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DUBLIN PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME FOR COMING SEASON.

The Dublin Philharmonic Society, embracing the Dublin Symphony Orchestra and the Dublin Philharmonic Choral Society, is presenting for the season 1927-28 a programme of orchestral and choral music of singular attractiveness. The orchestral pieces are mostly modern, calling for technical qualities of the very highest order.

There are to be five concerts, all in the afternoon, in the Theatre Royal, with Colonel Fritz Brasé and Mr. Turner Huggard as conductors. The particulars of the different programmes, as well as the arrangements for the booking of seats, will be found in our advertising columns. The list of vice-presidents indicates the representative character of the support that already has been accorded to the Society. It includes the Earl of Granard, K.P., P.C., the Earl of Mayo, K.P.; the Right Hon. Jonathan Pim, P.C.; the Hon. John O'Byrne, K.C.; Mr. John McCormack, the Hon. J. Creed Meredith, Mr. Dermod O'Brien, P.R.H.A.; Mr. G. H. P. Hewson, Mus.Doc.; Sir Joseph A. Glynn, Mr. S. Myerscough, Mus.Bac.; Professor J. M. Sullivan (Minister for Education), Senator J. G. Douglas, the Rev. John Burke, B.A. (Dean, University College, Dublin); Mr. W. E. Thrift, M.A., F.T.C.D., T.D.; Mr. J. R. Coade, Mr. W. J. Purdy, and Mr. G. W. Dench.

IRISH BREAD AWARDS.

The following were yesterday's local awards in the bread competitions at the Confectioners', Bakers' and Allied Trades' Exhibition in the Royal Agricultural Hall, Islington:—

Irish Bread-making Championship—F. W. Abernethy, Castlemartyr.

Irish bread: one square or four-sided batch loaf—1, Parkes and Co., Belfast; 2, United Co-operative Baking Society, Belfast; 3, J. Warwick, Belfast.

One hexagon or six-sided batch loaf—1, Ringsend Bakery, Dublin; 2, Duff Bros., Belfast; 3, United Co-operative Baking Society, Belfast.

One turnover or grinder—1, F. W. Abernethy, Castlemartyr; 2, Brennan, Ltd., Bandon; 3, Ormond and Ahearn, Cork.

One oblong open pan loaf—1, United Co-operative Baking Society, Belfast; 2, F. W. Abernethy; 3, G. Park, Belfast.

One oblong—1, United Co-operative Baking Society, Belfast; 2, Ormond and Ahearn, Cork; 3, J. Stewart, Belfast.

One basket pan loaf—1 (silver medal and diploma), Ormond and Ahearn, Cork; 2 (bronze medal and diploma), United Co-operative Baking Society, Belfast; 3 (diploma), Brennan, Ltd., Bandon.

One brown malted loaf—1 (silver medal and diploma), United Co-operative Society, Belfast; 2, Reid and Son, Coleraine; 3, J. Warwick, Belfast.

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For delicious flavour and high food value, Bournville Cocoa is unsurpassed. Every tin contains free coupons for Free Gifts of Cadbury's Chocolates. Start collecting to-day

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GOSSIP FROM THE COURSE.

GOLDEN ARABY WINS.

PORTLAND HANDICAP FOR OUTSIDER.

BANSTAR BEATEN.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.

DONCASTER, Thursday Night.

It was unfortunate that the weather on this, the third, day of the meeting should have broken down badly in the middle of the afternoon. It had been a delightful morning, and everything promised fair, but the rain set in just before the race for the Portland Handicap was run.

This event fell to an unfancied horse, Mr. S. B. Joel's four-year-old filly Mayrian, who had been beaten in all her races this season, including one at Goodwood, when she was thought a certainty, and was carrying only 6st. 7lb. Now she jumped off in front from a rather ragged start, and made all the rest of the running, winning by half a length and the same from Queen's Bower, who swerved close home—a circumstance that may have cost her the race—and Endowment, the latter being just in front of Highborn, who ran a really good race, but could not make up the ground which the winner gained off him at the gate.

The winner was well ridden by A. Wragg, the youngest of a family of jockeys, who is apprenticed to Stanley Wootton, and rides a nice steady race. He is a boy who will probably go a long way.

Results generally throughout the afternoon did not favour backers. The Corporation Selling Plate, the first race of the afternoon, was won by Mr. Sidney Beer's Abbot's Pride, but he started at 100 to 7, and his owner did not support him with the usual enthusiasm that he exhibits when he has a fancied horse.

FIRST CHOICES FAIL.

The first choices also did badly in the Rous Plate, which San Marino won for Lord Rosebery by two lengths and a head from the Charlabelle colt and Three Star II. This son of Spion Kop won by staying on far better than anything else in the race, and there should be a very considerable future before him.

A very hot favourite in the French colt Banstar was beaten by a head in the Alexandra Handicap by Nevermore. From the time they turned into the straight it was a two-horse race. Nevermore had a slight lead, and he maintained it until they had passed the post. He was always going just a little too well for the favourite, Adage, who was third, six lengths off.

Golden Araby gave a delightful performance in the Princess Mary Stakes under her 9st. She won it all the way, and at the finish had a length to spare over Silver Wedding and White Fur, who dead-heated for second place. Maeve was not started for this race, although Mr. Harry Beasley had come from Ireland to see her run. I believe that Mr. Beasley has not been in England since the week he won the Grand National on Comeaway in 1894.

AN EASY WINNER.

One of the easiest winners of the afternoon was the Baron de Tuyll's Roman Emperor, who took the Wharncliffe Handicap by four lengths and three lengths from Rose Red and Barlick. I thought that Caustic ran well in this race, and it may be noted that he has accepted for the Cambridgeshire ,where he has been let in with 6st.

There were only five runners for the last race, and two raced on the stand side and three on the far rails. One of the latter, Melanesia, won it comfortably by half a length from Uncle Woody on the stand side. The form may not have amounted to a great deal, for he was givinb her 17lb.

It looks as if there will be only four runners for the Doncaster Cup to-morrow, and it is doubtful whether either of the three-year-old fillies, Grand Vitesse or Bythorne, will be good enough to beat DARK JAPAN, in spite of their advantages in the weights. Bythorne may be the danger to the Aga Khan's colt, who should win.

There should be an interesting race for the Park Mill Stakes, in which Gioconda is much fancied to beat Cinq a Sept and La Douairiere, but I like the chance of MOUSME better than that of any of the others. STASIARCH, now that he has regained his two-year-old form, is a very smart colt, and he should beat everything in the Town Moor Handicap. The Prince of Wales's Nursery is very open, but if RANJIT SINGH stays the mile he should win, for he won at Chepstow—his last appearance in public—in storming style.

GALTES MORE.

FORM HORSES.

DONCASTER.

1.30—Hereford Dale, filly.
2.0—Cinq a Sept.
2.30—Harpist.
3.0—Dark Japan.
3.30—Twinkling.
4.0—Arran Chief (nap).

Eclipse.

SPECIAL SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

Westminster Gazette :—To-day's Best—Stasiarch. Double—Stasiarch and Ranjit Singh.

Daily Express :—Safety Bet — Herbalist (each way) (nap). Double—Herbalist and Ranjit Singh.

Daily Sketch :—Double — Gioconda and Arran Chief.

Daily Mirror :—Double—Stasiarch (nap) and Ranjit Singh.

SPORTING GOSSIP.

Call Boy at the Stud.

Call Boy, the Derby winner, for whom Sir H. Mallaby Deeley paid the record sum of £60.000, will stand next season at the Wyck Hall Stud, Newmarket. His fee has been fixed at 400 gns., and he will be limited to 25 mares for the first season.

Cheaper Racing.

For the Warwick autumn meeting, which takes place on Monday and Tuesday next, notice is given in yesterday's *Racing Calendar* that the prices of admission will be: Tattersall's ring, £1; minor ring, 6s.; both including entertainment tax. This is a reduction of 2s. 6d. for admission to Tattersall's ring, and brings the meeting into line with Derby, where a similar decrease was made at the last meeting, without, however, any beneficial effect on the attendance.

10,000 Guineas for a Yearling.

The Beckhampton trainer, F. Darling, acting on behalf of Lord Dewar, gave 10,000 gns. at the Doncaster sales yesterday for a yearling filly by Friar Marcus out of Honora, bred at the Sledmere Stud. The record price for a yearling sold at public auction in England is 14,500 gns., given by Lord Glanely for Blue Ensign at Doncaster in 1920. Blue Ensign never won a race. Last year the Aga Khan gave £17,000 for the yearling, Feridoon, which was bred at the National Stud, but the sale was made by private treaty. Feridoon has yet to run.

Boxing Bouts.

In addition to the contest between Teddy Baldock and Willie Smith at the Royal Albert Hall on October 6th, further contests have been arranged. Alex Ireland (Leith) will meet Etienne, the middle-weight champion of Belgium, over ten rounds, and Harry Corbett (Bethnal Green) opposes Scillie, the French champion. Johnny Mann, the ex-amateur, has been matched with George Rosé, the former Welsh schoolboy champion.

Hendren's Record.

Hendren not only scored two separate hundreds in the match in progress at Folkestone, but his 102 yesterday was his thirteenth century this season, one more than three-figure innings than is credited to Hammond.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

Whitnash Plate, Warwick—Damosel.
Meriden Stakes, Warwick—Poupee.
Nelson Plate, Yarmouth—Greenlaeh.
Sandringham Plate, Yarmouth—Kilmacanogue.
Warwick engagements—Myrabella filly (2 yrs.). All engagements—Venny.

THE FLAT-RACING SEASON

Programmes and Selections for all Irish and English Meetings for one week from date of issue appear in *The Irish Field*. Published every Saturday. Price 2d. Subscription terms: Yearly, 13/-; Half-yearly, 6/6 (post free). Head Office, 11 D'Olier street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

POWERSTOWN PARK.

MR. WISE'S DOUBLE.

GOOD RACING AT POPULAR COURSE.

Although the meeting at Powerstown Park yesterday was hurriedly arranged, it served the very useful purpose of providing a day's sport in a district which has not had much racing of late, and it was well supported by both owners and the public. A popular feature of the proceedings was the dual success of Mr. F. W. Wise, who, riding his own horses, Ardfinnan and Alike, had the satisfaction of scoring on both. Splendid autumn weather contributed to a most enjoyable outing at this picturesque course.

Ardfinnan's success in the Darrow Hurdle Race was foreshadowed by his forward running behind Royal Orb at Baldoyle. Odds were now laid on his chance, and these he readily landed. Innisfail momentarily headed him before the second last hurdle, and contested the issue to the end, but Mr. Wise was always riding a confident race, and won with a bit to spare. He had hopes also of winning the Blackwater Plate, for which his mount, Lady Spray, was an odds-on chance, but, though making a good showing for a long way, she was unable to cope with Dainty Lass. The latter won by twelve lengths, but was all out to win, and returned to the paddock in a distressed state. The second triumph of the Wise colours was similar to that of the first race; for Alike led the field for the Shannon Plate all the way, and easily held the once useful Prince Hiram at bay in the closing stages.

Proud Maisie and Star Eireann were the only ones considered seriously for the Nore Plate, and the race was regarded as a match between them, and such it proved to be. They were first and second all the way, and Proud Maisie, holding the foremost position, never relinquished it at any stage. Ronald Slave, who was unruly at the start, bolted at the entrance to the stables near the stand, when only half a mile had been completed.

The meeting of Polar Lass and Let Me Go in the Anner Plate made this race a particularly attractive event, as they had met earlier in the season in a steeplechase at Limerick Junction, when Polar Lass triumphed. On that form there should be little between them, but over the shorter distance of the race under notice Let Me Go established clear superiority, winning in comfortable style from Hiscyllus, with Polar Lass only third. In a particularly open betting race for the Suir Plate, the County Kilkenny-trained Lady Lavender scored cleverly in the hands of D. Kirwan, who is one of the best of the present-day apprentices, and one who promises to develop into a very successful jockey. Details:—

2.45—THE BARROW PLATE of 50 sovs. A handicap hurdle race. 1 m. 6 f.

Mr. F. W. Wise's br. g. ARDFINNAN, by Ardoon, dam by Kosciusko—Norse Girl. a, 10-5 ..... Owner 1
Miss E. M. Nunan's INNISFAIL, 5, 10-1 ..... Mr. T. McCarthy 2
Mr. A. J. Sexton's SAY, a, 10-7 ..... E. Foley x
Mr. M. Barrett's Courage, 6, 10-0 ..... A. Mackey 0
(Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—7 to 4 on ARDFINNAN, 4 to 1 each agst. Say and Innisfail, 50 to 1 Courage.

Ardfinnan settled down in front of Innisfail, Say, and Courage, and ran the remainder of the running more or less in a procession, being led by a length; five lengths divided second and third. After the race the Stewards reprimanded the trainer of Courage for not bringing the horse into the parade ring.

3.10—THE BLACKWATER PLATE of 50 sovs. A handicap steeplechase. 3 m.

Mrs. T. Nunan's ch. m. DAINTY LASS, by Banquet—Lady Conway, a, 11-4 ..... C. McCarthy 1
Mr. F. W. Wise's LADY SPRAY, 6, 11-0 ..... Owner 2
Mrs. Moss's REWARD, a, 10-7 ..... E. Houlihan 3
Mr. R. Wallace's Solus, a, 11-3 ..... K. Lenehan 0
Mr. W. Magee's Cerigo, 4, 10-0 (car. 10-1) ..... J. Manley 0
(Winner trained by J. Nunan.)

Betting—2 to 1 each agst. Lady Spray, 3 to 1 agst. DAINTY LASS, 4 to 1 Solus, 50 to 1 Reward and Cerigo.

Lady Spray made the running from Solus, Cerigo, Reward, and Dainty Lass for two miles, when Cerigo was pulled up, and Solus fell. Half a mile further on Dainty Lass headed Lady Spray, and making the remainder of the running, won by twelve lengths; a bad think.

3.35—THE NORE PLATE of 50 sovs. A weight for age handicap hurdle race. 1 m. 6 f.

Mr. J. W. Widger's br. m. PROUD MAISIE, by Silken Thomas, or Romus—Blue Throat. 5, 11-7 ..... Mr. J. T. Widger 1
Mr. M. J. Tully's STAR EIREANN, 4, 12-7 ..... J. H. Harty 2
Mr. B. W. Purdon's DESTHORPE, a, 11-7 (car. 11-9) ..... Mr. H. J. Delmege 3
Mr. T. G. O'Brien's Garnaman, a, 11-7 ..... J. Meany 0
Mr. H. M. Ryan's Ronald Slave, 4, 10-7 ..... P. Cullen 0
Mrs. T. H. Wallace's Kilkroon, 4, 10-7 ..... K. Lenehan 0
(Winner trained by T. J. Widger.)

Betting—Even PROUD MAISIE, 2 to 1 agst. Star Eireann, 100 to 8 Desthorpe or any other.

Ronald Slave bolted after half a mile, and Proud Maisie, settling down in front of Star Eireann, Kilkroon, and Garnaman, made all the running, and won by four lengths; twelve lengths divided second and third. Kilkroon was fourth.

4.5—THE ANNER PLATE of 50 sovs. A handicap steeplechase. 2 m. 2 f.

Mr. John Gleeson's ch. m. LET ME GO, by My Ronald, dam by James, a, 10-0 (car. 10-1) ..... Mr. T. B. Cullinan 1
Mr. M. Stokes's HISCYLLIUS, 5, 9-2 (car. 9-6) ..... R. McCarthy 2
Mr. C. Ryan's POLAR LASS, a, 10-5 ..... C. McCarthy 3
Mr. F. N. Grene's Hollyford, 5, 10-0 ..... P. Cullen 0
Mr. M. Holland's Countess A, 6, 9-10 ..... K. Lenehan 0
Mr. J. G. Lynch's Polly Alder, 6, 9-7 ..... P. Lynch 0
(Winner trained by E. P. Gleeson.)

Betting—5 to 4 on Polar Lass, 3 to 1 LET ME GO, 5 to 1 Hollyford, 6 to 1 Hiscyllus, 20 to 1 any other.

Hiscyllus set the pace to Hollyford, Polar Lass, Let Me Go, and Polly Alder, with Countess A last. Approaching the second last fence Let Me Go headed Hiscyllus, and making the remainder of the running won by six lengths; two lengths divided second and third. Countess A was fourth and Hollyford next.

4.35—THE SUIR PLATE of 50 sovs. A handicap flat race. 1 m. 5 f.

Mr. John Carroll's ch. m. LADY LAVENDER, by High Mor—Autumn Hue, 5, 9-2 ..... D. Kirwan 1
Capt. Dixon's RIVER THAMES, 3, 9-0 ..... E. Quirke 2
Mr. G. Manning's TALORSA, 3, 8-0 ..... John Doyle 3
Mr. H. M. Hartigan's Royal Vanity, 4, 8-12 ..... Jos. Canty 0
Mr. N. F. Maher's Sweet Mona, a, 8-5 ..... P. Cullen 0
Mr. C. W. Welland's Charile's Boss, 6, 8-0 (car. 8-2) ..... J. H. Harty 0
(Winner trained by J. Kirwan.)

Betting.—2 to 1 each agst. LADY LAVENDER and River Thames, 3 to 1 Royal Vanity, 5 to 1 Talorsa, 20 to 1 any other.

Sweet Mona showed the way to River Thames, Lady Lavender, Royal Vanity and Talorsa for half the journey, when Lady Lavender took command, and, going on from River Thames, won by four lengths; twenty lengths divided second and third. Charile's Boss was fourth.

5.5—THE SHANNON PLATE of 50 sovs. A weight for age flat race. 1 m. 6 f.

Mr. F. W. Wise's br. f. ALIKE, by Southannan —The Very Same, 4, 11-7 ..... Owner 1
Mr. A. Byrne's PRINCE HIRAM ..... Mr. T. V. Ryan 2
Mr. J. T. Purcell's FRANKFORT LODGE, 6, 12-7 ..... Owner 3
Mr. M. Hayes's Bucaill Breah, a, 12-7 ..... Mr. J. T. Widger 0
Mrs. A. Masters's Gold Label, a, 12-7 ..... Mr. H. J. Delmege 0
Mr. J. P. O'Donnell's Kara Tete, a, 12-7 ..... Mr. T. B. Cullinan 0
(Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting.—5 to 4 agst. Prince Hiram, 5 to 2 agst. ALIKE, 6 to 1 Gold Label, 7 to 1 Bucaill Breah, 10 to 1 Kara Tete, 20 to 1 Frankfort Lodge.

Alike made all the running and won easily by six lengths; four lengths divided second and third. Kara Tete was fourth.

BELFAST CLAY BIRD GUN CLUB.

There were four attractive events at the mid-week shoot of the Belfast Clay Bird Gun Club at their grounds, Ligoniel, Belfast.

The teams' shoot proved specially interesting. It was eventually won by the team captained by Mr. R. M. Allen. Mr. W. J. Workman's team being a very close second. Details:—

Event 1—Five birds down line: F. Short, winner.
Event 2—Five driven birds (Scotch system): T. Barfoot, winner.
Event 3—Five birds silent rise: F. Short, winner.
Event 4—Teams' Shoot—1. Mr. H. M. Allen's team: 2. Mr. W. J. Workman's team.

CRICKET—Reports of all Matches and Notes on current events appear in *The Irish Field*. Published every Saturday. Price 2d.—(Advt.)

DONCASTER MEETING.

MAYRIAN WINS THE PORTLAND HANDICAP.

2.0—CORPORATION SELLING HANDICAP, a plate of 200 sovs. 6 f.

Mr. S. W. Beer's b. c. ABBOT'S PRIDE, by Abbot's Trace—Petite Marmite, 4, 8-2 ..... J. Leach 1
Mr. R. D. Cohen's SHOESTRING, 3, 6-10 ..... G. Haines 2
Capt. A. S. Wilson's TOO EAGER, 4, 8-5 ..... T. Taylor 3

Also ran:—Ardscull (M. Beary), Hawkswood (Kirby), Lochalsee (C. Ray), Fire Curtain (H. Beasley), Cistus (R. James), Leander (F. Fox), Bellington (G. Richards), Mars (E. Perryman), Nun of Kent (C. Richards), Monk's Dream (A. Berry), Social Evening (F. Donoghue), June Clover (E. Robertson), Delcraine (A. Burns), Turpin (T. Weston), Rock Daisy (H. Southey), Surprise Party (C. Brown), Square Lad (F. Field), Vision (Sirett), Defiant (W. Lister), Little South (Stephenson), Culbean (A. Wragg). Off 2.3. (Winner trained by Leach, jun.)

Betting—5 to 1 agst. Leander, 7 to 1 Fire Curtain, 8 to 1 each Mars and Delcraine, 100 to 12 Shoestring, 10 to 1 Vision, 100 to 8 Nun of Kent, 100 to 7 each ABBOT'S PRIDE, Lochalsee, and June Clover, 100 to 6 each Square Lad and Monk's Dream, 33 to 1 any other.

Won by a neck; one length. Culbean was fourth, and Leander last.

The winner was sold to Mr. G. Lambton for 600 guineas.

2.30—ROUS PLATE of 500 sovs. For two years old. 6 f.

Lord Rosebery's b. c. SAN MARINO, by Spion Kop—Verona, 9-5 ..... C. Elliott 1
Mr. B. B. Jones's CHARLEBELLE COLT, 8-7 ..... F. Lane 2
H.H. Aga Khan's THREE STAR II, 8-7 ..... C. Smirke 3

Also ran:—Philippine (R. Jones), Accurate c. (C. Childs), Oratorium (H. Wragg), Fruition c. (H. Beasley), Flying Star (F. Jarvis), Felstead (G. Donoghue), Basuto (G. Richards), Garlot (J. Kirby), Market Girl c. (H. Jellis), Exeter (J. Leach), Perella (M. Beary), Alchemist (F. Fox). Off 2.35. (Winner trained by A. Jarvis.)

Betting—3 to 1 agst. Market Girl colt, 7 to 2 Exeter, 5 to 1 Basuto, 7 to 1 Philippine, 8 to 1 SAN MARINO, 10 to 1 Fruition colt, 100 to 8 each Charlebelle colt and Felstead, 100 to 7 Three Star II., 25 to 1 any other.

Won by two lengths; a head. Market Girl colt was fourth and Garlot last.

3.5—PORTLAND HANDICAP STAKES of 10 sovs. each, with 800 sovs. added. 5 f. 153 yds.

Mr. Sol Joel's br. f. MAYRIAN, by Syndrian—Merry Polly, 4, 6-7 ..... A. Wragg 1
Mr. J. Brown's QUEEN'S BOWER, 5, 7-6 ..... D. Richards 2
Lord Lonsdale's ENDOWMENT, 3, 7-7 ..... J. Nolan 3
Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen's Highborn II, 4, 9-0 ..... J. Childs 0
Mr. J. B. Joel's Nice Prospect, 4, 8-5 ..... B. Carslake 0
Mr. T. F. Ryan's Damon, 3, 8-2 ..... H. Beasley 0
Mr. B. Coulson's Orbindos, 4, 8-1 ..... A. Burns 0
Lord D'Abernon's Dion, 3, 8-1 ..... G. Weston 0
Mr. A. Ruston's Buck Away, 4, 7-8 ..... R. James 0
Mr. H. S. Horne's Pinault, 4, 7-3 ..... S. Wragg 0
Mrs. E. M. Bullock's Rath Duth, a, 7-4 ..... J. Dines 0
Lord Beaverbrook's Nipisiniquit, 3, 7-3 ..... H. Southey 0
Mr. W. W. Hope's Inchbonny, 3, 7-2 ..... W. Alford 0
Mr. O. Tordoff's Evening Rose, 4, 7-1 ..... G. Walsh 0
Lord Blandford's Ii Duce, 3, 7-1 ..... J. Sirett 0
Lord Glanely's Marine Parade, 4, 6-10 ..... J. Read 0
Lt.-Col. C. W. Birkin's Edwina, 4, 6-9 ..... A. Berry 0
Sir R. Peto's Trustful, 3, 6-9 ..... A. Brooks 0
Sir F. Bailey's Dingaan's Day, 3, 6-9 ..... G. Baines 0

Off 3.8. (Winner trained by Hogg.)

Betting—5 to 1 each agst. Highborn II. and Endowment, 100 to 14 Queen's Bower, 10 to 1 each Orbindos and Dion, 100 to 8 each Ii Duce, Nice Prospect, and Damon, 100 to 6 each MAYRIAN, Inchbonny, and Trustful, 25 to 1 Rath Duth, 33 to 1 any other.

Damon swerved to the left at the start, and Mayrian set the pace from Marine Parade, Damon, Orbindos, Endowment, Inchbonny, Evening Rose, Highborn II. and Queen's Bower, who was just in front of Nice Prospect, after going a quarter of a mile. Queen's Bower, Evening Rose, Endowment and Orbindos improved. Approaching the distance Queen's Bower took second place, with Evening Rose, Orbindos and Endowment all in a line, with Highborn II. next. The last-named began to make headway shortly afterwards, when Endowment swerved to Orbindos. Resisting Queen's Bower in a thrilling finish, Mayrian, having led throughout, won by half a length; the same distance divided second and third. Orbindos was fourth, Highborn II. fifth, Evening Rose sixth, Nice Prospect seventh, Ii Duce eighth, Edwina ninth, Dingaan's Day tenth, Inchbonny eleventh, Damon twelfth, Trustful thirteenth and Buck Away last.

3.40—ALEXANDRA HANDICAP, a Plate of 500 sovs. 1 m.

Mr. H. Sharp's ch. c. NEVERMORE, by Great Surprise—Ravensroost, 6, 7-9 ..... R. James 1
M. M. Boussac's BANSTAR, 4, 8-12 ..... C. Elliott 2
Mr. S. Woolfe's ADAGE, 4, 8-2 ..... J. Marshall 3

Also ran—Sun God II. (Bartholomew), Greek Idol (F. Fox), Kakushin (G. Richards), Blackness (J. Sirett), Riphenor (S. Donoghue), Beesborough (F. Leach), Vintaged (S. Wragg), Touch and Go (J. Caldwell), Hinton Bridge (A. Burns), Love Dart (G. Walsh), Obvions (G. Baines), Gay Gamp (W. Alford), Damozel (F. Sharpe). Off 3.42. (Winner trained by W. Waugh.)

Betting—11 to 10 agst Banstar, 6 to 1 Adage, 100 to 12 NEVERMORE, 9 to 1 Beesborough, 100 to 7 Kakushin, 100 to 6 Hinton Bridge, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by a head; six lengths. Kakushin was fourth and Vintaged last.

4.10—PRINCESS MARY STAKES (Nursery Handicap) of 10 sovs. each, with 500 sovs. added. For two years old fillies. 5 f.

Mr. J. C. Brown's b. f. GOLDEN ARABY, by Golden Sun—Swee'Pea, 9-0 ..... G. Richards 1
Lord Carnarvon's SILVER WEDDING ..... G. Walsh x
Mr. H. F. Clarton's WHITE FUR, 7-1 ..... A. Burns x
Mr. F. W. Wilmot's Tempting, 8-3 ..... E. Perryman x
Mr. J. L. Dugdale's Picture Filly, 8-3 ..... J. Taylor 0
Sir C. Hyde's Clang, 8-2 ..... F. Fox 0
Lord Derby's Styrin, 8-1 ..... T. Weston 0
Sir A. Bailey's Silvern Isle, 8-0 ..... S. Donoghue 0
Mr. C. W. Gordon's African Dance, 8-0 ..... C. Elliott 0
Mr. Sol Joel's Rose Marie, 8-0 ..... R. Jones 0
Lord Lonsdale's Tilbury Card, 8-0 ..... J. Sirett 0
Lord Glanely's Grand Vixen, 7-12 ..... M. Beary 0
Lieut.-Col. G. Loder's Kopje, 7-12 ..... H. Wragg 0
Lord Allendale's Rockferry, 7-10 ..... F. Lane 0
Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen's Pagan Sacrifice Filly, 7-3 ..... A. Wragg 0

Lord Blandford's Queen of the Hills, 7-4 ..... J. Caldwell 0
Mr. R. D. Cohen's Lawful, 7-3 ..... C. Field 0
Mr. A. de Rothschild's Nigella, 7-2 ..... G. Baines 0
Lord Beaverbrook's Madawaska, 6-13 ..... H. Southey 0
Mr. T. W. Tompson's Carys, 7-0 ..... A. Wragg 0

x Dead-heat for second place.

Off 4.12. (Winner trained by Hogg.)

Betting.—5 to 2 agst. GOLDEN ARABY, 5 to 1 Rose Marie, 7 to 1 Caryl, 8 to 1 each Madawaska and Tilbury Card, 10 to 1 Grand Vixen, 100 to 9 each Kopje and Styria, 20 to 1 any other.

White Fur was first into her stride, from Silver Wedding, who had a slight lead of Golden Araby, Caryl, Rose Marie, Pictura Filly, and Grand Vixen. At half-way Golden Araby headed White Fur and at the distance drew out clear, pursued by Silver Wedding and White Fur. Continuing to resisting the last-named pair in the final furlong, Golden Araby won by a length; a dead-heat for second place. Lawful was fourth, Grand Vixen fifth, Caryl sixth, Pictura filly seventh, Nigella eighth, Tempting ninth, Tilbury Card tenth and Kopje last.

4.40—WHARNCLIFFE HANDICAP, a plate of 200 sovs. For three years old only. 7 f.

Baron F. de Tuyll's ch. g. ROMAN EMPEROR, by Swynford—Rose Red—Roman Slave, 7-2 ..... J. Sirett 1
Lord Derby's ROSE READ, 8-4 ..... G. Weston 2
Sir D. Hosiffard's BARLICK, 6-4 ..... A. Wragg 3

Also ran—Ali's Blue (C. Elliott), Bisquine (J. Leach), Miss Onslow (H. Jellise), Sunderad (F. Winter), Pretoria (E. Fox), Royal Salute (C. Hulme), King Bird (J. Childs), Caustic (H. Leach), Saclarmonde (C. Smirke), Tetrazet (S. Donoghue), Bilnette (J. Taylor), Sonny (G. Richards), Lamplighter (C. Brown), Solymbo (H. Wragg), Abbot's Gift (Braithwaite), The Factor (R. James), Fair Queen (J. Nolan), Friar's Song (J. Caldwell), Mannenberg (W. Alford). Off 4.44. (Winner trained by F. Hartigan.)

Betting—7 to 2 agst. Saclarmonde, 9 to 2 Caustic, 5 to 1 Sonny, 7 to 1 The Factor, 100 to 12 each ROMAN EMPEROR and Rose Red, 10 to 1 Barlick, 100 to 8 Miss Onslow, 100 to 7 each Ali's Blue and Barlick, 25 to 1 any other.

Won by four lengths; three lengths. Sonny was fourth and Abbot's Gift last.

5.10—SCARBOROUGH STAKES of 10 sovs. each, with 300 sovs. added. For three years old only. 1 m.

Lord Derby's br. f. MELANESIA, by Swynford—Santa Cruz, 8-2 ..... T. Weston 1
Mr. A. C. B. Howcson's UNCLE WOODY, 9-5 ..... E. Perryman 2
Lord Astor's PRETTY SWIFT, 8-9 ..... J. Jellise 3
M. E. de St. Alary's Bonny Boy II., 9-5 ..... F. Winter 0
Major T. G. N. Bardwell's Parnholt, 8-5 ..... J. Childs 0

Off 5.12. (Winner trained by F. Butters.)

Betting—5 to 2 agst. Bonny Boy II., 3 to 1 MELANESIA, 7 to 2 Pretty Swift, 4 to 1 Uncle Woody, 10 to 1 Parnholt.

Won by half a length; a length and a half. Parnholt was fourth.

Uncle Woody cut out the work from Parnholt, Pretty Swift, and Bonny Boy II. for half a mile, where Parnholt took up the running. Melanesia challenged at the distance, and, easily holding off Uncle Woody, won by half a length; one and a half lengths separated second and third. Parnholt was fourth.

BALDOYLE RACES,

TO-MORROW (SATURDAY).

First Race, 2.50. Last Race, 5.15. Steeplechase, Hurdle and four Flat Races. Ordinary Trains will leave Amiens street at 1.0, 1.30 and 2.5 p.m. A Special Fast Train will leave at 2.20. Special Trams will run from Dublin to Baldoyle road. Notice—People's Park. Patrons of this enclosure are advised not to place their bets until the runners appear in Telegraph Frame. Race Cards can be obtained from the attendant at Main Telegraph Frame.—(Advt.)

DONCASTER TO-DAY:

PROBABLE RUNNERS AND BETTING.

SELECTIONS.

Danum Selling Nursery—Sister Mary.
Park Hill Stakes—Gioconda.*
Town Moor Handicap—Pantire.
Doncaster Cup—Dark Japan.
Prince of Wales's Nursery—Dark Doll.
Doncaster Stakes—Arran Chief.

DOUBLE—Gioconda and Dark Japan.

1.30—DANUM SELLING NURSERY HANDICAP of 300 sovs. Second saves entry, 5 f.

	st. lb.	st. lb.
PRINCESS GALAHAD (Mr. F. W. G. Weeden)	Coldbeck	9 0
ALCMENA (Captain H. Street)	J. Manser	8 11
MY DEER F. (Major W. V. Beatty)	Owner	8 11
ORTOLAN (Mr. A. Martin)	Owner	8 9
SILVER ARGOS (Mr. W. A. Read)	Foster	8 9
LAIS (Sir Abe Bailey)	R. Day	8 8
SOLUTION (Mr. H. Y. Clayton)	F. Armstrong	8 6
LAIRD (Mr. J. Land)	T. Green	8 6
SISTER MARY (Sir D. Broughton)	Farquharson	8 7
VIVANDIERE (Mrs. G. H. Drummond)	Leach, jun.	8 6
GIBSIDE FAIRY (Mr. G. C. D. Belgrave)	Boyd-Rochfort	8 13
FATURN ORB (Mr. J. Lindsay)	Hamshaw	8 4
DROLLA (Mrs. F. Cartibey)	Drake	8 4
HEREFORD DALE F. (Mr. J. St. V. Fox)	Wootton	8 3
CLOWSTOP (Mr. D. Goold)	J. Jarvis	8 3
LITTLE FLO (Mr. F. Reader)	R. J. Colling	8 3
ORIENT (Mr. A. Calton)	T. Green	8 3
EASTERN BLOOM (Mr. J. H. Hall)	F. Leader	8 2
RADIO (Mr. S. W. Beer)	Leach, jun.	8 1
CYMAR C. (Mr. R. G. de Mestre)	Owner	8 1
MIGRATION (Mr. D. Taylor)	Owner	8 0
MADEMOISELLE (Mr. F. Hartigan)	Owner	8 0
SANDRO (Mr. J. A. de Rothschild)	Pratt	7 12
WALLPAPER (Mr. S. Morris)	M. Vasey	7 9
FRANK SHIELS F. (Lord Barnby)	M. Vasey	7 8
ROUENNAISE (Capt. M. Wyndham)	W. Nightingall	7 8
OPAL (Mr. J. Hirst)	R. W. Colling	7 7

Betting

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Forecast.
001	PRINCESS GALAHAD ..... Lane	10/1
0	ALCMENA ..... J. Walsh	100/6
020	MY DEER F. ..... Jones	20/1
010	ORTOLAN ..... Graves	10/1
200	SILVER ARGOS ..... Fox	8/1
000	LAIS ..... Carslake	6/1
000	SISTER MARY ..... Beary	7/1
00	VIVANDIERE ..... Baines	100/7
410	CNOC BUIDHE F. ..... Stephenson	10/1
08	GIBSIDE FAIRY ..... Robertson	100/6
000	FATURN ORB ..... Smirke	100/6
005	HEREFORD DALE ..... Elliott	5/1
404	DROLLA ..... Field	10/1
000	CLOWSTOP ..... R. Jones	100/6
100	LITTLE FLO ..... Broady	20/1
000	SUN GEM ..... F. Fox	8/1
000	ORIENT ..... C. Parker	100/6
310	EASTERN BLOOM ..... Perryman	100/7
400	RADIO ..... H. Leach	100/6
003	CYMAR C. ..... Sirrett	10/1
000	MIGRATION ..... Forsyth	20/1
050	MADEMOISELLE ..... G. Richards	7/1
000	SANDRO ..... Marshall	100/6
000	WALLPAPER ..... A. Wragg	20/1
000	FRANK SHIELS F. ..... Braithwaite	100/7
030	ROUENNAISE ..... Crawford	100/7
000	OPAL ..... S. Wragg	100/6

2.0—PARK HILL STAKES of 10 sovs. each, and 5 sovs extra if not struck out by July 5, with 500 sovs. added. Second receives 100 sovs., third 50 sovs. 1 m. 6 f. 132 yds.

	st. lb.
BOOK LAW (Lord Astor)	A. Taylor 9 8
HUNT THE SLIPPER (Capt. ... Boyd-Rochfort	8 13
GRANDE VITESSE (Sir George Bullough)	J. Jarvis 8 13
GIOCONDA (Mr. A. R. Cox)	A. Taylor 8 13
CINQ A SEPT (Mr. Marshall Field)	Boyd-Rochfort 8 13
ENDOWMENT (Ld. Lonsdale)	F. Darling 8 13
HIGHBORN II. (Major W. V. Beatty)	F. Darling 8 13
FANCY FREE (Ld. Wimborne)	F. Darling 8 13
MOUSME (Sir George Bullough)	J. Jarvis 8 10
LOVE DART (Mr. J. Corrigan)	D. Waugh 8 10
GASCONADE (Mr. A. de Rothschild)	Watson 8 10
LILYON (Lady Zia Wernher)	Boyd-Rochfort 8 10
NEVER CROSS (Lord Astor)	A. Taylor 8 6
CORONA (Sir Abe Bailey)	R. Day 8 6
ESCLARMONDE (Mr. A. D. Cohen)	R. Day 8 6
SILVER BARF (Mr. R. D. Cohen)	R. Day 8 6
MELANESIA (Ld. Derby)	Frank Butters 8 6
RYTHORNE (Ld. Derby)	Frank Butters 8 6
COMPOSURE (Ld. Derby)	Frank Butters 8 6
LA DOUAIRIERE (Vicomte de Fontarce)	R. Dawson 8 6
BUVETTE (Mr. J. P. Hornung)	R. Jarvis 8 6
BASHFUL (H.H. Aga Khan)	R. Dawson 8 6
GAY BABY (H.H Aga Khan)	R. Dawson 8 6
SARITA (Lt.-Col. Giles Loder)	Gilpin 8 6
LANDORA (Lady Ludlow)	Watts 8 6
LA BELLE TAPINE (Eleanor Lady Torrington)	F. Scott 8 6
DEMERCEDES (Mr. S. J. Unzue) In France	8 6

Betting

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Forecast.
201	CINQ A SEPT ..... J. Childs	4/1
041	GIOCONDA ..... G. Richards	5/2
000	ENDOWMENT ..... Braithwaite	100/6
000	HIGHBORN II. ..... Pryor	10/1
000	MONT AIGUILLE ..... Smirke	100/6
000	DONNINA ..... Freeman	100/7
400	LITTLE RED RAT ..... S. Wragg	20/1
123	HARPIST ..... G. Richards	6/1
000	SAINT FORTUNAT ..... D. Brown	100/6
030	FOURTH HAND ..... P. Beasley	10/1
083	SILVER SWORD ..... F. Fox	8/1
214	DARK DOLL ..... Caldwell	10/1
223	GIFTED ..... A. Berry	100/8
100	TINTO ..... Ba

MOTOR CYCLING.

THE AMATEUR TOURIST TROPHY.

RAIN AND MIST.

Run in a downpour which continued throughout the day, the road race championship in the Isle of Man yesterday gave a number of young amateurs the opportunity of displaying pluck and endurance in the face of great difficulty, with no hope of reward beyond the bubble reputation. Skidding wildly as they were driven to corner at speed, bumping and twisting violently as they descended the hills of the course at terrific rates, the machines underwent as great an ordeal as their riders. Retirements were many, due to water entering the vital parts of the machines.

The weather conditions and lack of visibility made crashes almost inevitable. Nash (Watford) and Leonard (Dublin) were the worst injured, both suffering slight concussion; but there were also several minor crashes.

The favourite, Braidwood (P. and M.) took the lead on the first lap, followed by Matthews (Norton), Limmer (Scott) and Dawson (Jap). Matthews went to the front on the next circuit, to be passed by Braidwood again. There was promise of a great struggle between these two, but in the fourth lap Braidwood retired with engine trouble, and Matthews, who had fallen on the first lap, had a second toss, which slowed him.

Limmer, followed by Hunt and Provis, both on Nortons, now went into the lead. He had been in the first three from the start, and, taking front place, he held it till the last lap. His brakes then ceased to work, and he fell at Governor's Bridge, being passed by Hunt. The latter had ridden a wonderfully consistent race. His speed increased lap by lap from 55.45 miles per hour in the first circuit to 57.55 for the full distance. Hunt fell on the third of six circuits. He remounted, and went on to finish.

It was a wonderful race, considering that at few parts of the course could the riders see more than a hundred yards ahead owing to the mist. Ferranti, who was third, started slowly, coming from towards the close, and rapidly overhauling those before him. Gates (Velocette), who was sixth, won the cup for the fastest 350 c.c. machine. Almost at the last moment he borrowed the engine from the machine of Hewison, who was injured in practice. He proved to be faster than the majority of the 500 c.c. class, and not amongst the leaders soon after the half-distance.

Lomonosoff, a native of Moscow, rode in a bright red breeches, shirt and stockings, with flimsy clothing and sleeves rolled to elbows. He was drenched before starting, and came off early in the race, damaging his arm. Injuries that a leather jacket might have prevented. Twenty-five of 99 starters finished the course, a high percentage under the abnormal circumstances prevailing.

A great number of the finishers were wet to the skin, even leather clothing being useless to keep out the heavy rain. The race was seen by the biggest crowd since its inauguration. The winner hails from Heywood, where he is engaged in the cotton trade, aged 19. The best Scottish rider was Morton (Edinburgh), who finished tenth.

No Irish rider and no Dublin team finished.

Placings and time:—

	H.	M.	S.	M.P.H.
1—Hunt, Manchester (Norton) ...	3	55	55	57.6
2—Larmer, Grantham (Scott)...	3	57	36	57.17
3—Ferranti, Manchester (Scott)...	4	3	11	55.86
4—Provis, Southport (Norton) ...	4	3	13	55.85
5—Crowley, London (—)	4	10	30	54.2
6—Gates, Camberley (Velocette)...	4	21	55	51.81
7—Megeen, Cumberland (H.R.D.)	4	35	54	
8—Birch, Pontefract (Sunbeam) ...	4	39	41	
9—Oldroyd, Pontefract (Sunbeam)	4	31	49	
10—Morton, Edinburgh (H.R.D.)	4	36	54	
11—Brockington, London (A.J.S.)	4	38	19	
12—Breeds, Chapman (Sunbeam)	4	38	24	

The first eight finishers receive replicas of the Trophy by reason of finishing within ten per cent. of the winner's time.

THE DAVIS CUP.

FRANCE CHALLENGES AGAIN.

OPEN SINGLES DIVIDED.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday.

For the third successive year the United States met France in the challenge round of the Davis Cup this afternoon. The weather was fine, but the heat was very oppressive. A huge crowd of spectators assembled to witness what was expected to be an exciting match. The first Singles match went to France in hollow fashion. Rene Lacoste was right on his game from the start, and never allowed W. M. Johnston to settle down. The result was a straight set win, 6-2, 6-2, 6-2.

The second match—W. T. Tilden v. H. Cochet—was a complete contrast. Pace and driving power, including his famous service at its best, gave the American the opening set in the tenth. Cochet squared matters by taking the second 6-2; but Tilden went all out in the third, and fairly drove Cochet off the court to win by 6 games to 1.

The strain in the fourth was uneven. Each man threw away the lead in turn, and, with France in front 5-4 and 6-5, it seemed as if Wimbledon would be repeated. But once more Tilden threw in all his reserve, and a run of three games gave him set and match. Details:—

R. Lacoste (France) beat W. M. Johnston (U.S.A.), 6-2, 6-2, 6-2.

W. T. Tilden (U.S.A.) beat H. Cochet (France)—6-4, 2-6, 6-2, 8-6.

Suddenly changing their plans, the American Lawn Tennis officials announced to-night that Tilden's partner in the Doubles to-morrow would be Francis T. Hunter, instead of Johnston. The decision is due to Johnston's poor showing in his match against Lacoste to-day.

JUNIOR CHAMPIONSHIPS AT WIMBLEDON.

There was one outstanding match in the Boys' Championship at Wimbledon yesterday, that in which Mr. Roche, Cross, a particularly studious youth from Clifton, beat another fancied player, R. K. Tinkler, of Repton, who is the Middlesex champion, in straight sets. Roche, who is J. B. H. Fletcher, another left-handed player, and R. A. Court.

The semi-finalists in the Girls' Championship are Miss Joan Ingram (the favourite), Miss N. Macklin (the Scottish Junior Champion), Miss N. E. Organ, a powerful player, who beat Miss W. A. James, a stylish young player from Nottingham; and Miss S. Noel.

GOLF.

CHAMPIONSHIP GOES BY DEFAULT.

A. Compston and T. Barber (Cavendish, Buxton), who tied for the Midland Professional Championship at Moseley on Wednesday were due to replay over the same course yesterday morning. Compston did not put in an appearance, and the championship was awarded to Barber by default. Immediately after completing his afternoon round on Wednesday Compston left for London on his way to Berlin to compete in the German Open Championship, unaware that he had tied for the championship.

THE WELSH AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP.

D. R. Lewis (Ashburnham) retained the Welsh Amateur Native Championship at Tenby yesterday by defeating J. Landon Jones (Cardiff) in the final match over 36 holes by 4 and 3.

ELM PARK OPEN WEEK.

Men's open 18 holes, strokes (44 entries). Result—D O'Callaghan, Elm Park, 80 (9), 71; E. T. Richards, Greystones, 87 (13), 74.

To-day—Men's four-ball, bogey (open).

FLYING GOLFERS.

The first competitive meeting of the "flying golfers" was held yesterday on the Royal West Norfolk course, Brancaster. The conditions of the competition were that competitors must travel by aeroplane and land at the course, having travelled a minimum of one hundred miles before playing. Only two couples, both from London, arrived at Brancaster in time to play. Captain Gerald Shaw and Wallace Barr did their journey from Croydon to Brancaster in an hour and twenty minutes, and Captain C. D. Barnard and Captain W. Gordon Aston took one hour and five minutes from Feltwell, Norfolk. Two other couples had entered, but were unable to start. The competition was won by Shaw and Barr, and the competitors arrived back in London soon after six o'clock.

HERMITAGE.—Wednesday Cup—Class B, John Sheil (19), 74; Class A, Thomas Cotnack (3), 75. To-morrow (Saturday)—Open mixed foursomes, 18 holes, bogey. Draws from 11 o'clock.

CLONTARF.—To-morrow—Monthly cup (strokes). DUN LAOGHAIRE (KINGSTOWN).—Club mixed foursomes—J. J. McGuire and Mrs. Rentes, all square; A. E. Thompson and Miss Blake, 1 down. To-morrow—Bryan Cooper Challenge Cup, 12 holes, strokes.

GOLFERS will find much to interest them in the weekly Golfing Article in *The Irish Field*, Published every Saturday. Price 2d.—(Advt.)

WATER POLO.

JUNIOR CUP.

Clontarf 2nd, the holders of the trophy, again met Sandycove 2nd in the Leinster Junior Cup at Clontarf Baths last night in the replay ordered by the Leinster Branch I.A.S.A. The teams had met twice previously, the first match at Blackrock ending in a draw. Sandycove won the second game by 1-0, but the match was declared void by the Association.

There was not two goals' difference between the teams last evening, the Southsiders having the worst of the luck in the second half, in which some scoring chances were missed. Clontarf had the assistance of E. A. Roche for the first time this season, and his presence was probably responsible for his team's victory. He played a fine game, and scored the first two goals. C. F. Keane turned out for Sandycove, also for the first time this season, and he, too, did well. For the winners, H. Healy, at back, shared the honours with Roche. Lavery also being prominent. The Sandycove goalkeeper played excellently, and J. Flanagan and M. Monks were sound at full-back, particularly the former. Clontarf will play Pembroke in the semi-final on Monday at Clontarf Baths. The final takes place at Blackrock Baths next Wednesday.

The teams were:—

Clontarf 2nd—P. H. Mooney; H. Healy and M. Powell; R. Roche, P. J. Lavery (capt.), R. N. Case, and T. A. O'Reilly.

Sandycove 2nd—J. McCormack; J. Flanagan and M. Monks; C. F. Keane; D. Healy, F. Farrell (capt.), and L. O'Brien.

Referee—Mr. H. G. Ellerker.

Half-time—Clontarf 2nd 3 goals, Sandycove 2nd all. Result:—

Clontarf 2nd	3
Sandycove 2nd	1

ASSOCIATION.

COLD CUP—SECOND ROUND.

Belfast Celtic ..... 3 Coleraine 2

PRODUCE AND FOOD MARKETS.

CATTLE.

DUBLIN METROPOLITAN CATTLE, North Circular road, Thursday.—Our stock supplies here to-day, contrary to anticipation, proved of rather larger dimensions than on last Thursday, for, as usual during Fallinasloe Fair week, consignments coming this way are curtailed. The home and shipping representation of buyers embraced much the same *personnel* as previously, and trade followed a similar cautious routine, while values lacked cohesion or stability, in face of the lukewarm nature of competition. Generally, the beast market opened at about the closing range of last week's depressed level of prices, and matters certainly did not improve as business proceeded, irregularity being manifest throughout. Trade wound up at a further decline of, perhaps, 10s. to 20s. per head on plain or commoner classes of cattle, but for the choicer and more useful grades of bullocks and heifers terms, if not actually par with previous quotations, could only be considered fractionally less in the main. At currencies, too, there was a better clearance effected. Little actual change was established in ovine department. Choice-quality wethers and hoggets of, say, 56 to 60lbs. to body were satisfactorily cashed around previous money value; but heavy sheep, and especially ewes, were hard to sell, and disappointingly bid for. Ballinasloe, however, reflects a dearer disposition for ewes, apart from breeding drafts, and this was frequently mentioned here this morning. Lambs of nice fat class commanded a firm trade; others more uneven.

	Numbers on sale this week	Corresponding weeks of	
	as compared with last.	1926.	1925.
Beasts	4,261—increase 239	3,939	5,343
Sheep and lambs	7,533—increase 341	7,109	7,302
Veal calves	10—increase 4	7	14

The gathering of cattle were mostly of useful to good class, but generally there was a conspicuous lack of tip top finish, and for such only was the money position maintained near up to previous level. For extra nice qualities of small weight 44s. may be recorded as general working top of market, barring some drafts of fancy Aberdeen Angus heifers, which figured around 45s. Scale test of things showed best run of bullocks and heifers inside an average of 42s. to 43s. and 44s. per cwt., with good commercial grades of cattle 38s. to 40s. and 41s.. Coarse and inferior proportionally less, and a fall of 6d. to 1s. per cwt. worse than last Thursday at the close. With regard to above scale averages, figures indicate little qualitative alteration in the main value aspect of things, but without dealing more extensively with ups and downs of hand sales it may be safely said that buyers had the advantage in their favour over the day's proceedings, be it much or little in point of values. Beef cows only of prime young class wanted, say 30s. to 34s. per cwt.

For choice wethers and hogget mutton, about 56 to 60 lbs. weight, butchers unhesitatingly paid previous full rates, say 8½d. to 9d. per lb. Cheviot wethers, too, were more keenly sought for, and realised probably up to 9½d. per lb., or a fraction more in fancy cases. Heavy qualities of sheep more difficult and uncertain to cash, at say 7½d. to 8d. per lb., and ewes, perhaps 5d. to 6½d. or 7d. per lb., according to class. Market of heavy sheep impossible to sell up. Prime lambs were taken by victuallers at 46s. to 50s., 54s. to 55s. each, but owing to depression in lambs cross-Channel shippers were harder to fit in price. Useful run of lambs 35s. to 45s. each, stores 20s. to 30s. each. Store men find it hard to find suitable sorts for their purpose here.

DUBLIN DAIRY CATTLE.—There was a very much larger market of milch cows, namely, 420 head to deal with, and exhibits embraced a considerable proportion of heifers in milk, mostly of ordinary class, however. Trade, on the whole, for dairy stock and tip-top class of shipping cows was slightly improved; at the same time, it was hard to make a complete clearance, and a good number of ordinary cows failed to make an exchange of ownership. For tip-top heavy quality fresh milchers prices went from £26 to £28 and £30 apiece, although £1 or £2 more was spoken of for a couple of beasts of outstanding merit. The general run of really good dairy stockers rated from £19 to £24 each, £25 each for small number of exceptional descriptions, say £12 upwards. For the ordinary run of heifers in milk prices were from £15 to £18 each, but for those of super class and breeding up to £20, £23, £24 and £25 each was paid; however, animals of the latter value are very hard to find and are quickly cashed when met with.

DUBLIN PIG.—A large market of pigs—viz., 885 entrants. In the absence of shipping men, trade was particularly slow for most sorts of pigs, but, as for suitable porkers there was a fairly good trade; however, on completion of these, the market slumped badly and wound up very disappointingly, with some considerable carry-over of unsold hogs of one class or another. For choice pork hogs prices were from 77/6 to 82/6 and 85/- per cwt., good medium quality around 75/-, but heavy bacon pigs were not much wanted, and were at some more or less serious discount. Heavy and coarse descriptions of pigs rated at 70/- to 75/- per cwt.; sow pigs from 52/6 to 57/6, perhaps, 60/- per cwt. for something extra nice. Store pigs very plentiful, and cautionary and disappointing bid for; prices too irregular to classify.

BRISTOL.—Beef, fair supply, 90/- per cwt. Best quality mutton, average supply, 1/- to 1/1; lamb 1/2 to 1/3. About 250 store cattle. Trade slow at late rates. Milch cows £22 to £26, up to £32 for extras.

YORK.—Smaller show of Irish store cattle than for many weeks past, and only light show of English, and trade continues very slow. Show of calving and milk cows was also light, but trade good, and prices advanced £1 per head. Better show of lambs, but exceptionally quiet trade, with prices inclined to be a shade easier.

GRAIN

FLOATING GRAIN CARGOES.—BALTIC—WHEAT—The cargo section remained without improvement, buyers still holding off, and prices for the most part nominally unaltered, with bids solicited. White Pacific September-October sellers 53/-. No. 2 hard winter Gulf shipment September 52/3, do. Pacific shipment September 51/5, Rosafe (63lbs.) 15th September 53/6, Australian arrived 53/6, afloat 53/7½, choice white Karachi afloat 52/9. Parcels quiet and tendency easier; No. 1 Northern Manitoba October-November sold 54/6, No. 3 do. shipping or milling 53/4; No. 1 Northern Duluth 19th October sailing 52/-, per 480lbs. MAIZE cargoes quiet, but steady, holders were not disposed to force sales. Parcels afloat sellers 32/9, September 33/-, October 33/6, November 34/-; No. 6 yellow African September 35/9 shipped at Norfolk, while in moderate request: Plate not sold 31/9 to 31/6, as to position, September-October sold 32/-, October-November 32/9; No. 2 white flat African September-October sellers 36/-, No. 3 do. sold 34/- per 480lbs. BARLEY quiet, but late rates were maintained: parcels of Warachi Aug.-Sept. sellers 38/6, No. 3 Canadian Western October-November sold 38/-, Algerian-Tunisan September-October, 36/6, Persian October 35/9, Danubian 2 p.c. September-October 35/-, per 400lbs. OATS quieter; Plate f.a.q. September sellers 25/6, new January-February 23/6 per 320lbs.

LIVERPOOL. — WHEAT — American markets finished worse than expected, and forward deliveries of wheat here at the outset were the turn easier, and prices afterwards gradually gave way in the absence of support until a liberal decline had been recorded, but with favourable late afternoon cables prices rapidly recovered and closed only the turn under Wednesday night. Cif. parcels of No. 3 Manitoba October sold at 51/- per quarter. C.i.f. parcels of MAIZE River Plate October-November sold at 33/- per quarter. Wheat on the spot quiet and easier; spot parcels sold at 7/2 to 7/2½ per central for River Plate. FLOUR quiet, and offers of straight run 42/6 per 280lbs ex mill. Graded wheat futures opened 4d. per cental lower, and gradually receded under a preponderance of sellers until 4d. to 5d. under Wednesday night had been registered. Late in the afternoon, however, prices rapidly improved, the market closing firm, unchanged to only 4d. below Wednesday's final rates. Closing prices—October 10/8, December 10/8½, March 10/8½, May 10/7 per central.

MANCHESTER.—New English wheat offered at 45/- to 47/- per qr on rail; new Cheshire feeding 8/3 to 9/3 per cwt. on rail; new English barley 45/- per qr. on rail; old English beans steady, 47/- per qr. on rail.

BIRMINGHAM.—More new English grain offering, including fairly good quality beans at 45/- per 252lbs.; wheat 48/- to 50/- per qr.; barley 36/- to 65/-; oats 26/- to 28/- on rail. Old beans dearer, 49/-. Fair trade foreign wheat; easier, quietly steady. No. 2 Manitoba full price, 53/-; sales 53/3 Bristol.

BRISTOL.—English wheat quiet; 45/- to 47/- on rail. Foreign wheat quiet; trade values slightly lower. No. 2 Northern Manitoba 53/6, No. 3 Northern Manitobas 57/6. Grinding barley in limited supply; Persian spot about unchanged. Maize continues firm, and prices favour buyers. Oats quiet; small business.

PROVISIONS.

LIVERPOOL.—BACON—A fair demand again experienced for all descriptions of bacon at late rates for Irish and Continental, while American shows a further partial advance of 1/- Cumberlands being raised to 98/- to 94/- and backs 85/- to 95/- per cwt., some few long clears being now on market at 96/- to 102/- per cwt. HAMS scarce and firm at the recent advance. Shoulders firm at unchanged prices. LARD on the spot reduced a further 3d. to 6d. per cwt. Futures—September-October, London, 23/6; Liverpool 22/6. SPICE: Pepper quiet and forward positions weaker; Lampong, August-October sold 1/3d. October-December 1/3; Black, October-December 1/4; October-December, 1/3; Muntok L.S., October-December 1/3½; Cochin ginger, a fair spot sold 57/-. JUTE: A steadier tone, despite lower Calcutta cables; first August-September sold £34 15/- to £35 5/-, September-October £34 10/- to £34 15/-, October-November £34 12/6 to £35 5/-, November-December £34 12/6 to £35 5/-. HEMP: Manila quiet, unaltered; Bi Ballie fins to be demanded; Mexican quiet; Sisal not wanted at the moment. SHELLAC: Market irregular; fair T.N. spot 240/-, October sold 242/6 to 240/-, November 240/-, December 240/-. TURPS steady, quiet; Straits F.M.S. October-November quoted 27/ 8/9, to Rotterdam. PALM KERNELS October-November £20 7/6.

RUBBER market quiet and easier; sheet spot and September sold 1/4d. October 1/4½ to 1/4d. October-November 1/4d. January-March 1/3d to 1/3d. April-June 1/3d. TEA: Java and Sumatra auctions totalled 8,974 packages, and which came in for active competition. Demand keen. Rates ruling fully 5 per cent. to often dearer. Pekoe sold 1/4 to 1/4d, broken ditto 1/3d to 1/3d, stalks 1/2d, Pekoe souchong 1/2d, ditto 1/3 to 1/3d, fines 2/4d. Pekoe souchong 1/2d to 1/4d. Sumatra flowery orange broken Pekoe 2/1. DITTO—Linseed: firmer, with better inquiry; spot quoted 31/9, September sold 30/9, October-December 31/3, January-April 32/1½. Rape quiet; crude spot £30, refined £35/-. Cotton cake quiet; Egyptian spot 35/6. Bombay ditto 34/6, common edible 41/6. Cocoanut steady; Ceylon spot pipes 43/9, September-October, unaltered. Rosin quiet; Turpentine easier; American spot 39/6, October-December 40/6. January-April 42/-, per cwt. OILSEEDS—Linseed: Indian crushed, and Plate descriptions firmer, and holders more reserved in view of unfavourable Argentine weather reports. Linseed to London September-October sold £19 7/6, October-November £17 10/-. Plate to Hull September-October £16. October-November £16 2/6, November-December £16 5/-. Rapeseed quiet; Plate to Hull/Continent September-October quoted £19 7/6. Cottonseed idle. Castorseed strong and scantily offered, with Bombay September-October value £31/-. Groundnuts strong at a further advance; Coromandel machined September-October quoted £22. October-November £21 15/-, November-December £21 12/6, new December-January £21 6/3, bold Bombay new December-January £20 15/- per ton.

LIVERPOOL.—SUGAR—The following are Messrs. Tate and Lyle's quotations:—Crystals, No. 1 33/3, small No. 1 33/3, No. 2 31/6, bright 31/41; granulated, standard 31/3, H.T.S. 33/9, refined 35/-, fine 31/7½, all ex refinery, Liverpool. Cube, ex refinery in London—First quality 34/-, H.T.S. 33/9, afterwards 34/3.

CLYDE CRUSHED SUGAR.—There is not much alteration to report in this market. The near position is rather firmer, but forward delivery nothing very limited, and full prices are ruling forward. Quotations are steady.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.—American futures continued quiet during the day. Market awaiting Bureau report, which will be issued after the reopening of the market at 3.45 p.m. Sales, 10,000 (including 300 bales), American futures. Tendency steady: September, 13.94d.; October, 13.94d.; November and December, 13.94d.; January, 11.99d.; February, —; March, 11.99d.; April, —; May, 11.98d.; June, —; July, 11.86d.; August and September, Egyptian futures, 15.45d. Spot unchanged; steady; Sakels November, 20.43d.; January, 20.45d.; March, —; upper November, 16.15d.; January, 16.40d. Closing futures—March, 11.99d.; May, 11.98d.; July, 11.86d., and the Bureau report was received, giving the condition at 56.1 per cent of normal and a forecast production of 13,500,000 bales. Trade disappointed by the report, finally showing an advance of 39 to 54 points on the day. Sales, 10,000 bales (exports 300 bales). Spot unchanged; steady. Futures—Closing: 12.04c.; October, 12.40d.; November, 12.42d.; December, 12.47d.; January, 12.51d.; February, 12.50d.; March, 12.53d.; April, 12.50d.; May, 12.48d.; June, 12.43d.; July, 12.38d.; August, 12.26d.; September, 12.14d. Egyptian futures—Tendency quiet; steady; October, November, 21.05d.; January, 21.00d.; March, 20.96d.; upper November, 16.72d.; January, 16.80d.

BRADFORD WOOL.—Users are well covered and business is top to quiet. Topmakers are asking quotations firm at late rates. The general expectation is that the limited offerings of wool in London next week will not at high prices, and this is helping. Yarns are firm and spinners find business a little easier to get.

MANCHESTER HAY AND STRAW.—Steady trade for both hay and straw. Supplies moderate, to-day's prices—Hay, good to fine quality, new, 75/- to 85/-; meadow hay, new, 65/- to 75/-; oat straw 55/-, all delivered Manchester. Prime Canadian timothy (new) per ton £5 5/- to £5 10/-, Canadian timothy £5 to £5 5/- per ton ex quay.

LONDON METALS MARKET.

FALL IN TIN.

Market for TIN developed weakness under freer offers of near metal, and, with consumers quite nearly covered on balance marked a decline of 30/-, and forward 5/- per ton, compared with the closing rate of Wednesday. Standard cash quoted £284 5/- to £284 10/-; three months £284 5/- to £284 10/-; settlement price £285/-. Sales amounted to 400 tons, comprising cash £284 5/- to £284 10/-, three months £285 to £285 5/-, £284 5/-; English ingots quoted £286 to £287/-. COPPER quiet and easier, offerings being in excess of requirements, both cash and forward rules 5/- per ton lower on balance. Standard cash quoted £54 10/- to £54 11/3, three months £55 to £55 1/3; settlement price £55/-. Sales, 600 tons. Closing rates—Spot £54 13/9 to £54 10/-, three months £55. Electros quoted £62 to £62 5/-, wire bars £62 5/-. LEAD slightly irregular; buyers were the turn lower, though offerings were fairly well absorbed. 700 tons sold; good soft foreign pig October at £22 2/6, November £22 6/3, December £22 6/3, £22 8/9 and £22 7/6; soft foreign price £21 17/6. English quoted £22 5/-. SPELTER in moderate support and barely steady. 600 tons sold: October, also November-December £27 15/-, January-February £27 12/6, March-April £27 10/-. Plate to Hull September-October £16. October-November £16 2/6, November-December £16 5/-. Rapeseed quiet. Plate to Hull/Continent September-October quoted £19 7/6. Cottonseed idle. Castorseed strong and scantily offered, with Bombay September-October value £31/-. Groundnuts strong at a further advance; Coromandel machined September-October quoted £22. October-November £21 15/-, November-December £21 12/6, new December-January £21 6/3, bold Bombay new December-January £20 15/- per ton.

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SALE THIS DAY, 12 O'CLOCK.
"LANGARA," GLENAGEARY.
ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE AND OUTDOOR EFFECTS.

BATTERSBY and CO., HAVING SOLD THE RESIDENCE, are instructed to SELL BY AUCTION, on the Premises, on THIS DAY, the ENTIRE FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, comprising as follows:—

Chesterfield Sofa and Easy Chairs in Tapestry; Chesterfield 3-piece Suite, in Brown Leather; Antique Mahogany Bureau, Sheraton Escritoire, Sheraton and Occasional Tables, Antique Mahogany Card Table; Carved Oak Diningroom Suite, including 10 Chairs, upholstered in Leather; Dresser and Dining Table, 8ct of 6 Rosewood Chairs, with Velvet Seats; Mahogany Oval-end Dining Table, do. Open Bookcase, highly manufactured Oak Bedroom Suite, with Bedstead en suite; Walnut Bedroom Suite, Inlaid Walnut Pedestal Dressing Table, with Cheval Mirror; Gent's Antique Mahogany Wardrobe, China Toilet Ware, Axminster Carpets, Mahogany Case Hall Clock (Topham, Dublin); Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Table Glass and China, and sundry items of Plated Ware.

Admission to Sale by Ticket, price 1/-. Terms—Cash, and 5 per cent. fees.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

COX'S HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE AUCTION TO-DAY, 12.30, AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK.

Contains:—Superior Overstrung German Pianos, Diningroom, Drawingroom and Bedroom Furnishing, including Mahogany Bookcase, Glass-back Sideboards, Dumb Waiters, Oak and Walnut Cabinets of Gift, Chippendale Sideboard and Set of 8 Chippendale Chairs to match, with carved claw and ball legs; Mahogany and Oak Screw Dining Tables, from 8 to 12 feet long; Shop Mirrors, Walnut and Chippendale Overmantel Glasses, Recess Mirrors, Queen Anne Sideboards, 11 Mahogany-framed Spoonback Diningroom Chairs, 6 do.; 7-piece Diningroom Suite, several Sets of Lining Chairs, 6 and 8 in each; Whatnots, Pictures and Paintings; Decorative and other China, Hair-stuffed Chesterfield Sets, covered in silk tapestry; 3 pair Lounge Arm Chairs, Inlaid Rosewood China Cabinets and Overmantels to match, Music Cabinets, Fenders and Fender Seats; 7-piece Drawingroom Suite, mahogany frames; Set of Jacobean Inlaid Chairs, Gramaphones, Violins, Reclining Chairs; Bedroom Furnishing, including 6ft. Mahogany Wardrobes, 4ft. and 4ft. 6in. do., 6ft. Inlaid Mahogany Cheval Suite, Bed Couch, two 5ft. Burr Walnut Suites, 4ft. Glass-door Mahogany Wardrobe, 3ft. Satin Walnut Suites, Mahogany Chests of Drawers, 3ft. and 5ft. 6in. Inlaid Mahogany Suites; Wardrobes, Presses, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Toilet Glasses, Towel Rails; 7a old Mahogany Panel-end Beds, in d-uble and single sizes, with 4-ply Wires and Pure Curled Hair Mattresses; Black Enamelled Beds, furnished complete; Kitchen and Deal Furniture, Squares of best Linoleum, a few Carpets; National Cash Register, total adder; 5 Bent Steel Fire Safes, and numerous Miscellaneous Effects. Goods on View. Pianos Sold 3 o'clock.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER AND VALUER.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED BY
JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS
110 GRAFTON STREET.
ESTABLISHED 90 YEARS. TELEPHONE NO. 65.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.

WANTED, thoroughly experienced Cook-housekeeper; first-rate cook essential and good manager; kitchenmaid kept and help given; full particulars, Mrs. More O'Farrell, Kilnadargan, Monasterevan, Co. Kildare. 6 F

WANTED, Cook General, R.C.; must be good cook, thoroughly understand cooking, open shilloch, up to one o'clock; small family; three maids kept.—Mrs. Stewart, 3 Willow Bank, Dun Laoghaire. 5 E

WANTED, experienced Cook. Apply by letter, Frenche's School, Bray. 6 F

WANTED, Cook General, young; family two; good wages; frequent outings.—1209, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge. 7 A

WANTED, first class Cook for resident College staff (10 persons); live in; wages £65 per annum; holidays given each year. Apply to Matron, pt. Mary's College, Strawberry Hill, Middlesex. 7 E

WANTED, Cook General for a gentleman; no family; dairy; maid kept.—Minchin, Annagh, Annagh, Borrisokane. 7 E

WANTED immediately, Cook for girls' school, near London; household 70; wages £40-£45; interview Dublin and copies references; all particulars, Arbor Hall School, Chislehurst, Kent. 7 A

WANTED, Cook General, vicinity Pitzwilliam place; must be good cook; some washing; £30.—K 564, this office. 8 B

WANTED, tidy Girl; cooking, light housework. Before 2 o'clock, 95 Strand road, Sandymount.

WANTED, a respectable Plain Cook; apply R.C.; dairy. Apply, with full particulars of experience and wages asked and dated copies of all discharges, Hon. Mabel Pelham, Brinsley Manor, Newcastle. 8 F

WANTED, smart, experienced Cook General; wages £32-£36, rising; rate advanced; good references essential.—Fernleigh, Victoria road, Romford, near London. 4 X

GENERALS WANTED.

A COMPETENT GENERAL WANTED early in October; wages £32, rising to £42 if satisfactory; all duties, plain cooking, small washing; three in family; nice country house; applicant must be fond of children. Send copies of references to K 465, this office. 7 E

AT "Irish Times" Registry—Numerous situations for young Generals; £26-£36; trained and untrained; please immediately. 7 F

EXPERIENCED General Wanted, must be good plain cook; two in family. Send references to Mrs. Evans, Homestead, Delgany. 7 E

EXPERIENCED young General Wanted; good cook; daily maid assists. Apply 33 Mountainview road before 2 or after 7. 5 E

EXPERIENCED young General Wanted for Rathgar; modern house, small family, good wages; good references.—Tempevello, Orwell road. 7 A

GENERAL required; plain cooking and washing; £30; comfortable home; £40 p.a. Apply Dr. Fisher, Glincorrig, Port Talbot, Wales. 3 F

GENERAL, young, Rathmines district; must be well recommended; washing; £20; pleasant home, good outings.—K 307, this office. 6 E

GOOD SUITABLE country Person, General, three miles by city; nice place; moderate wages; small family. K 555, this office. 7 E

SMART General required for Private Nursing Home; good knowledge of housemaid's work essential. Apply K 504, this office. 7 E

WANTED, superior, trustworthy General, 35 to 45; must be good cook, early riser; good wages given; family two. Call 7 Knapton road, Blackrock. 5 E

WANTED, a good General Maid, understanding duties, for country; good wages; send copies.—Millbrook, Maganey, Co. Kildare. 7 A

WANTED, lady General, good cook; another maid kept.—Neill-Watson, Cualann, Glenamuck road, Carrickmines.

WANTED, good, respectable General (outdoor) young. Apply 51a Pearse street, Dublin.

WANTED Dalkey General; well recommended, good cook; single three; no washing; state age, wages. Address "Z 1042, General," this office. 5 E

WANTED immediately, experienced General, small family, Dromyrock—1212, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge.

WANTED, a Protestant General; three in family; wages £20-£22. St. Anne's, The Hill, Monkstown. Call 9-10 o'clock any evening.

WANTED, three superior Generals; good wages. Call 12 o'clock, Miss Mulpeter's, 11 South Anne street.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid or House Parlourmaid required. Please send copies, state age, wages, Mrs. Lewis Goodbody, Drayton Villa, Clara, King's County. 6 F

REQUIRED immediately, young Singlehanded Housemaid, small country place; wages £30 to £35. Mrs. Hall, Kellistown, Carlow. 8 F

WANTED, Second Housemaid, strong, good worker, some experience; full particulars.—Mrs. More O'Ferrall, Kildangan, Monasterevan, Co. Kildare. 7 E

WANTED for King's Co., single Housemaid, under 35 years; must be well recommended and good sewer; good wages. Address "Z 951, Housemaid," this office. 6 E

WELL recommended, energetic Housemaid required for quiet country place, Co. Meath; must dislike small family; good wages. Address "Z 1037, Housemaid," this office. 8 13

WANTED, experienced House Parlourmaid, three in family. Full particulars, Ellis, Ramsgate, Goney.

NURSES WANTED.

A GENT for NURSES, MAIDS, and ATTENDANTS. Miss Bellingham Todd, 16 Grafton street, Dublin. Interviews daily. Tel. No. 5258.

DAILY Help Wanted, Lelp with two children and housework; must be fond of children and good reference.—1201, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge. 5 E

WANTED immediately, Rathmines, capable Child's Nurse for three children, 7, 5, 2; good wages to suitable girl. Apply, giving copies testimonials, K 279. this office. 5 E

WANTED, experienced Nurse, one child; teach first lessons; Protestant; country. Address "Z 1014, Nurse," this office. 7 A

WANTED immediately, refined R.C. Children's Maid; copy reference, age, wages. Address "Z 1024, Maid," this office. 7 A

WANTED, Nurse Housemaid, gentleman's family, city. Interview to-day, 48 Lower O'Connell street.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

KITCHENMAID Wanted for King's Co.; must be strong and hard working. Address "Z 950, Maid," this office. 6 E

WANTED for County Kilkenny, fully trained, capable K. M. good wages, clean, and early riser, also Pantry Boy, with some experience, to be trained under butler; about September 15. Address "Z 907, Domestic," this office. 6 X

WANTED, Kitchenmaid; some experience. Apply Miss Darley, Violet Hill, Bray.

WANTED immediately, country girl, to train as Kitchenmaid.—Mrs. Odlum, Nass, County Kildare. 8 B

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

AT "Irish Times" Registry—A number well recommended Working Housekeepers, Cooks, Generals, Nurses, General Helps, and Daily Workers. 7 E

EXPERIENCED Sewingmaid desires work at lady's house; Cork City or suburbs preferred.—Box 1401, Irish Times Branch Office, Cork. 8 B

GIRL, for Afternoon or Morning Work; North side.—K 598, this office. 7 A

LADY highly recommends Working Housekeeper, private or business house.—544, Irish Times Branch Office, Ranelagh.

RESPECTABLE Woman wishes daily, morning, or weekly work; highly recommended.—545, Irish Times Branch Office, Ranelagh.

SERVANTS' REGISTRY, "IRISH TIMES"
Under New Management.
HOURS: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Servants.
11 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Ladies.
Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

A FIRST Class Job Cook, Protestant; £2 10/- weekly.—Mrs. Woods, 18 Nassau street. 7

ANY number Protestant and R.C. Cooks, K'maids, Cook Generals.—Kennedy's, 68 Seckville street.

COOK General, understands dairy; well recommended; country preferred. Address "Z 1032, Cook General," this office. 7 A

COOK Housekeeper (good) open to engagement. Particulars from "H." 7 Charlemont place.

COOK Housekeeper; business house or flat preferred; outdoor.—M., 5 Richmond row, Portobello, Bath mines.

DISENGAGED, trustworthy, reliable Cook General to couple of ladies; near Dublin; highly recommended.—K 596, this office. 7 A

MRS. Woods, 18 Nassau street, recommends Protestant Cook; wages £70; for Dublin or suburbs; long references. 7

WANTED, situation as Cook General; long, satisfactory discharges. Can be seen 122 Summerhill. 5 E

YOUNG Cook General, small washing; country preferred; satisfactory references.—K 518, this office. 7

YOUNG Man desires position as Cook in large house or college; disengaged 1st October; excellent references. Address "Z 1000, Adam," this office. 7

GENERALS DISENGAGED.

A GENERAL disengaged, Protestant, age 20 years; wages £16, £20. Address "Z 805, General," this office. 6 E

A RESPECTABLE Girl as General or House Parlourmaid; family two (R.C.); age 25; wages from £26; good paper. Address "Z 1041, General," this office.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED

ACTIVE, trustworthy General, Housekeeper; good cook; excellent references; comfortable place, town, country.—K 604, this office.

COUNTRY Girl, disengaged; plain cook, good washer; early rises; respectable, willing, obliging; well recommended.—H 5953, this office.

EXPERIENCED young General; £30; South suburbs; good, long references.—K 510, this office.

EXPERIENCED young General, small family, or House Parlourmaid; good papers.—K 501, this office.

EXCELLENT General or Cook; highly recommended. Seen to-day, 11-1, 24 Main street, Blackrock.

GENERAL, plain cooking; business house preferred; highly recommended.—K 551, this office.

GIRL (17) seeks situation General; R.C.; £14.—Katie O'Rourke, Benamore, Rosrea.

GIRL wants place as General small family; can be well recommended.—K 503, this office.

NICE, refined Girl would go General to nice family; city suburbs preferred; well recommended.—B 30, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 8 F

IF addressing envelopes covering replies to advertiser, in this Paper great care should be taken to include the catch word, when same is given, after the Office Number, thus—"Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelop. 7

HOUSE or House Parlourmaid, disengaged October; Limerick or Tipperary preferred. Address "Z 917, Maid," this office. 5 E

NOTICE

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper great care should be taken to include the catch word, when same is given, after the Office Number, thus—"Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope.

YOUNG Girl, experienced, wishes situation as House Parlourmaid; disengaged when suited; South side preferred.—K 464, this office.

YOUNG Girl wishes situation as House or House Parlourmaid, good needlewoman; good reference. Address "Z 1016, H. P. maid," this office.

YOUNG Housemaid or Nurse Housemaid; England; good references.—K 525, this office.

YOUNG Girl would like training as Parlourmaid or House Girl; Parlourmaid; small pay start.—1214, Irish Times Branch Office, Bagot street Bridge.

NURSES DISENGAGED

CHILDREN'S Maid or General, small family; country girl; recommended.—K 490, this office.

GIRL wishes to go as Children's Nurse or Sewing maid; well recommended.—K 241, this office.

TWO convent educated Girls, tradesman's daughters, untrained, desire situation, Nurserymaids, in England.—Mrs. Jamieson, 3 Balgriffin terrace, Baldoyle.

YOUNG Girl, six and a half years' experience, desires post as Nurse; would take child from two years and upwards; likes dress and music; city preferred.—K 378, this office.

YOUNG Girl, train Children's Maid, assist light housework.—K 527, this office.

YOUNG Girl wishes to go Nurse; experience; £24; recommended.—Quinn's Agency, Ranelagh.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

AT Wood Printing Works, Ltd., Fleet street, Dublin, General Printers—Catalogues, Price Lists, Programmes, Posters, Handbills, etc. —50 Books, Trade Journals and Newspapers. Gaelic Printing Specialities. 18 5

ASSOCIATION Football—Notes by a Special Correspondent appear in the "Weekly Irish Times" today. Price twopence. 6 E

BUILDING Materials: Sheetirons, Matchboards, Floor Boards, Doors, Sashes, Slates, Slaters, Dockets. Apply Contractor, Ministry of Pensions, Orthopaedic Hospital, Blackrock 5 E

CANDLES, cosy shilling per 3lb. pkt.; all sizes.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 1

CASTILE Soap 8d. per lb.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street, Dublin. 12 1

CURD Soap, 8d. per lb.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street, Dublin. 12 1

EX-GOVT. Oilskins, Coats 8/-, Jackets 5/-, Trousers 4/-, post paid.—Weston's Portsmouth. 2 E

FOR Sale, in city, five Counties, 12 to 21 feet; also Telescope Table 10 x 5 feet. Apply K 255, this office. 5 E

FOR Sale, 90 Doors, 30 Bay Windows, 40 Casement Windows, 3 Shop Fronts.—Mick Mill, etc., cheap to quick buyer. Seen by appointment, Ogden, "Glenholme," Bray.

FOR Sale, Half Size Billiard Dining Table, 7ft. 2 x 4, splendid condition; can be seen by appointment; price £15. Address "Z 938, Table," this office. 7

FOR Sale, a model Sailing Ship, in glass frame; to be sold cheap. Apply Mrs. Savage, Strand road, Malahide. 7 A

FOR Sale, Sewing Machine, in perfect order.—K 485, this office. 7 A

FOR Sale, 14 Wall Brackets of Brass and Iron for gas or electric light; suitable for public hall. Apply Moorlands, Demesne, Longford. 7 A

FOR Sale, Four Drawer National Cash Register, with four total and total adder, visible trip adder and receipts counter, in perfect order. For full particulars apply to "Z 1048, Register," this office. 8 D

GAS Stove, latest model, Stimex, white enamelled, 4-ring, medium size, for sale; sold only need few months.—K "894, Stove," this office. 5 E

GOOD condition 3 size Billiard Table, nearly limcrushed and will be sold cheap. Apply Contractor, Ministry of Pensions, Orthopaedic Hospital, Blackrock.

HANDSOME Solid Mahogany Mantelpiece, nicely carved, suit dining or drawingroom. Apply Exley, Contractor, Dolcan. 7 E

LINSEED Oil, 3/9 per gallon.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street, Dublin. 12 1

METHYLATED Spirits, 6/6 per gallon.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street, Dublin. 12 1

OBIERS Wanted for Field Gates, hurdles, Stobbies, Shafts, Timber for Sheds, etc. Address "Z 4910, Gates," this office. 6 E

PETROLEUM, finest quality, for Incubators and Primus cooking stoves, 1/4 per gallon.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 1

RICK Covers, Sacks, for Sale or Hire on best terms.—Coleman, 25, 26, 27 Chancery street, Dublin (behind the Four Courts). 26 17

RICK Covers, Sacks, Waterproof Covers for all purposes.—Petrie Brothers, 36 Usher's quay, Dublin. 78 18

SANCTUARY Oil, of unequalled quality.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 1

SOAP—Scrubbing Brown, 5/6 per stone or 21/- per cwt. case.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 1

SOAP—Best XX Crown Scrub, 6/6 per stone, or 25/- per cwt. case.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 1

SOAP—Ordinary Best Crown, 5/6 per stone, or 21/- per half cwt case.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 1

TYPEWRITERS, cheap, Underwoods, etc.; Repairs Parts.—Norman, Typewriters, 26 Lower Ormond quay. 5 E

TURPENTINE, best quality 5/- per gallon.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street. 12 1

TWO Bck Mangles (Bradford) for Sale, cheap.—K 555, this office. 6 F

WASHING Soda, 7/- per cwt.—P. O'Connor, Ltd., 25 D'Olier street, Dublin. 12 1

WIRELESS—A Five-Valve Circuit is illustrated in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price two pence. 6 F

WIRELESS, BROADCASTING, ETC.

FOR Sale, Five Valve Set, American type. Seen 3 to 7 Crow street. 8 B

SPECIFIC ARTICLES WANTED.

ANTIQUE Silver Cups, Candlesticks, Salvers, Sugar Bowls, etc.; also Diamond Ornaments, Precious Stones and Old Gold; highest prices given.—West and Son, Grafton House, Grafton street. 7

FEATHER BEDS WANTED.
Highest prices given.
Will send to examine in city.—IRISH FEATHER CO., LTD., TARA ST., Dublin. "Phone 661. 7

WANTED to purchase, Old English Oil Paintings of fox hunting, shooting and fishing subjects. Also wanted, old Engravings of the same subjects. High prices paid for fine examples.—Basil Dighton, 5 Savile Row, London, W. 1. 7

WANTED, light ten foot household Ladder.—K 560, this office. 8

WANTED, Meat Safe; good condition; moderate.—Address "Z 1043, Safe," this office

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

FOR Sale, D.B. Hammerless Gun, patent ejector, by London maker, perfect condition, with solid leather case. Address "Z 979, Gun," this office. 6

GARNETT Buys Secondhand Guns and Rods.—Garnett & Crampton Court, Dublin. 78 21

GARNETT for Guns, New and Secondhand; Guns skilfully Repaired; Cartridges, all brands; everything for the shooter; lists free.—Garnett, Crampton Court, Dublin. 78 21

GARNETT for Fishing Rods, Flies, Reels and Tackle; lists free.—Garnett, Crampton Court, Dublin. 78 21

GUNS—Webley and Scotts, the best made Guns on the market; also all other makes, new and secondhand; large stock. Illustrated catalogue free.—L. Keegan, Gunmaker, Inns quay, Dublin. 12 2

GUN Repairs of every description executed on the premises by skilled gunsmiths; stock alterations all kinds; moderate charges; best workmanship; immediate attention.—L. Keegan, Gunmaker, Inns quay, Dublin. 12 2

SHOOTING—Gent wants a day every week close to Dublin; state terms to P., 46 Dawson street, Dublin. 8 A

FURNITURE AUCTION
THIS DAY (FRIDAY), AT 1 O'CLOCK,
A LARGE SELECTION OF GOOD SECOND-HAND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, AND NUMEROUS OTHER LOTS.
Purchasers pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.
COLEMAN, O'DEA & CO, LTD.,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
SALEROOMS, 4 LOWER ABBEY STREET.
'PHONE: 3527.

4,500 EWES,
RAMS, WETHERS AND LAMBS,
In CATTLE MARKET, DUBLIN,
TO-DAY (FRIDAY),
At 12 o'clock.
CRAIGIE BROS.,
37 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

AUTUMN SHEEP SALES.
NEXT AUCTION,
WEDNESDAY NEXT, SEPT. 14th.
Entries Close Monday, the 12th September.
GANLY, SONS & CO.,
USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

NAAS ANNUAL SHEEP SALES.

MICHAEL FITZSIMONS will hold his Annual Sales of Brood Ewes, Wethers, and Lambs, at the Sheep Fair Field, Naas,
ON SATURDAY, 10th SEPTEMBER, 1927,
And SATURDAY, 24th SEPTEMBER, 1927,
Commencing 12 o'clock, sharp.
M. FITZSIMONS, M.I.A.A.,
NAAS,
CO WICKLOW.

ASHFORD SHEEP AND CATTLE SALE,
TUESDAY NEXT, 13th SEPTEMBER,
AT 2 P.M.
1,200 CHEVIOT AND CROSS-BRED EWES, LAMBS, WETHERS, RAMS AND FAT SHEEP, property of the Misses Tottenham, Captain Thunder, Captain Gunn, Ninemilehouse, and others.
In Paddock adjoining road at Mr. John Cummins' Hotel.
Terms cash and 2½ per cent. commission.
HASKINS BROS.,
Auctioneers, WICKLOW.

TIMBER.

TIMBER—Larch, Spruce, Silver, Scotch and Oak for Sale; state smallest size taken, lengths, and price, free on rail. Address "Z 932, Timber," this office. 7 A

TIMBER for Sale, winter, 1927, between 400 and 500 Spruce and Scotch, in prime condition, conveniently situated near main road, 3 miles rail, Co. Westmeath. Address "Z 1036 Timber," this office.

MACHINERY.

ANGLE Fencing, Posts 6 ft. long, holed and pointed; 5ft. 6in. long, holed; Field Gates, 10ft. and 9ft. wire x 4ft. high; Anvils, Girders, etc.—McGowan Brothers, Store street, Dublin.

ABOUT Transmission—Robert Craig and Sons, Engineers, Ltd., York street Engineering Works, Great George's street, Belfast, have in stock Mild Steel Shafting, Ring Oil Bearings and all Power Transmission Appliances. 6 X

ASBESTOS Boards, 4" to 1" Cloth, Rope Washers, Mud and Manhole Joints, Rope and Cord Packings, Palmette, Breast, Scapetons, and Metallic Packing, Acrelo, Fibre, Kilngrete and Rubber Jointings; also Fibre Pipes.—Wm. Leech and Brother, Dublin.

FOR Sale, 21 3-Phase Motors, 346 volts, from 50 h.p. to 4 h.p.—Hammond Lane Foundry Co., Ltd., 18 and 20 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin.

FOR Sale, Lancashire Boiler, 28' x 7' 6", insured for 130lbs. pressure; also Green's Economiser, in first class condition.—Hammond Lane Foundry Co., Ltd., 18 and 20 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin. 7 A

GAS Engine, Crossley, 4 horse power, never used; £14.—K 217, this office. 5 E

LATHES, from 4ft. to 10ft. centres. Full particulars and price, 42 Poolbeg street, Dublin. 8 F

WANTED, Portable Thresher, 24" drum, in good condition.—Bellingham, Baily, Co. Dublin. 8 F

WANTED, Portable Steam Engine, 10 or 12 h.p. Address "Z 1037, Engine," this office. 8 F

WANTED, Horizontal Hoisting Winch for power Address "Z 1030, Hoist," this office. 8 F

WANTED, to Hire Stone Brannlator, capable of an output of not less than 3 tons per hour. Address "Z 954, Machinery," this office. 6 E

WANTED, 18 ft. Boat, part decked, sails, etc., good condition, cheap Address "Z 1046, Boat," this office. 8 A

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

ALL our Deliveries of Flower Bulbs are now arriving, in splendid condition and beautifully ripened. The quality this season is outstanding. Special Catalogue free on request.—W. Drummond and Sons, Ltd., Dawson street, Dublin.

APPLES for Sale, eating and cooking.—66 Belmont avenue, Donnybrook.

AURITIA, Sexifragis, Cineraria, Campanula (large and small), Polyanthus, 2/- dozen plants.—Lagore, Rathfarnham.

BULBS for forcing and garden, at half prices charged elsewhere—Forcing with fibre free in every case—Christmas Flowering Paperwhite Narcissus, in 9/-, twenty 3/9; Soleil d'Or, Yellow Narcissus, ten 2/3, twenty 4/-; Late Winter Flowering Narcissus, Orsatus and Narcissus Phesant Eye, ten 1/6, twenty 2/6; Garden—Pinest Named Darwin Tulips, in every range of colour, twenty 2/-, fifty 4/9, hundred 9/-. Mixed Tulips, twenty 1/2, fifty 2/6, hundred 4/6; Narcissus Ornatus and Narcissus Phesant Eye, twenty 1/3, fifty 3/6, hundred 6/6; double White Narcissus, twenty 1/-, fifty 2/3, hundred 4/3; Mixed, twenty 1/-, fifty 2/3, hundred 4/3; Mixed, twenty 1/6d., fifty 3/6, hundred 6/9; Mixed, twenty 2/6, fifty 5/-, hundred 9/6; Mixed, twenty 3/6, fifty 8/6, hundred 15/9; Mixed, twenty 4/6, fifty 10/6, hundred 20/-. All post free. No tax.—Dept. H., Bulbs Unlimited, Drumreaske Gardens, Monaghan.

BACHELOR'S Buttons, scarlet, 2/6 per dozen. Address "Z 910, Plants," this office.

BIG Bulbs, 1/- 100 Snowdrops, Giant, Orange Phoenix, or Mixed; smaller Bulbs, 3/9 100 free.—Fleming, Rectory, Timoleague. 8 B

DAMAGED Hay needs a dressing of Simpson's Hay Salt; one gallon is sufficient to dress a ton 20 tons of Hay.—Thomas McKenzie and Sons, Ltd., Dublin. 5 E

HYACINTHS, Tulips, Daffodils, Crocus, and all sorts of bulbs and plants for spring flowering; finest quality at lowest prices. Catalogue post free.—Thomas Thompson and Co., Seedsmen, Cork.

POTTERY and Pig Feeding Pointoes, Baled Straw, Feeding Troughs and Tubs, Water Barrels.—Ingoldsby Depot, 112 Pimlico road.

SPLENDID mixed Daffodil Bulbs, mostly Trumpet varieties, for Sale, 5/- per 100, carriage paid.—Mrs. Bowling, Knockrobin, Wicklow. 8

WALLFLOWERS, White Bedder, 50 4/- or other varieties, 50 2/-, post free.—Whitechurch Nurseries, Clonsgh, Rathfarnham. 8 B

POULTRY, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

BREEDING Hens, 1925 and 1926, at 6/-, 10/- each; Rhode Island Reds (Golden's), White Leghorns (Ancorab's), sisters to my prize winners; carriage free.—Young, Ashford, Co. Wicklow. 6 F

CHOICE Cross Bred Pullets, 4/- each; Selected, 4/5; Special, 5/- each; delivered; satisfaction guaranteed.—Elizabeth Byrne, Aughrim, Co. Wicklow. 7 A

COCKERELS for Sale, bred from my noted winners; Rose R.I. Red, Black and White Wyandotte, White, Black, Buff and Exchequer Leghorn, Sussex, Australorp, and Barred Rock; prices and particulars on application; inspection invited.—Mrs. Kilpatrick, Mount Ian Lodge, Kendy. 7

COCKERELS—Pedigree Wyandottes, Ancomas, Leghorns, Barnevelders, 10/6; seven Pullets, Ancona, Wyandottes, £1.—Fairhill, Blackrock. Telephone 1308. 8 B

EXCELLENT harvest roasting Fowls and Ducks, 2/6 5/6 pair; beautiful fat Geese, 6/6 each; trussed, post free.—Miss Connolly, Poultry Exporter, Rosscarbery. 5 E

FOR Sale, early hatched Pullets; due lay October, best strain, 5/- each.—K 356, this office. 6 F

FOR Sale, 20 to 25 gals. New Milk daily, on rail at Bray. Address "Z 1020, Milk," this office. 7

FEBRUARY hatched R.I.R. Cockerels (Bostock Smith's), 1st prize Ossory Show; Aylesburys (Abbott's).—Kelly, Ballymeelish, Ballybrophy. 8 F

FOR Sale, 20 beautiful Rhode Island Red Cockerels, seven months old, 10/- each; also 6 Pure Indian Game Pullets (Payne's strain), five months old, 7/6 each.—Mrs. Hill, Ballreagan, Co. Wexford. 8 F

FOR Sale, 9 Turkeys, splendid birds, £5; carriage extra.—Bowe, Kilcock, Co. Kildare. 8 B

HOT Buttered Eggs, 2/3 dozen; 6 to 12 dozen free, Dublin.—Mrs. Cosgrave, Artane. 7

MR. Buckley, Meadow Land, Churchtown, Dundrum, sells Kenwood Poultry Spice with excellent results; packets 1/3; Kenwood Poultry Meal, 3lbs. 10id., by post.—William Crawford and Sons, 31 Talbot street, Dublin. 8

MINORCA Cockerels, very fine birds, Department ringed, splendid laying cross, 10/6.—Holtmoon, Newberry Hall, Carbury, Co. Kildare. 8 B

PURE White Wyandotte Cockerels, February hatched, 9/6; March, 7/6, each; carriage paid.—Mrs. Bennett, Deebert House, Kilmallock. 7 B

PURE Rhode Island Red Cockerels, Golden's, April hatched, 4/6 each. Address "Z 1059, Poultry." this office. 8

PULLETS, Pure Red Sussex, 5/- each; Cockerels, February and March hatched, 10/-; and 8/- respectively.—Mrs. Rooney, Ballyboughill, Co. Dublin.

SPLENDID large roasting Fowls, 6/- pair; ditto Ducklings, 6/-; splendid Geese, 6/9 each, fit for table, post free.—Miss Hostron, 7 South Square, Rosscarbery. 5 E

WANTED, 20 Rhode Island Red Hens (1926), 20 White Leghorn Hens (1926), and 6 Khaki Campbell Ducks (1926); must be right type. Address stating price, to "Z 1063, Poultry," this office. 8 F

12 BEAUTIFUL March Crocs Reed Pullets, 8/6—12 six 9/6, delivered.—Perrott, Avoca. 8

24 ANCONA Chickens, day old, £1.—H. Smyth, Newtown, Drogheda.

FURNITURE.

AT Highest Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Purchase Furniture, Pianos, Antiques. 78

CARPETS—Axminster, 13/ sq. yard; seamless, £5 15/—; other qualities and sizes. Buy direct from Manufacturers. Cable Mills, 33 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

CHESTERFIELD suite Wanted, in good condition; state lowest price.—K 467, this office. 7 A

FOR Sale, complete Contents of well and artistically furnished modern Flat; bargain, owner going abroad; no dealers.—K 193, this office. 5 E

HOUSES AND LANDS.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

CENTRAL CITY—TO BE LET, only to approved tenant, excellent Shop and Basement; Further particulars James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

CITY—VICINITY EARL STREET—Shop and Basement. Terms James H. North and Co.

CLONTARF—FOR SALE, charming Detached Bungalow Residence, on about an acre; 2 reception, 3 bedrooms, bathroom (h. and c.), electric light, garden, garage, telephone, tennis court. Terms James H. North and Co.

RATHFARNHAM DISTRICT—HANDSOME SEMI-DETACHED RESIDENCE 7 apartments, bath (h. and c.), electric lights, garden, garage; nice healthy position. Price, £1,440.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

HOUSES AND LANDS.

Wanted to Purchase, IN VICINITY OF GREYSTONES, a good Detached House. Replies to-day per Telephone, 3330, to Dockrell Limited, Agents, George's street.

Fee-Simple Ground Rent, £101
PER ANNUM, in two collections; price, £1,100.—Dockrell Limited, Agents, George's street.

Northbrook—AN UP-TO-DATE HOUSE, in good order. Price, £1,600.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
38 and 39 SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET.

FOR SALE, in prosperous seaside town, convenient to Belfast, Goodwill of Grocery and Catering Business, with Interest in Lease, Fittings, and Fixtures. Splendid opening for energetic and capable business man. Good dwelling accommodation. Apply Box No. 868, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.

STABLING AND GRAZING.

AFTERGRASS—Six Irish Acres to Let.—Ardenna, Glenageary.

AFTERGRASS for Sale, cheap, Grazing, Terenure.—H O 427, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

FOUR Acres prime Grass to Let.—Merrion Hall, Strand road, Merrion.

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.

ABANDON HOUSE HUNTING — Consult with GARVEY and GOOD, 21 Lincoln place. Phone, 62468.

ALBERT MacARTHUR—18—"The Housefinder."—52 LR. O'CONNELL ST.

ABOUT Seaside Houses—Blackrock, Monkstown, Kingstown, Sandycove, Dalkey. Just consult stegabey, Auctioneer, Sandycove, who has big list Cottages, Bungalows and shops for sale and Letting. State requirements.

AT Putland road, Bray—£100 deposit Buys new detached 5 roomed Bungalow, bath, h. and c., electric, gas; long lease; balance by easy payments.—Orden, "Glenholme," Bray. 5 E

A COMPACT House, 47 Kenilworth Park, excellent order; private treaty; possession. View 3 to 6 p.m. 5 E

A TTRACTIVE new six room Brick Houses, £1,000; loan four-fifths if desired.—Hill, Builder, Claremont road, Sandymount.

ATTRACTIVE Investment—Six Houses, in George's place (off Temple street), profit rent £260 clear, weekly tenants; property in perfect condition. Apply K 316, this office. 6

AT Grovenor road (Ratnagar end)—Modern House 103 Sale, with possession in perfect order. Apply Donovan, 19 Upper Merrion street, Dublin. 6

ATTRACTIVE House for Sale, vicinity Croke Park; 11 apartments, non basement.—K 666, this office. 8 B

BATTERSBY and Co. offer at Inchicore, £375, compact four roomed House, low ground rent and valuation. 39 Westmoreland street. 6 E

BATTERSBY and Co. offer at Santry road, £1,000, on tram line, 9 roomed House, long garden to sea. 6 F

BATTERSBY and Co. offer at Darrty road, £1,250, semi detached 8 roomed House, large garden, electric light; a bargain for ever. 6 F

BATTERSBY and Co. offer, Rathgar road, £1,350 well built House, 9 apartments, electric light, garden. 6 F

BATTERSBY and Co. offer, Wellington road, substantial House, 9 rooms, bath, good garden, electric light. 6 F

BATTERSBY and Co. offer, Haddington road, £800, semi detached House, 7 apartments, bath, garage. 6 F

BATTERSBY and Co. offer as investment, for £285, compact House at Drumcondra, let at £36 per annum. Full particulars 39 Westmoreland street, Dublin. 6 F

BRAY—Semi detached, 3 rooms, outoffices, very large garden, yard; suitable for poultry farm,